



US009121035B2

(12) **United States Patent**
Baum et al.

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 9,121,035 B2**
(45) **Date of Patent:** **Sep. 1, 2015**

(54) **INSECTICIDAL COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR MAKING INSECT-RESISTANT TRANSGENIC PLANTS**

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(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 900 days.

(21) Appl. No.: **12/064,840**

(22) PCT Filed: **Aug. 30, 2006**

(86) PCT No.: **PCT/US2006/033867**
§ 371 (c)(1),
(2), (4) Date: **Feb. 26, 2008**

(87) PCT Pub. No.: **WO2007/027776**
PCT Pub. Date: **Mar. 8, 2007**

(65) **Prior Publication Data**
US 2009/0068159 A1 Mar. 12, 2009

Related U.S. Application Data
(60) Provisional application No. 60/713,111, filed on Aug. 31, 2005.

(51) **Int. Cl.**
C12N 15/82 (2006.01)
C07K 14/325 (2006.01)
A01N 63/02 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC **C12N 15/8286** (2013.01); **A01N 63/02** (2013.01); **C07K 14/325** (2013.01); **C12N 15/8216** (2013.01); **C12N 15/8257** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
None
See application file for complete search history.

(56) **References Cited**

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

The present invention provides isolated polynucleotide sequences encoding ET37, TIC810 and TIC812 proteins from *Bacillus thuringiensis*, and nucleotide sequences for use in expressing TIC809, ET37, TIC810 and TIC812, and fusions of various insecticidally effective combinations of these proteins such as TIC 127, in plants. Methods of making and using the polynucleotide sequences and the proteins in the development of transgenic plant cells and transgenic plants exhibiting improved insect resistance against (1) Coleopteran insects including Western Corn Rootworm (*Diabrotica virgifera*), Southern Corn Rootworm (*Dibrotica undecimpunctata*), Northern Corn Rootworm (*Diabrotica barbed*), Mexican Corn Rootworm (*Diabrotica virgifera zea*), Brazilian Corn Rootworm (*Diabrotica balteata*) and Brazilian Corn Rootworm complex (*Diabrotica viridula* and *Diabrotica speciosa*), and against Hemipteran insects such as *Lygus* bugs, are disclosed.

24 Claims, No Drawings

INSECTICIDAL COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR MAKING INSECT-RESISTANT TRANSGENIC PLANTS

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a U.S. national phase application under 35 U.S.C. §371 of PCT/US2006/033867, filed on Aug. 30, 2006, which claims benefit of priority to U.S. provisional application Ser. No. 60/713,111, filed Aug. 31, 2005. The contents of the applications mentioned above are hereby incorporated into this application by reference in their entireties.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates generally to the field of plant molecular biology, and more particularly to novel polynucleotide sequences and proteins encoded from such sequences derived from *Bacillus thuringiensis* and that encode ET29, TIC809, ET37, TIC810 and TIC812 proteins that exhibit toxicity to coleopteran species and to insects within the super-order referred to as Hemiptera. Coleopteran toxic proteins include ET29, TIC809 (an amino acid sequence variant of ET29), and ET37 (a homologue of ET29). TIC810 and TIC812 and nucleotide sequences encoding these proteins are also provided herein. When TIC810 or TIC812 are combined together with ET29, TIC809 or ET37, insecticidal compositions are provided that exhibit surprisingly greater potency against coleopteran species as compared to the presentation of only ET29, TIC809, or ET37 alone, and the combination of the two (TIC810 with either ET29, TIC809, or ET37, or TIC812 with either ET29, TIC809, or ET37) surprisingly provides a Hemiptera toxic composition, particularly when provided in the diet of species such as *Lygus hesperus* (western tarnished plant bug, WTPB). Methods of making and using polynucleotides encoding these and related proteins in the development of transgenic plants and plant cells that are resistant to Coleoptera and Hemiptera insect infestation are also disclosed.

Environmentally-sensitive methods and compositions for controlling or eradicating insect infestation are desirable in many instances because crops of commercial interest are often the targets of insect attack, particularly attack from coleopteran and lepidopteran insect pests. This is particularly true for farmers, nurserymen, growers, and commercial and residential areas which seek to control insect populations using environmentally friendly methods and compositions. Controlling or eradicating Hemiptera infestations of crops is also of commercial importance, and is increasing in importance as biotechnology approaches for coleopteran and Lepidopteran pest control methods become more widely available, particularly because fewer chemical insecticidal applications are utilized, which result in broad spectrum insecticidal activity.

The insecticidal properties of the bacterium *Bacillus thuringiensis* have been long recognized. *B. thuringiensis* is well known for producing proteinaceous parasporal crystals, or δ -endotoxins, that exhibit specific toxicity to a variety of lepidopteran, coleopteran, and dipteran larvae (English et. al., U.S. Pat. No. 6,063,597). Compositions comprising *B. thuringiensis* strains that produce insecticidal proteins have been used commercially as environmentally acceptable insecticides because they exhibit toxicity to specific target insects, and fail to exhibit toxicity to plants, animals and other non-target organisms.

More than 250 different δ -endotoxins have been isolated and characterized. Sequences encoding some of these δ -endotoxins have been used to construct genetically engineered *B. thuringiensis* products in which one or more insecticidal proteins are expressed that exhibit specific insecticidal activity to target pests, and have been approved for agricultural use as topically applied insecticidal compositions. Transgenic plants expressing one or more Bt insecticidal delta endotoxin proteins for use in controlling one or more insects within a specific class, such as Lepidopteran or coleopteran pests, have been approved for commercialization and have been successful. However, there is a risk that populations of target pest insects that feed on these transgenic plants will develop resistance to one or more of the toxins produced by the plants, and so there remains a need for identifying new insecticidal proteins that can be used alone or together with others that manifest their toxic effects through different modes of action. New insecticidal compositions are desirable for producing transgenic plants that express one or more *B. thuringiensis* insecticidal proteins toxic to the same insect species, providing a means for managing resistance and delaying or eliminating the development of resistance of any particular susceptible insect species to any of the one or more insecticidal agents expressed within a transgenic plant.

Most Bt toxins exhibit toxicity to lepidopteran species. Few have been shown to be effective against coleopteran species, and other than cytolytic toxins which exhibit no host range specificity, no Bt toxins have been shown to exhibit insecticidal activity to lepidopteran or coleopteran species and to Hemipteran species of insect pests. Thus there is a need for identifying new coleopteran and/or Hemipteran specific insecticidal compositions, and methods for controlling infestations by members of the Coleoptera and Hemiptera insect families, particularly for Coleoptera, by members of the family Chrysomelidae, more particularly, by the genus *Diabrotica* in the family Chrysomelidae that may include those that are from the genus *Diabrotica* including *Diabrotica virgifera* (western corn rootworm, WCR), *Diabrotica undecimpunctata* (southern corn rootworm, SCR), *Diabrotica barberi* (Northern Corn Rootworm, NCR), *Diabrotica virgifera zea* (Mexican Corn Rootworm, MCR), *Diabrotica balteata* (Brazilian Corn Rootworm, BZR) and Brazilian Corn Rootworm complex (BCR) consisting of *Diabrotica viridula* and *Diabrotica speciosa*, and particularly by members of the super-order Hemiptera, which includes any insect pest within the sub-order Heteroptera, including insects commonly referred to as stink bugs, *Lygus* bugs (including *Lygus hesperus*, *Lygus lineolaris*, and *Lygus elisus*), assassin bugs, bed bugs, and flower bugs, and the sub-order Homoptera, including insects commonly known as cicadas, aphids, leafhoppers, scale insects and whiteflies.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides polypeptide compositions isolated from *B. thuringiensis* that exhibit insecticidal activity against Coleoptera and Hemiptera insect pests, and provides nucleotide sequences encoding such polypeptides. The present invention provides control of Coleoptera and Hemiptera insect infestation by co-expressing at least two *B. thuringiensis* proteins in plants either as independent proteins or as a fusion protein of the two, resulting in surprisingly high levels of accumulation of the insecticidal proteins for providing effective control of target Coleoptera and Hemiptera insect pests and provides improvements in insect resistance management of Coleoptera and Hemiptera insect infestations. Additionally, a method of increasing the level of in

planta accumulation of a *B. thuringiensis* insecticidal protein or variant thereof is provided that also provides the additional benefit of an absence of abnormal plant morphology for transgenic plants expressing these proteins.

In accomplishing the foregoing, a polynucleotide molecule is provided as set forth in SEQ ID NO:1, isolated from *B. thuringiensis* strain EG5078. The polynucleotide molecule encodes an insecticidal protein as set forth in SEQ ID NO:2, designated herein as ET37, exhibiting coleopteran insect pest inhibitory bioactivity.

A polynucleotide molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO:3 is also provided that is isolated from *B. thuringiensis* strain EG4096 that encodes a TIC810 amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:4.

Yet another polynucleotide sequence is provided as set forth in SEQ ID NO:5 that encodes a TIC812 amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:6, which is isolated from *B. thuringiensis* strain EG5078. TIC812 is substantially identical to TIC810.

Specifically contemplated herein is an isolated polynucleotide molecule encoding an insecticidal protein or an insecticidal fragment thereof that exhibits at least from about 70% to about 99% or greater sequence similarity to a polypeptide sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:4 and SEQ ID NO:6, or any percentage there between. The insecticidal protein or insecticidal fragment is encoded by an isolated polynucleotide molecule derived from *B. thuringiensis*, and comprises a polynucleotide sequence that exhibits at least about 70%, about 80%, about 90% or about 99% or more sequence identity or any percentage in between, or that hybridizes under stringent conditions, to a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:3 and SEQ ID NO:5 or the complement thereof.

In still another embodiment, there is provided a polynucleotide molecule for use in achieving improved expression of an insecticidal protein in a plant. The insecticidal protein preferably exhibits biological activity in controlling a Coleopteran or a Hemipteran insect pest or both, but may be active against other than a Coleopteran or Hemipteran insect pest, and may be encoded from a nucleotide sequence engineered for expression in a plant cell, such as is set forth in SEQ ID NO:15 (TIC810) or SEQ ID NO:19 (ET37).

Other polynucleotide sequences are provided for herein, for use in achieving stably transformed plant cells expressing one or more of the proteins of the present invention. Such nucleotide sequences include but are not intended to be limited to SEQ ID NO:13, SEQ ID NO:15, SEQ ID NO:17, SEQ ID NO:19, SEQ ID NO:28, SEQ ID NO:31, SEQ ID NO:34, SEQ ID NO:36, SEQ ID NO:38, SEQ ID NO:40, SEQ ID NO:43, and SEQ ID NO:46.

Oligonucleotide sequences are provided for use in identifying related nucleotide sequences in other bacteria, and in particular in other *Bacillus* bacterial strains including *Bacillus thuringiensis* and *Bacillus laterosperous* and *Bacillus entomocidus*.

Insecticidal proteins are provided that are exemplified by the amino acid sequences as set forth at SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:14, and SEQ ID NO:47 (TIC127). In particular embodiments, SEQ ID NO:4 (TIC810) and SEQ ID NO:6 (TIC812) are provided as accessory proteins, chaperones, or proteins that otherwise stabilize and enhance the expression and accumulation of a second protein expressed contemporaneously along with these accessory proteins. TIC809, ET29 and ET37 are all insecticidal proteins that exhibit greater levels of stability and therefore improved levels of accumulation when each are contemporaneously expressed along with a TIC810 or a

TIC812 amino acid sequence. These sequences may be expressed together in the same subcellular compartment, i.e., both in the cytoplasm or both targeted for insertion into and accumulation in the chloroplast or plastid of a plant cell, or contemporaneously expressed to accumulate in different subcellular compartments, such as a TIC810 in the cytoplasm and an ET29 or TIC809 targeted for insertion into and accumulation in the plant chloroplast or plastid. In addition, the combination of any one of the TIC809, ET29, or ET37 proteins along with either of the TIC810 or TIC812 proteins results in a composition that is surprisingly stabilized for high level expression and accumulation of both protein components in plant cells and exhibits insecticidal activity directed to controlling plant pests in the orders Coleoptera and Hemiptera. The combination of proteins may also be expressed as a peptide fusion, for example, such as SEQ ID NO:47.

In a further embodiment, the present invention relates to a biologically pure culture of a *B. thuringiensis* wild type strain selected from the group consisting of EG5078, from which the polynucleotide sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 encoding the ET37 protein and SEQ ID NO:5 encoding the TIC812 protein are isolated, and EG4096, from which SEQ ID NO:3 encoding the TIC810 protein and SEQ ID NO:7 encoding the ET29 protein are isolated. EG4096 and EG5078 have been deposited with the Northern Regional Research Laboratory of Agricultural Research Service Center Collection (NRRL), USDA, 1815 North University Street, Peoria, Ill. 61604, pursuant to the Budapest Treaty on the International Recognition of the Deposit of Microorganism for the Purposes of Patent Procedure and have been assigned the accession Numbers NRRL-B-21582 and NRRL-B-30841 respectively. EG4096 was deposited on May 30, 1996 and EG5087 was deposited on May 3, 2005.

The present invention also relates to a recombinant DNA construct for expression in a plant or plant cell comprising a double gene cassette simultaneously expressing a first polynucleotide sequence and a second polynucleotide sequence wherein the first polynucleotide sequence encodes a polypeptide sequence selected from the group consisting of ET29, TIC809, and ET37 or insecticidally active fragments thereof, and wherein the second polynucleotide sequence encodes a polypeptide sequence selected from the group consisting of TIC810, and TIC812, and insecticidally active fragments thereof. The first polynucleotide sequence is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:13 and SEQ ID NO:17 and the second polynucleotide sequence is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:15 and SEQ ID NO:19, wherein the second polynucleotide sequence is co-expressed with the first polynucleotide sequence to enhance or improve expression of the first polynucleotide sequence, and to facilitate insecticidal activity directed to controlling Coleopteran and Hemipteran plant pest infestation.

The present invention also relates to a host cell transformed to contain either the expression vector or the recombinant DNA construct of the present invention, disclosed herein. The host cell may be selected from the group consisting of a bacterial cell, a fungal cell, and a plant cell. In one aspect of the embodiment, the host cell is a bacterial cell such as a *B. thuringiensis* cell that is transformed to contain the expression vector of the present invention. In another aspect of the embodiment, the host cell is a transgenic plant cell transformed to contain the recombinant DNA construct of the present invention. The recombinant DNA construct may comprise polynucleotide sequences that encode a combination of two of the four proteins simultaneously which polypeptide sequences are set forth in SEQ ID NO:14 (TIC809), SEQ ID NO:16 (TIC810), SEQ ID NO:18 (ET37)

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and SEQ ID NO:20 (TIC812). Preferable combinations of the proteins may include TIC809 and TIC810, TIC809 and TIC812, ET37 and TIC810, and ET37 and TIC812 wherein co-expression of the polynucleotide sequence encoding TIC810 or TIC812 with the polynucleotide sequence encoding TIC809 (or ET29) or ET37 will result (a) in increased accumulation of TIC809 (or ET29) or ET37 protein in the plant cell, (b) in normal cell growth, (c) in a transgenic plant regenerated from the host plant cell, (d) in a normal phenotype, and (e) in increased levels of Coleopteran and Hemipteran insect resistance.

The transgenic plant cell of the present invention may comprise a maize plant cell, a wheat plant cell, a rye plant cell, a barley plant cell, an oat plant cell, a buckwheat plant cell, a sorghum plant cell, a rice plant cell, a sugarcane plant cell, a pigeon pea plant cell, a peanut plant cell, an onion plant cell, a garlic plant cell, a grass plant cell (including bent grass, fescue, brome, Timothy, orchard, Bermuda, zoysia, and the like), an *Arabidopsis* plant cell, a broccoli plant cell, a sunflower plant cell, a canola plant cell, a pea plant cell, a cowpea plant cell, a bean plant cell, a coffee plant cell, a soybean plant cell, a cotton plant cell, a linseed plant cell, a cauliflower plant cell, an asparagus plant cell, a lettuce plant cell, a cabbage plant cell, a tobacco plant cell, a spice plant cell (including curry, mustard, sage, parsley, pepper, thyme, cilantro, bay, cumin, turmeric, nutmeg, cinnamon, and the like), a sugar beet plant cell, a potato plant cell, a sweet potato plant cell, a carrot plant cell, a turnip plant cell, a celery plant cell, a tomato plant cell, an egg plant cell, a cucumber plant cell, a squash or melon plant cell and the like, a fruit tree plant cell (including apple, apricot, peach, pear, plum, orange, lemon, lime, and the like), a nut tree plant cell (including acorn, hickory, Brazil, pecan, walnut, hazelnut, and the like), a grape plant cell, a berry plant cell (including blackberry, blueberry, strawberry, cranberry, and the like), and flower plant cells.

In another embodiment, the present invention relates to a transgenic plant transformed to contain a recombinant DNA construct, disclosed herein. The transgenic plant may be regenerated from the transgenic plant cell of the present invention, or may be from a transgenic seed that is obtained from the regenerated transgenic plant or its offspring. The transgenic plant is selected from the group consisting of a monocot plant and a dicot plant that may include monocots such as maize, wheat, rye, barley, oats, buckwheat, sorghum, rice, sugarcane, onion, garlic, grass, or dicots such as sunflower, canola, peas, cowpeas, pigeon peas, beans, soybeans, coffee, broccoli, cotton, linseed, cauliflower, *Arabidopsis*, asparagus, lettuce, tobacco, spice plants (including curry, mustard, sage, parsley, pepper, thyme, cilantro, bay, cumin, turmeric, nutmeg, cinnamon and the like), sugar beet, potato, sweet potato, carrot, turnip, celery, tomato, egg plant, cucumber, squash or melon, fruit tree plant (including apple, apricot, peach, pear, plum, orange, lemon, lime and the like), berry plants (including blackberry, blueberry, strawberry, cranberry and the like), nut tree plants (including acorn, hickory, Brazil, pecan, walnut, hazelnut, and the like), grape plants, and flower plants.

In another embodiment, the present invention relates to a transgenic seed from the transgenic plant transformed to contain a recombinant DNA construct. The transgenic seed may be from the transgenic plant that is regenerated from the transgenic plant cell of the present invention, or may be from offspring of the regenerated transgenic plant, or from hybrids created as a result of crossing or breeding the transgenic plant with a non-transgenic plant. In one aspect, the transgenic seed may be coated with a seed coating and wherein the seed coating comprises a herbicidal composition, a fungicide seed

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coating, a bactericide seed coating, an insecticide seed coating, a plant hormone seed coating, a nutrient seed coating, a microbial inoculum seed coating, a color seed coating, an avian repellent seed coating, a rodent repellent seed coating, an insecticidal protein seed coating, a bacterial seed coating containing an insecticidal protein, a single stranded RNA seed coating, a double stranded RNA seed coating, a micro RNA seed coating or a small interfering RNA seed coating. One means for enabling and stabilizing a seed coating comprising such single or dsRNA compositions is to combine such RNA molecules with complementary DNA molecules so that stabilized DNA-RNA molecular hybrids are presented in the seed coating composition, enabling the presentation of the dsRNA or single stranded RNA to a pest feeding on the seed or the microenvironment within the realm of the sprouting seed or micro roots of an emerging sprouting shoot upon germination of the coated seed.

In accordance with one embodiment of the present invention, there is provided a method for generating a plant resistant to Coleopteran and/or Hemipteran insect infestation, comprising the steps of: a) inserting into the genome of a plant cell a first nucleic acid molecule that functions in the plant to encode a first protein selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:14 (TIC809) and SEQ ID NO:18 (ET37), and a second nucleic acid molecule that functions in the plant to encode a second protein selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:16 (TIC810) and SEQ ID NO:20 (TIC812);

b) obtaining the plant cell containing the nucleic acid molecules of step (a); and

c) generating from the plant cell a transgenic plant that expresses both proteins, wherein the transgenic plant exhibits Coleopteran and/or Hemipteran pest resistance compared to a plant lacking said molecules.

In another embodiment, the present invention also provides a method for controlling a Coleopteran and/or Hemipteran insect pest infestation of a plant, comprising providing in the diet of the insect pest a plant, plant tissue or plant cells expressing a TIC809, ET2, or ET37 protein along with a TIC810 or TIC812 protein.

The polynucleotide and polypeptide compositions and methods disclosed herein will find particular benefit when used against Coleopteran and Hemipteran insect pests selected from the group of Coleopteran families consisting of Chrysomelidae, Cucujidae, Scarabaeidae, Trogositidae, Tenebrionidae, Curculionidae, Elateridae and Bruchidae, and from members of the order Hemiptera including specifically the members of the sub-orders Heteroptera and Homoptera. In one aspect of the invention, the Coleopteran insects are those from the family Chrysomelidae. The exemplary Coleopteran insects in the family Chrysomelidae may include those that are from the genus *Diabrotica* including *D. virgifera* (WCR), *D. undecimpunctata* (SCR), *D. barberi* (NCR), *D. virgifera zeae* (MCR), *D. balteata* (BZR) and Brazilian Corn Rootworm complex (BCR) consisting of *D. viridula* and *D. speciosa*.

A nucleic acid sequence molecule may be constructed to incorporate a third structural gene sequence encoding a third agent (dsRNA or protein) as a means for providing in the same plant an additional agronomic trait exhibiting activity directed to controlling more than one plant pest, such as exhibiting Coleopteran and/or Hemipteran insect control and an additional trait for a Lepidopteran insect resistance, resistance to bacterial, viral, or fungal infestation, nematode resistance, or for providing a supplemental trait such as a herbicide resistance trait, a yield trait, a stress trait, a feed enhancement or trait that results in the enhancement of feed processing, and the like. The method may consist of the steps of inserting into

the genome of a plant cell a first nucleic acid molecule encoding a protein that is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:14 (TIC809) and, SEQ ID NO:18 (ET37). The first nucleic acid molecule is linked to a second nucleic acid molecule that encodes a protein selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:16 (TIC810) and SEQ ID NO:20 (TIC812). A third nucleic acid molecule that is introduced into the plant genome encodes an agent that provides for an agronomic trait that is other than that provided for by the first and second nucleic acid molecules, including but not limited to Lepidopteran insect resistance, resistance to bacterial, viral, or fungal infestation, nematode resistance, or for providing a supplemental trait such as a herbicide resistance trait, a yield trait, a stress trait, a feed enhancement or trait that results in the enhancement of feed processing, and the like.

In addition to providing the proteins of the present invention in a composition for controlling Coleoptera or Hemiptera insect pest infestation, a polynucleotide sequence transcribing a ribonucleotide acid (RNA) molecule that functions, when ingested by an invertebrate pest, to control invertebrate pest infestation by inhibition of a biological function within the pest as a second mode of action or as an insect resistance management feature of the composition is also specifically contemplated. The RNA molecule may comprise a dsRNA molecule, a siRNA molecule, a miRNA molecule, or an ssRNA molecule, and should be specific for inhibiting an essential gene of a target pest such as a pest targeted by the compositions of the present invention.

The compositions and methods disclosed by the present invention provide many advantages over the prior art including those specifically outlined above. These advantages may include: obtaining improved control of susceptible insect pests including not only those that infest plants, obtaining a greater number of commercially viable insect resistant plant lines; achieving season long protection from insect pathogens; and increasing the incidence of morphologically-normal transformed plants.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SEQUENCES

SEQ ID NO:1 is a *B. thuringiensis* polynucleotide sequence encoding an insecticidal ET37 protein.

SEQ ID NO:2 is an ET37 amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:1.

SEQ ID NO:3 is a polynucleotide sequence encoding an insecticidal TIC810 protein.

SEQ ID NO:4 is a TIC810 amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:3.

SEQ ID NO:5 is a *B. thuringiensis* polynucleotide sequence encoding a TIC812 protein.

SEQ ID NO:6 is a TIC812 amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:5.

SEQ ID NO:7 is a *B. thuringiensis* polynucleotide sequence encoding an ET29 protein.

SEQ ID NO:8 is an ET29 amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:7.

SEQ ID NO:9 is a *B. thuringiensis* polynucleotide sequence encoding TIC810 from nucleotide position 1 to nucleotide position 657 and encoding ET29 from nucleotide position 716 to 1411.

SEQ ID NO:10 is a *B. thuringiensis* polynucleotide sequence encoding TIC812 from nucleotide position 1 to 657 and encoding ET37 from nucleotide position 716 to 1411.

SEQ ID NO:11 is a polynucleotide sequence encoding TIC810 from nucleotide position 1 to nucleotide position 657 and encoding ET37 from nucleotide position 716 to 1411.

SEQ ID NO:12 is a polynucleotide sequence encoding TIC812 from nucleotide position 1 to 657 and encoding ET29 from nucleotide position 716 to 1411.

SEQ ID NO:13 is a polynucleotide sequence constructed for expression in a plant cell that encodes a TIC809 protein.

SEQ ID NO:14 is a TIC809 amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:13.

SEQ ID NO:15 is a polynucleotide sequence constructed for expression in a plant cell that encodes a TIC810 protein.

SEQ ID NO:16 is a TIC810 amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:15.

SEQ ID NO:17 represents a polynucleotide sequence constructed for expression in a plant cell that encodes an ET37 protein.

SEQ ID NO:18 is an ET37 amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:17.

SEQ ID NO:19 is a polynucleotide sequence constructed for expression in a plant cell that encodes a TIC812 protein.

SEQ ID NO:20 is a TIC812 amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:19.

SEQ ID NO:21 is a thermal amplification primer for use in amplifying a nucleotide sequence encoding a TIC810 amino acid sequence and is referred to herein as pr370.

SEQ ID NO:22 is a thermal amplification primer for use in amplifying a nucleotide sequence encoding a TIC810 amino acid sequence and is referred to herein as pr371.

SEQ ID NO:23 is a thermal amplification primer for use in amplifying a nucleotide sequence encoding a TIC810 amino acid sequence and is referred to herein as pr375.

SEQ ID NO:24 is a thermal amplification primer for use in amplifying a nucleotide sequence encoding a TIC810 amino acid sequence and is referred to herein as pr376.

SEQ ID NO:25 is a thermal amplification primer for use in amplifying a nucleotide sequence encoding a ET29 amino acid sequence and is referred to herein as pr365.

SEQ ID NO:26 is a thermal amplification primer for use in amplifying a nucleotide sequence encoding a ET29 amino acid sequence and is referred to herein as pr372.

SEQ ID NO:27 is a thermal amplification primer for use in amplifying a nucleotide sequence encoding a TIC810_ET29 or a TIC812_ET37 operon sequence and is referred to herein as pr421.

SEQ ID NO:28 is a synthetic nucleotide sequence present in transformation vector pMON64138 and consisting of a first plant expression cassette encoding a TIC809 protein and a second plant expression cassette encoding a TIC810 protein.

SEQ ID NO:29 is a TIC809 amino acid sequence encoded from the first plant expression cassette as set forth in SEQ ID NO:28.

SEQ ID NO:30 is a TIC810 amino acid sequence encoded from the second plant expression cassette as set forth in SEQ ID NO:28.

SEQ ID NO:31 is a synthetic nucleotide sequence present in pMON64139 and consisting of a first plant expression cassette encoding a chloroplast targeted TIC809 and a second plant expression cassette encoding a chloroplast targeted TIC810.

SEQ ID NO:32 is a TIC809 amino acid sequence encoded from the first plant expression cassette as set forth in SEQ ID NO:31.

SEQ ID NO:33 is a TIC810 amino acid sequence encoded from the second plant expression cassette as set forth in SEQ ID NO:31.

SEQ ID NO:34 is a synthetic nucleotide sequence present in pMON70513 and consists of a plant expression cassette encoding a TIC809 amino acid sequence.

SEQ ID NO:35 is a TIC809 amino acid sequence encoded from the plant expression cassette as set forth in SEQ ID NO:34.

SEQ ID NO:36 is a synthetic nucleotide sequence present in pMON70514 and consists of a plant expression cassette encoding a chloroplast targeted TIC809 amino acid sequence.

SEQ ID NO:37 is a TIC809 amino acid sequence encoded from the plant expression cassette as set forth in SEQ ID NO:36.

SEQ ID NO:38 is a synthetic nucleotide sequence present in pMON64144 and consists of a plant expression cassette encoding a chloroplast targeted TIC809 amino acid sequence.

SEQ ID NO:39 is a TIC809 amino acid sequence encoded from the plant expression cassette as set forth in SEQ ID NO:38.

SEQ ID NO:40 is a synthetic nucleotide sequence present in pMON64150 and consists of a first plant expression cassette encoding a chloroplast targeted TIC809 amino acid sequence and a second plant expression cassette encoding a chloroplast targeted TIC810 amino acid sequence.

SEQ ID NO:41 is a TIC809 amino acid sequence encoded from the first plant expression cassette as set forth in SEQ ID NO:40.

SEQ ID NO:42 is a TIC810 amino acid sequence encoded from the second plant expression cassette as set forth in SEQ ID NO:40.

SEQ ID NO:43 is a synthetic nucleotide sequence present in pMON64151 and consists of a first plant expression cassette encoding a TIC809 amino acid sequence and a second plant expression cassette encoding a TIC810 amino acid sequence.

SEQ ID NO:44 is a TIC809 amino acid sequence encoded from the first plant expression cassette as set forth in SEQ ID NO:43.

SEQ ID NO:45 is a TIC810 amino acid sequence encoded from the second plant expression cassette as set forth in SEQ ID NO:43.

SEQ ID NO:46 is a nucleotide sequence encoding a TIC127 peptide which corresponds to a fusion between TIC809 (encoded by nucleotide position 1-696) and TIC810 (encoded by nucleotide position 754-1407), in which a short linker sequence (encoded by nucleotide position 697-753) has been introduced to allow for the two proteins to be separated by proteolysis after expression in a plant cell (or upon ingestion in the gut of a target insect pest).

SEQ ID NO:47 is a TIC127 amino acid sequence.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PRESENT INVENTION

Polynucleotide sequences derived from *B. thuringiensis* are provided herein that encode ET29, ET37, TIC809, TIC810 and TIC812 proteins as well as a fusion between the ET29 derivative TIC809 and TIC810. Synthetic nucleotide sequences constructed for expression in plants are also provided that encode ET29, TIC809, ET37, TIC810 and TIC812 amino acid sequences as well as the TIC127 protein fusion between TIC809 and TIC810. Methods of making and using the polynucleotide sequences in the development of transgenic plants and plant cells that are resistant to Coleopteran and Hemipteran insect infestation are also disclosed. The proteins are also provided as insecticidal compositions either in formulations for topical application in various agricultural or animal environments, or as insecticidal compositions produced by a preferred host cell such as a bacterial cell, a plant cell, or a yeast or fungal cell. With reference to the term "derived", it is intended that a sequence is directly isolatable

from a particular source, or after isolation from a particular source, a sequence such as a nucleotide sequence is modified to encode a protein that is substantially the same as the sequence that was isolated from a particular source. Alternatively, an amino acid sequence can be substantially the same as an amino acid sequence isolated from a particular source, or encoded from a particular nucleotide sequence. An amino acid sequence can be a chimera of a number of different amino acid sequences that have been each individually isolated from a particular source, but various segments of such different amino acid sequences have been cobbled together to produce the chimera. In this sense, the chimera is derived from each of the various different amino acid sequences. A nucleotide sequence can be similarly derived from other nucleotide sequences. A nucleotide sequence can be derived from other nucleotide sequences as a consequence of its production or having been obtained by reference to one or more other nucleotide sequences. Similarly, amino acid sequences can be obtained or produced by reference to one or more other amino acid sequences, and thus be derived in that manner.

Synthetic polynucleotide sequences of the present invention are preferably designed for in planta expression of insecticidal proteins in plant tissues and in plant cells. In particular, the insecticidal proteins of the present invention are referred to as ET29, ET37, TIC809, TIC810, TIC812 and TIC127 proteins. An amino acid sequence of any of these proteins is intended to be within the scope of the present invention so long as it exhibits insecticidal activity at least equivalent to that of the full length protein from which it was derived.

In one embodiment, the present invention relates to a biologically pure culture of a *B. thuringiensis* bacterium containing a nucleotide sequence encoding one or more of the proteins disclosed herein. In particular, the nucleotide sequences are those set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 encoding ET37 (SEQ ID NO:2), SEQ ID NO:3 encoding TIC810 (SEQ ID NO:4), SEQ ID NO:5 encoding TIC812 (SEQ ID NO:6), and SEQ ID NO:7 encoding ET29 (SEQ ID NO:8). Also, fusions are contemplated and specifically embodied herein, such as TIC127 (SEQ ID NO:46 encoding SEQ ID NO:47). A biologically pure culture may also include those that are transformed with a polynucleotide sequence of the present invention or with two or more polynucleotide sequences, at least a first polynucleotide sequence being selected from the group consisting of an ET37 coding sequence and an ET29 coding sequence, and at least a second polynucleotide sequence being selected from the group consisting of a TIC810 coding sequence and a TIC812 coding sequence. Exemplary bacterial strains, i.e., EG4096 and EG5078, have been deposited in the Northern Regional Research Laboratory of Agricultural Research Service Center Collection (NRRL), USDA, 1815 North University Street, Peoria, Ill. 61604, pursuant to the Budapest Treaty on the International Recognition of the Deposit of Microorganism for the Purposes of Patent Procedure and have been assigned the accession numbers as indicated in Table 1.

TABLE 1

Exemplary <i>B. thuringiensis</i> strains				
Bt Strain	Nature of Strains	Toxins contained	NRRL numbers	Deposit Dates
EG4096	Wild type	ET29, TIC810	NRRL-B-21582	May 30, 1996
EG5078	Wild type	ET37, TIC812	NRRL B-30841	May 3, 2005

The naturally occurring (native) polynucleotide sequence encoding ET37 is set forth at SEQ ID NO:1. This sequence exhibits about 99% sequence identity to the polynucleotide

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sequence encoding an ET29 insecticidal protein, as disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 6,093,695, and as disclosed herein at SEQ ID NO:7. The ET37 amino acid sequence encoded from SEQ ID NO:1 is set forth at SEQ ID NO:2. Insecticidal activity of the ET37 protein is demonstrated herein in bioassays using Coleopteran insects of the genus *Diabrotica*, including WCR and SCR, and Hemipteran insects of the genus *Lygus*. In the course of conducting sequence analysis of the extra-chromosomal plasmids on which the ET37 and ET29 coding sequences are located in their respective strains, a single open reading frame was identified upstream of each of the ET37 and ET29 open reading frames, these corresponding respectively to sequences encoding the proteins TIC812 and TIC810. The native polynucleotide molecule (SEQ ID NO:3) encoding a TIC810 protein (SEQ ID NO:4) is positioned immediately upstream of the ET29 coding sequence in *B. thuringiensis* strain EG4096. The native polynucleotide molecule (SEQ ID NO:5) encoding a TIC812 protein (SEQ ID NO:6) is positioned immediately upstream of the ET37 coding sequence in *B. thuringiensis* strain EG5078.

ET29, ET37, TIC810 and TIC812 all may be distantly related to the Cyt insecticidal toxin family, however from a phylogenetic perspective, the ET29 and 37 proteins are much closer to each other than to other Cyt proteins, and the TIC810 and 812 proteins are also much closer to each other than to other Cyt proteins. The ET37 amino acid sequence shares about 99% sequence similarity with that of ET29. TIC810 and TIC812 exhibit about 97% amino acid sequence similarity to each other. TIC810 exhibits about 33% amino acid sequence similarity with ET29 and ET37. Similarly, the TIC812 protein exhibits about 32% amino acid sequence similarity with ET29 and ET37. The similarity comparison is based upon Pairwise alignments between the proteins using the Wisconsin Package Version 10.3, Accelrys Inc., San Diego, Calif.

In accordance with the present invention, certain combinations of expression of the TIC810, TIC812, ET37 and ET29 proteins in a host cell function to achieve a desirable elevated level of insecticidal protein accumulation in the host cell, resulting in improved insecticidal activity directed to certain target Coleopteran and Hemipteran insect pests. A polynucleotide sequence encoding ET29 can be co-expressed with a polynucleotide sequence encoding a TIC810 protein to achieve enhanced expression and or accumulation of the ET29 insecticidal protein in a host cell. Similarly, a polynucleotide sequence encoding ET37 can be co-expressed with a polynucleotide sequence encoding TIC812 to achieve an enhanced expression and or accumulation of the ET37 insecticidal protein in a host cell. It is envisioned that TIC812 is interchangeable with TIC810 as an insecticidal agent, and as a chaperone or accessory protein required for stabilization, accumulation, and improved host range bioactivity of either ET37 or ET29. Co-expression of TIC810 or TIC812 along with ET37 or ET29 results in improved expression and/or accumulation of ET37 or ET29. Such combinations are referred to herein as stabilized insecticidal compositions. Furthermore, the stabilized compositions exhibit a greater host range, at least with reference to its insecticidal efficacy directed to Coleopteran and Hemipteran insect pests, than any of the individual components of the compositions. A recombinant cell in which a first protein consisting of either ET37 or ET29 and a second protein consisting of either TIC810 or TIC812 exhibits increased levels of ET29/ET37 accumulation, provides levels of Coleopteran and Hemipteran insect resistance that were previously unattainable with the insecticidal proteins ET37 and ET29, and results in an absence of abnormal morphology and/or phenotype of the cell or organ-

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ism consisting of such recombinant cells, all in comparison to a cell expressing either ET29 or ET37 in the absence of TIC810 or TIC812.

The above insecticidal combinations may also be expressed in a plant along with at least one additional insecticidal protein different from either protein comprising the combination, exhibiting a mode of action different from either protein comprising the combination, and toxic to the same insect species as the proteins of the combination. This second combination, which includes the additional insecticidal protein, provides a means of Coleopteran insect resistance management. Such additional proteins include but are not limited to the Coleopteran toxins Cry3Bb and variants, Cry22A, TIC901, TIC1201, TIC407, TIC417, CryET70, the binary toxins PS149B1, ET33/34, and ET80/76, and various other proteins that have been shown to exhibit Coleopteran insecticidal activity such as patatins, Cry3Aa variants, and non-specific insecticidal compositions isolatable from bacterial species such as *Xenorhabdus* and *Photorhabdus*.

ET29 or ET37 protein each may be combined with TIC810 or TIC812 and co-expressed in a plant with an agent that exhibits insecticidal activity directed to other than a Coleopteran insect pest species, achieving desired control of more than one type of common plant pests selected from the group consisting of Lepidopteran insect pests, and Hemipteran insect pests. Furthermore, such combinations could be combined with still other agents that are effective in controlling virus pests, bacterial pests, fungal pests, and the like. The agents contemplated in such combinations can be expressed along with the ET29/ET37 and TIC810/TIC812 combination or provided through application of insecticidal or pesticidal agents in an agriculturally acceptable formulation, perhaps with a carrier such as an emollient, colloid, spray, powder, mixture, or dust. In situations in which the compositions would be useful in controlling animal pests such as fleas, ticks, lice, mites and the like, it is useful to include along with the ET29/ET37 and TIC810/TIC812 combination an agent that is effective for controlling the same or other pests to which the combination is directed, and so such applications should be provided in a pharmaceutically acceptable formulation. Particular formulations of the insecticidal combinations of the present invention are contemplated for use in topical and/or systemic application to field crops, grasses, fruits and vegetables, and ornamental plants. In one embodiment, the insecticidal composition comprises an oil flowable suspension of bacterial cells that is expressing one or more of the novel insecticidal proteins disclosed herein. Exemplary cells may be *B. thuringiensis* strains EG4096, EG5078, sIC8134 or sIC8135, however, any such bacterial host cell such as *B. megaterium*, *B. subtilis*, *E. coli*, or *Pseudomonas* spp. expressing an insecticidal composition would be useful.

The insecticidal compositions of the present invention may be combined with other biotechnology methods, such as double stranded RNA mediated gene suppression technology, to achieve desired control of one or more pests of a particular plant. Specific nucleotide sequences selected from the sequences native to the cells of a particular pest that are involved in an essential biological pathway are expressed in a plant cell in such a way as to result in the formation of a double stranded RNA, or even a stabilized double stranded RNA. In this manner, upon ingestion by the pest of a pesticidally effective amount of the RNA, i.e., one or more plant cells expressing the double stranded RNA derived from the cells of such pest, suppression of one or more essential biological pathways is suppressed in the pest. The pest contemporaneously ingests along with the dsRNA, a pesticidally effective amount of the insecticidal compositions described

herein, resulting in the provision of an effective insect or pest resistance management system which avoids the likelihood of the onset of resistance because the two pesticidal agents are functioning through different modes of action. A particular recombinant plant cell expressing a composition corresponding to the Coleopteran and Hemipteran insecticidal proteins of the present invention can also express as dsRNA molecules one or more sequences derived from the genome of a targeted Coleopteran pest and one or more sequences derived from the genome of a targeted Hemipteran pest, resulting in the provision of multiple insecticidally effective amounts of the proteins of the present invention and of the dsRNA's designed for suppression of one or more essential genes in the targeted Coleopteran and/or Hemipteran pests. Plants consisting of the gene encoding one or more the proteins of the present invention alone or in combination with additional pest controlling agents such as dsRNA agents exhibit improved yield and drought tolerance compared to plants lacking such pesticidal agents. This may be because these traits result in stabilized root masses that are more uniform, strong and healthy and provides greater nutrient and moisture gathering capacity in comparison to root masses lacking such agents.

A chimeric protein may be synthesized in which a sequence encoding ET29 or ET37 and a sequence encoding TIC810 or a TIC812 is fused together, providing for expression of the stabilized insecticidal composition as a single protein. It is contemplated that the chimeric protein may not be stabilized or exhibit insecticidal bioactivity unless the two fused peptides are unlinked. This physical separation can be accomplished by including as a spacer between the proteins a unique peptide sequence that is the target for any number of proteases known in the art. The chimeric protein can also be linked to other sequences that affect the stability of the chimera, resulting in formation of a crystalline form or inclusion body that consists substantially of the chimera-fusion peptide to the exclusion of other contaminating compositions, peptides, or molecules. Such chimeras or fusions are exemplified herein in Example 11 as TIC127 (sequential fusion of TIC809 and TIC810 linked by a short peptide) and TIC128 (sequential fusion of TIC810 and TIC809) and are shown to exhibit Coleopteran and Hemipteran insecticidal bioactivity.

Expression vectors for use in a host cell are also provided. Expression vectors comprising sequences that result in the expression of a combination of at least two of the polynucleotide sequences disclosed herein are provided in exemplary embodiments. In one embodiment, an expression vector is an isolated and purified polynucleotide molecule comprising a combination of two different polynucleotide sequences, each sequence containing a promoter functional in a desired host cell that is operatively linked to a nucleotide segment encoding a TIC809, TIC810, TIC812, ET29, or ET37. In some embodiments, a transcription termination and polyadenylation sequence may be included 3' of the nucleotide segment encoding one of these proteins.

Expression vectors for use in a bacterial host cell are provided, e.g., in an *E. coli* cell or a *Bacillus* cell including one from *B. thuringiensis*, *B. megaterium*, *B. subtilis*, or related *Bacillus* species. Bacterial host cell expression vectors can contain one nucleotide sequence expressing one or more of the proteins of the present invention in series, in much the same way that proteins can be expressed in most bacterial cells, i.e., in a polycistronic expression cassette. Alternatively, a bacterial expression vector may consist of a nucleotide sequence encoding only one of the proteins of the present invention.

Promoters that function in bacteria are well-known in the art. An exemplary promoter for the *Bacillus* crystal proteins

may include any of the known crystal protein gene promoters, including the ET29 gene promoter (U.S. Pat. No. 6,093,695), and promoters specific for *B. thuringiensis* sigma factors (Baum and Malvar, *Molec. Microbiol.*, 18(1): 1-12, 1995). Alternatively, mutagenized or recombinant crystal protein-encoding gene promoters may be engineered by those skilled in the art and used to promote expression of the novel polynucleotide sequences disclosed herein. For purpose of the present invention, the promoter used herein for expression of the polynucleotide sequences is cry1A promoter.

Recombinant DNA constructs for expression in a plant cell are provided. Such constructs typically contain two or more plant functional expression cassettes that are linked together in such a way as to enable the simultaneous introduction of the two or more expression cassettes into the same locus in a plant genome, or alternatively may contain two or more plant functional expression cassettes that are linked within the construct or vector, but are capable of being introduced independently into different loci within a plant genome. These expression cassettes may be referred to as a first and a second expression cassette expressing, respectively, a first polynucleotide sequence encoding a first protein and a second polynucleotide sequence encoding a second protein. It is intended that the first protein can be any of the proteins disclosed herein, and the second protein can be any of the other proteins disclosed herein other than the first protein. Exemplary polynucleotide sequences are provided as set forth in SEQ ID NO:13, SEQ ID NO:15, SEQ ID NO:17 and SEQ ID NO:19.

Promoters used in the recombinant DNA construct of the present invention should exhibit the ability to drive expression of the polynucleotide sequences encoding the insecticidal agents when introduced into plant cells. Promoters that are useful in expressing the polypeptide sequences in plants can be inducible, constitutive, tissue-specific or developmentally specific promoters for use in a monocot or a dicot plant. In one embodiment, the promoter selected for use may be a constitutive promoter and, for the purpose of the present invention, the promoter may specifically comprise an enhanced cauliflower mosaic virus (CaMV 35S) promoter. In another embodiment, the promoter selected may be a tissue-specific promoter and, for the purpose of the present invention, the promoter may specifically comprise a root-specific promoter Rcc3 isolated from rice (U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/075,113).

A vector or construct may also include elements that function to regulate the level and timing of expression of the gene of interest to which they are linked, in addition to one or more promoters. For example, the construct may include an intron sequence. The intron sequence employed in the present invention may include a rice actin intron (U.S. Pat. No. 5,641, 876). The recombinant DNA construct may also have a translation leader sequence between the promoter and the coding sequence. The vector or construct may also include, within the coding region of interest, a nucleic acid sequence that acts, in whole or in part, to terminate transcription of that region. In one embodiment, the polyadenylation sequence of the present invention may be from the 3' untranslated region of a wheat heat shock protein gene (tahsp17).

A recombinant DNA construct may include other elements as well. For example, the construct may contain DNA segments that provide replication function and one or more selectable markers for use in bacterial cells. The construct may also comprise a screenable marker, a selectable marker and other elements as appropriate for selection of plant or bacterial cells having the recombinant DNA constructs of the invention. The recombinant DNA constructs are designed

with suitable selectable markers that can confer antibiotic or herbicide tolerance to the cell. The antibiotic tolerance polynucleotide sequences include, but are not limited to, polynucleotide sequences encoding for proteins involved in tolerance to kanamycin, neomycin, hygromycin, and other antibiotics known in the art. An antibiotic tolerance gene in such a vector may be replaced by a herbicide tolerance gene encoding for 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase (EPSPS, described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,627,061, and 5,633,435; Padgett et al. *Herbicide Resistant Crops*, Lewis Publishers, 53-85, 1996) or other selectable marker genes and their equivalents such as basta tolerance, bar tolerance, methotrexate resistance, glyphosate oxidoreductase, glyphosate acetyl transferase, phosphonate acetylase (phnO and alleles derived from Enterobacteriaceae), and dicamba tolerance genes, and the like. Plants expressing the insect tolerance properties of the present invention that are coupled with one or more such selectable markers are particularly useful for commercial purposes.

The polynucleotide sequences of the present invention may be used to transform a plant cell that can be regenerated to produce a transgenic plant that exhibits improved insect resistance when compared to the plant or plant cell from which the transgenic plant is derived. The polynucleotide sequences of the present invention may be modified to improve their expression in the plant host cell. Expression of the polynucleotide sequences of the present invention in the plant cell may achieve accumulations of the insecticidal proteins in the cytoplasm, or can result in the insecticidal proteins being accumulated into a subcellular organelle such as a chloroplast, a plastid or a mitochondrion.

In accomplishing the foregoing, the polynucleotide sequences encoding the proteins of the present invention as set forth in SEQ ID NO:14, SEQ ID NO:16, SEQ ID NO:18 and SEQ ID NO:20 and SEQ ID NO:47 have been improved for expression in plants. Such polynucleotide sequences exemplified herein are set forth in SEQ ID NO:13 (TIC809), SEQ ID NO:15 (TIC810), SEQ ID NO:17 (ET37), SEQ ID NO:19 (TIC812), and SEQ ID NO:46 (TIC127), and furthermore in expression cassette sequences as set forth at SEQ ID NO:28, SEQ ID NO:31, SEQ ID NO:34, SEQ ID NO:36, SEQ ID NO:38, SEQ ID NO:40, and SEQ ID NO:43. Co-expression of at least one of a TIC810 or TIC812 protein along with one or more of a ET29, TIC809, or ET37 insecticidal protein improves (or assists, acts as a chaperone to, stabilizes, or may otherwise interact with the insecticidal protein as an accessory protein) with the expression and/or accumulation of the insecticidal protein. Co-expression in a transgenic plant results in the absence of low levels of expression and/or accumulation and absence of phytotoxic effects observed when only an insecticidal protein such as ET29, ET37, or TIC809 are expressed alone.

There are many methods for introducing the recombinant DNA construct comprising the combination of the polynucleotide sequences into cells and suitable methods are believed to include virtually any method by which DNA can be introduced into a plant cell, such as by *Agrobacterium* infection, direct delivery of DNA such as, for example, by PEG-mediated transformation of protoplasts (Omirulleh et al., *Plant Mol. Biol.*, 21:415-428, 1993), by desiccation/inhibition-mediated DNA uptake, by electroporation or by microprojectile bombardment and the like.

In consideration of insect resistance management (IRM), the compositions and methods of the present invention are useful in producing transgenic plants which express two or more *B. thuringiensis* proteins toxic to the same insect species and which confers a level of resistance management for

delaying the onset of resistance of any particular susceptible insect species to one or more of the insecticidal agents expressed within the transgenic plant. Alternatively, expression of a *B. thuringiensis* insecticidal protein toxic to a particular target insect pest along with a different proteinaceous agent toxic to the same insect pest but which confers toxicity by a means different from that exhibited by the *B. thuringiensis* toxin is desirable. Such other different proteinaceous agents may comprise any of Cry insecticidal proteins, Cyt insecticidal proteins, insecticidal proteins from *Xenorhabdus* sp. or *Photorhabdus* sp., *B. thuringiensis* vegetative insecticidal proteins, and the like. One means for achieving this result would be to produce two different transgenic events, one event expressing a combination of the two insecticidal proteins of the present invention, active against Coleopteran and Hemipteran insects, and the other expressing a third insecticidal protein, and breeding the two traits together into a hybrid plant. The third insecticidal protein could be one that exhibits Coleopteran insecticidal activity, one that exhibits Hemipteran insecticidal activity, one that exhibits insecticidal activity directed to both Coleopteran and Hemipteran (and perhaps toxicity to other insect orders as well), or one that exhibits insecticidal activity directed to one or more other orders of insects other than Coleopteran and Hemipteran insect pests including but not limited to Lepidopteran, Orthoptera, Diptera and the like.

A pesticidal amount of the insecticidal proteins of the present invention may be provided in the diet of an insect pest. Typically, the diet consists of a plant part upon which the insect normally feeds, such as a plant tissue or plant cell, but may also include other compositions such as an artificial diet formulated for enhancing the development and survival of a particular insect pest. The insecticidal protein can be provided in a composition that is applied to the surface of the diet, or more preferably can be produced by the protein synthesis machinery of a cell and, as described above, accumulated within the plant cell or secreted outside of the plant cell, so long as the amount of the protein toxin provided is an insecticidal amount sufficient to inhibit the insect pest from further feeding, or to inhibit the further growth and development of the insect pest, or to cause mortality to the insect pest.

Transgenic plants can be selfed (self-pollinated) to generate seeds that exhibit a genotype that is homozygous with respect to the transgene encoding the insecticidal protein. Such seeds produce plants and seeds that are only homozygous with respect to the transgene encoding the insecticidal protein. Often, the transgenic plants that are produced are generated in varieties that fail to exhibit the most desirable agronomic qualities. Therefore, homozygous recombinant plants can be crossed with inbred lines that exhibit particular agronomically important qualities.

The present invention will find particular utility in the creation of transgenic plants of commercial interest including various turf grasses, wheat, corn, rice, barley, oats, a variety of ornamental plants and vegetables, as well as a number of nut- and fruit-bearing trees and plants. Specifically, these plants may include maize, wheat, rye, barley, oats, buckwheat, sorghum, rice, onion, grass, sunflower, canola, peas, beans, soybeans, cotton, linseed, cauliflower, asparagus, lettuce, tobacco mustard, sugar beet, potato, sweet potato, carrot, turnip, celery, tomato, egg plant, cucumber, squash, apple, apricot, peach, pear, plum, orange, blackberry, blueberry, strawberry, cranberry and lemon. In general, the invention is useful in monocotyledonous and dicotyledonous plant varieties. The transgenic plant is selected from the group consisting of a monocot plant and a dicot plant that may include monocots such as maize, wheat, rye, barley, oats, buckwheat,

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sorghum, rice, sugarcane, onion, garlic, grass, or dicots such as sunflower, canola, peas, cowpeas, pigeon peas, beans, soybeans, coffee, broccoli, cotton, linseed, cauliflower, *Arabidopsis*, asparagus, lettuce, tobacco, spice plants (including curry, mustard, sage, parsley, pepper, thyme, cilantro, bay, cumin, turmeric, nutmeg, cinnamon and the like), sugar beet, potato, sweet potato, carrot, turnip, celery, tomato, egg plant, cucumber, squash or melon, fruit tree plant (including apple, apricot, peach, pear, plum, orange, lemon, lime and the like), berry plants (including blackberry, blueberry, strawberry, cranberry and the like), nut tree plants (including acorn, hickory, Brazil, pecan, walnut, hazelnut, and the like), grape plants, and flowering plants.

DNA sequence information provided herein allows for the preparation of nucleotide sequences or probes and/or primers exhibiting the ability to specifically hybridize to nucleotide sequences disclosed herein, or to homologous sequences encoding proteins related to TIC810, TIC812, ET37 and ET29. The ability of such nucleic acid probes to specifically hybridize to a sequence encoding a related toxin or accessory/chaperonin-like protein provides particular utility in a variety of embodiments. Most importantly, the probes may be used in a variety of assays for detecting the presence of complementary sequences in a given sample. The nature of the regulatory environment under which transgenic plants containing the genes of the present invention are commercialized provides a particular utility to being able to detect the presence of the sequences encoding the proteins as well as the proteins of the present invention in a biological sample and provides a means for detecting infringement of certain claimed embodiments during the term of any patent that is issued thereon.

In certain embodiments, it is advantageous to use oligonucleotide primers, either alone or in pairs or other primer sets. The sequence of such primers is designed using a polynucleotide of the present invention for use in detecting, amplifying or mutating a defined segment of a toxin or accessory/chaperonin-like protein coding sequence from *B. thuringiensis* or other sources using thermal amplification methods. Segments of related toxin or accessory/chaperonin-like coding sequences from other species may also be amplified.

Kits for detecting, in a biological sample, polynucleotide or amino acid sequences of the present invention are also envisioned. Such kits contain one or more polynucleotide sequences each for use as a probe for detecting the presence of a polynucleotide sequence encoding an insecticidal protein of the present invention or fragment thereof. Such kits could also or alternatively contain antibody specific for binding to one or more polypeptides of the proteins of the present invention, as well as reagents for use with the probe or antibody, and the kits would also contain control samples for use in ensuring that the nucleotides or peptides identified with the probe and or antibody and reagents were functioning according to the manufacturers' instructions. All of the reagents necessary for carrying out the methods of identification of either nucleotide sequences or peptides would be packaged together in a kit along with instructions for use. An exemplary kit could contain a TIC810 or related polynucleotide sequence encoding an insecticidal protein along with a sample of the exemplary nucleotide sequence amplification primers pr375 and pr376 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:23 and SEQ ID NO:24, together with the necessary reagents necessary for carrying out an amplification reaction, all packaged together in the kit.

The antibodies that bind specifically to epitopes presented only by any one of ET37, TIC810 and TIC812 proteins or their homologs may also be used for identifying the presence of any one of ET37, TIC810 and TIC812 proteins or its

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homologs, for purifying the proteins or homologs, for identifying a nucleotide sequence from which an ET37, TIC810 or TIC812 protein or a homolog is being expressed, and for use in the kits, designed to allow the detection of an ET37, TIC810 or TIC812 protein or a homolog or the detection of a nucleotide sequence expressing the protein or its homolog. The skilled artisan will readily appreciate that such antibodies also provide for the identification of fusions of such proteins, such as TIC127 and the like.

Agronomically and commercially important products and/or compositions of matter including but not limited to animal feed, commodities, and cotton or soybean or corn products and by-products that are intended for use as animal feeds or for use as food for human consumption or for use in compositions that are intended for human consumption including but not limited to cotton seed, cotton seed oil, cotton seed solids, and the like, soy meal, soy oil, soy flour, and the like, corn flour, corn meal, corn syrup, corn oil, corn starch, popcorn, corn cakes, cereals containing corn or soy, and corn by-products, and the like are intended to be within the scope of the present invention if these products and compositions of matter contain detectable amounts of the nucleotide sequences set forth herein as being diagnostic for the presence of a sequence encoding an ET29, an ET37, a TIC809, a TIC810, a TIC812, a TIC127, or combinations thereof and the like. Distillers dry goods solids are also contemplated as an agronomically and commercially important product, especially if it contains detectable amounts of a nucleotide sequence encoding one or more of the proteins of the present invention, or detectable amounts of one or more of the proteins of the present invention.

Seed comprising detectable amounts of nucleotide sequences encoding these proteins, or seed or plant parts that can be processed into products that contain detectable amounts of such nucleotide sequences or proteins are within the scope of the present invention.

Those of skill in the art, in light of these examples, should appreciate that many changes can be made to the foregoing disclosure without departing from the spirit and scope of the inventions disclosed.

Having illustrated and described the principles of the present invention, it should be apparent to persons skilled in the art that the invention can be modified in arrangement and detail without departing from such principles. We claim all modifications that are within the spirit and scope of the appended claims.

All publications and published patent documents cited in this specification are incorporated herein by reference to the same extent as if each individual publication or patent application was specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference.

EXAMPLES

Example 1

This example illustrates the construction of a nucleotide sequence that functions to achieve expression of an ET29 protein in maize plant cells.

ET29 is a protein derived from *B. thuringiensis* and has been previously shown to exhibit corn rootworm insecticidal biological activity when provided in the diet to corn rootworm larvae (U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,093,695; 6,537,756; 6,686,452). Native Bt coding sequences have been shown to exhibit unacceptable levels of protein synthesis when expressed in plant cells (U.S. Pat. No. 5,500,365). Expression of ET29 protein in corn plant cells, and specifically in cells of corn

roots, could provide corn plants with protection from corn rootworm feeding damage. Accordingly, a nucleotide sequence encoding a *B. thuringiensis* ET29 insecticidal protein was constructed that was anticipated to be more highly expressed in plants, avoiding certain inimical nucleotide sequences that have been previously shown to be problematic, while maintaining a nucleotide sequence that encodes the native insecticidal protein with one exception; a supplemental Alanine codon at position two (2) of the coding sequence (SEQ ID NO:13) was included in the synthetic sequence to facilitate ease of cloning. The ALA2 variant ET29 amino acid sequence as set forth at SEQ ID NO:14 has been designated as TIC809 and in bioassays exhibits no less biological activity than the native ET29.

The TIC809 coding region as set forth in SEQ ID NO:13 was subcloned into a binary plant transformation vector. Elements upstream of the TIC809 coding region included an enhanced CaMV 35S promoter, a wheat major chlorophyll a/b-binding protein 5' untranslated leader sequence, a rice actin 1 gene first intron and flanking untranslated leader region (UTL) exon sequence, and, optionally, a maize ribulose 1,5-bisphosphate carboxylase small subunit chloroplast transit peptide coding sequence. In planta expression of a fusion protein consisting of the chloroplast transit peptide (ctp) linked to the N-terminus of the TIC809 protein enables targeting of the TIC809 protein into plastids. A wheat hsp17 3' untranslated region (UTR) was incorporated downstream of the TIC809 to achieve transcription termination and polyadenylation of mRNA transcripts.

Plant transformation vectors contain a glyphosate tolerance selectable marker. The plant transformation vector pMON70513 provides for expression of a cytoplasm soluble TIC809 protein while pMON70514 provides for expression of a plastid targeted TIC809 protein.

Example 2

This example illustrates the comparison of plastid targeted versus non-targeted expression of TIC809 in transient corn protoplast assays, and the subsequent analysis of transgenic plants transformed to express the TIC809 protein targeted to maize plastids.

Transient expression assays using corn protoplasts transformed with either pMON70513 or pMON70514 were compared to each other and to an empty vector control. The results indicated low levels of expression of the untargeted TIC809 protein compared to the targeted TIC809 protein. Accordingly, only pMON70514 was analyzed further. Transgenic corn events were produced after *Agrobacterium*-mediated transformation of corn protoplasts. Regenerated corn plants ("R0 plants") were screened for glyphosate tolerance and the copy number of the wheat hsp17 (tahsp17) 3' UTR. Six-leaf stage (V6) root and leaf samples from each transgenic corn event were screened for the presence and amount of ET29 protein using an ELISA method.

Nineteen (19) out of eighty-seven (87) transgenic events analyzed by ELISA displayed a distinctive abnormal phenotype characterized by a chlorotic stalk, and eight (8) of these exhibited tassel or ear abnormalities. The average TIC809 expression level in leaf and root tissue from plants exhibiting an abnormal phenotype was 2.2 and 2.0 parts per million, respectively. The average TIC809 levels in leaf and root from phenotypically normal plants was 1.4 and 1.1 ppm, respectively. These results suggested that higher levels of TIC809 protein may be correlated with the observed abnormal phenotypes.

Example 3

This example illustrates cloning of a gene encoding TIC810, a protein expressed from within an operon in *Bacillus thuringiensis* in which the ET29 (tic809) gene also resides, and the identification that expression of TIC810 exhibits no corn rootworm insecticidal bioactivity.

et29 was originally cloned on a 7.1 kb EcoRI fragment from DNA obtained from *B. thuringiensis* strain EG4096 (U.S. Pat. No. 6,686,452), and was retained in plasmid pEG1303, a shuttle vector capable of replication in *B. thuringiensis* and in *E. coli*. Recombinant *B. thuringiensis* strain EG11502 containing pEG1303 produces low levels of ET29 crystal protein when grown in C2 medium (Donovan et al, 15 *Mol. Gen. Genet.* 214: 365-372, 1988).

The ET29 coding sequence was subcloned from the large 7.1 EcoRI fragment in pEG1303 as a ~1.5 kb KpnI-ClaI fragment into the high copy-number shuttle vector pEG854.9 (Baum et al, (1996) *Appl. Env. Microbiol.* 62:4367-4373) with the expectation that an increase in the level of ET29 expression would be observed from the smaller fragment. The resulting plasmid, pMON78402, was believed to contain sufficient native DNA 5' and 3' of the ET29 coding region to incorporate any necessary expression elements such as a sporulation dependent promoter. Surprisingly, no protein crystal formation was detected when pMON78402 was introduced into the acrystalliferous *B. thuringiensis* host strain EG10650, suggesting that the 5' region present on pMON78402 may not contain the native ET29 promoter and that ET29 transcription from the clone in pEG1303 was driven from a fortuitous vector-borne promoter. Furthermore, sequencing of the entire 7.1 kb EcoRI fragment in pEG1303 revealed the presence of an interrupted open reading frame immediately upstream of the ET29 coding region. The interrupted coding region contained one of the terminal EcoRI sites used to clone the 7.1 kb EcoRI fragment in pEG1303. A FASTX search of the existing non-redundant protein databases as well as a database of *B. thuringiensis* crystal protein sequences suggested that this partial coding region encodes an amino acid sequence exhibiting approximately 36% sequence identity to that of the ET29 protein. This related protein was designated TIC810. This suggested that the ET29 gene resided within an uncharacterized operon that included at least the upstream TIC810 gene, and that since TIC810 was probably co-expressed with ET29, it too might also exhibit corn rootworm insecticidal activity.

The native ET29 coding sequence is set forth at SEQ ID NO:9 from position 716 through 1408. A single NheI site was present within this coding sequence (nucleotides 820-825 as set forth at SEQ ID NO:9). The partial TIC810 coding sequence in pEG1303 is shown as set forth at SEQ ID NO:9 from nucleotide position 369 to 654. The EcoRI site that bisected the TIC810 coding sequence is set forth at SEQ ID NO:9 at nucleotides 369-374. NheI digestion of EG4096 DNA or digestion with NheI and compatible restriction enzymes coupled with ligation and inverse PCR allowed for the identification of the nucleotide sequence of the 5' end of the TIC810 coding region.

EG4096 genomic DNA (5 µg) was digested in 50 µL volumes with compatible restriction enzymes in various combinations that include NheI, NheI+BlnI, NheI+SpeI, and NheI+XbaI. Ten microliters of the complete digests were mixed with 80 µL sterile water, 10 µL 10× ligase buffer (New England BioLabs, Beverly, Mass.) and 2 µL T4 ligase and incubated overnight at 4°C. The ligation products were used as thermal amplification templates using an Elongase® kit from Invitrogen (Carlsbad, Calif.) and the divergent primers pr370

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and pr371 (as set forth at SEQ ID NO:21 and SEQ ID NO. 22 respectively). SEQ ID NO:21 corresponds to the reverse complement of nucleotides 650-671 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:9, and SEQ ID NO:22 corresponds to nucleotides 744-764 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:9.

Restriction enzymes used for each reaction produced compatible ends. *B. thuringiensis* DNA is AT-rich, and so it was anticipated that the restriction enzymes SpeI and XbaI would yield smaller PCR products than the BlnI and NheI restriction enzymes. Only the SpeI-NheI and XbaI-NheI combinations yielded amplified DNA fragments. The amplified DNA fragments were cloned and sequenced and assembled with the EcoRI-NheI segment consisting of nucleotides 369-825 as set forth at SEQ ID NO:9. An assembled sequence predicted to encode TIC810 was identified as set forth at SEQ ID NO:3. The TIC810 gene was subsequently amplified directly from EG4096 genomic DNA using a high-fidelity thermostable polymerase. Multiple clones were used to confirm the sequence. The TIC810 gene is predicted to encode a ~25,000 Dalton protein as set forth in SEQ ID NO:4. The deduced TIC810 amino acid sequence exhibits about 33% amino acid sequence identity to the ET29 amino acid sequence, suggesting that TIC810 may also exhibit insecticidal bioactivity.

The expression of TIC810 in an acrySTALLIFEROUS strain of *B. thuringiensis* was examined. The TIC810 gene was amplified using primers pr375 and pr376 (as set forth in SEQ ID NO:23 and SEQ ID NO:24, respectively), producing an amplicon encoding a TIC810 amino acid sequence variant that contains an ATG translation initiation codon substituted for the native GTG codon. Primer pr375 also incorporates a SpeI site 5' to the TIC810 coding region while primer pr376 incorporates an XhoI site 3' to the TIC810 coding region amplicon, permitting subcloning of the amplicon into the *B. thuringiensis*-*E. coli* shuttle vector pMON47407. The amplicon encoding TIC810 was inserted into this vector just down stream of a vector-endogenous cryIA promoter. Sequences positioned downstream of the cryIA promoter exhibit sporulation-dependent expression in *B. thuringiensis*. The resulting recombinant plasmid pMON78409 containing the sequence encoding the TIC810 protein was introduced into the acrySTALLIFEROUS *B. thuringiensis* host strain EG10650 by electroporation to generate the recombinant *B. thuringiensis* strain SIC8116. Strain SIC8116 produced parasporal inclusion bodies containing TIC810 protein when grown in C2 sporulation medium. No insecticidal bioactivity was observed when corn rootworm larvae were exposed to artificial media overlaid with sporulated cultures of SIC8116, suggesting that the TIC810 protein did not exhibit insecticidal bioactivity directed to CRW.

Example 4

This example illustrates that ET29 expression under the control of a cryIA sporulation dependent promoter results in poor expression levels and aberrant physiological host cell behavior.

The recombinant *B. thuringiensis* strain EG11502, containing the plasmid pEG1303, produced small amounts of the ET29 crystal protein. In an attempt to increase the expression of ET29 in *B. thuringiensis*, the ET29 coding sequence was inserted into the *B. thuringiensis*-*E. coli* shuttle vector pMON47407. The ET29 coding sequence was amplified from pEG1303 DNA using primers pr365 and pr372 (SEQ ID NO:25 and SEQ ID NO:26, respectively). Following sequence confirmation, the amplified ET29 gene fragment was inserted into the pMON47407 vector backbone in an orientation effective for expression of ET29 from the vector-endogenous cryIA promoter. To assess ET29 protein produc-

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tion, the resulting recombinant plasmid, pIC17507, was introduced into *B. thuringiensis* strain EG10650, to produce the recombinant strain SIC8114. Strain SIC8114 produced a lower amount of ET29 protein than did the original ET29 recombinant strain EG11502 and exhibited poor sporulation in C2 sporulation medium. This result suggested that overexpression of ET29 may be detrimental to the host cell, or that some other factor present in the native strain EG4096 and not in the recombinant strain was required for efficient expression and/or accumulation of ET29.

Example 5

This example illustrates the identification of an operon exhibiting homology to the TIC810/ET29 operon.

Other strains of Bt were examined by Southern blot analysis for the presence of sequences related to the TIC810/ET29 operon in EG4096. A 5.4 kb ClaI restriction fragment from Bt strain EG5078 total DNA was found to hybridize to an ET29-specific hybridization probe. This 5.4 kb ClaI fragment was cloned into the *B. thuringiensis*-*E. coli* shuttle vector pEG854 (Baum et al., (1990) Appl. Env. Microbiol. 56:3420-3428) and also into the *E. coli* vector pBluescript IISK to generate the recombinant plasmids pEG1325 and pEG1323, respectively. Sequence analysis of the 5.4 kb insert revealed two tightly linked genes similar to the ET29 and TIC810 genes in *B. thuringiensis* strain EG4096. The 5' proximal coding sequence was designated as tic812 (as set forth in SEQ ID NO:5) and was predicted to encode a TIC812 polypeptide (as set forth in SEQ ID NO:6). TIC812 exhibits about 97% amino acid sequence identity to the TIC810 protein. The 3' proximal coding sequence was designated as et37 (SEQ ID NO:1) and was predicted to encode the ET37 amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:2. ET37 exhibits greater than about 99% amino acid sequence identity to the ET29 protein, differing only at one amino acid position.

The shuttle vector pEG1325, containing both the TIC812 and ET37 genes, was introduced into the acrySTALLIFEROUS *B. thuringiensis* host strain EG10650 using an electroporation procedure. The resulting recombinant strain, EG11541, produced a high level of the ET37 protein when grown in C2 sporulation medium. However, the amount of TIC812 protein present in the spores was approximately only 25% of the amount of ET37 protein. The ET37/TIC812 protein mixture produced by strain EG5078 was found to be toxic to corn rootworm larvae when tested in bioassay.

Because of the similarity between the TIC810/ET29 and the TIC812/ET37 operons, and because ET37 and ET29 differ at only one amino acid position, it is unlikely that the two proteins exhibit significantly different insecticidal or cytotoxic properties. The low level of ET29 when expressed alone compared to the greater level of ET37 protein when expressed from its native operon, coupled with the substantial identity between the TIC810 and TIC812 proteins, suggests that the TIC810 and TIC812 proteins may be playing a role in increasing the levels of, or providing some stabilization to, their respective ET29 or ET37 proteins. Therefore, co-expression of TIC812 along with the ET37 protein may be the cause of the observed overproduction of ET37 in strain EG11541. Also, co-expression of TIC810 and ET29 may likewise result in overproduction of ET29.

To test this hypothesis, the individual ET29, ET37, TIC810 and TIC812 coding sequences were amplified and cloned into the *B. thuringiensis* expression vector pMON47407 described above, so that expression of each was under the control of the vector-endogenous cryIA promoter. The naturally occurring GTG codon at position 1 of the TIC812 coding

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sequence was modified to an ATG codon. The TIC810-ET29 tandem coding sequences (SEQ ID NO:9) and the TIC812-ET37 tandem coding sequences (SEQ ID NO:10) were each amplified from genomic DNA and cloned into the TOPO cloning vector pCR2.1-TOPO (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, Calif.) and their sequences confirmed. The amplified DNA fragments were then cloned into the vector pMON47407 so that the tandem coding sequences were under the control of the vector-endogenous cry1A promoter. Thus, each insert was cloned into pMON47407 in the same orientation and employed the same promoter. The acrySTALLIFEROUS *B. thuringiensis* strain EG10650 was used as the host strain for all expression studies. The plasmid constructs and recombinant *B. thuringiensis* strains containing these plasmids are listed in Table 2.

TABLE 2

Plasmids Constructed for Expression Analysis of TIC810/ET29 and TIC812/ET37			
Strain	Coding Sequence(s)	Plasmid	Primer pair ¹
EG10650	—	—	—
SIC8114	ET29	pIC17057	pr372-pr365
SIC8116	TIC810	pMON78409	pr375-pr376
SIC8130	ET37	pMON78404	pr372-pr365
SIC8131	TIC812	pMON78405	pr375-pr376
SIC8134	TIC810_ET29	pMON78406	pr421-pr365
SIC8135	TIC812_ET37	pMON78407	pr421-pr365

¹primer pair used for amplification of the coding sequence inserted into pMON47407

The recombinant strains and EG10650 were each grown in 30 milliliters of C2 medium in a 250 milliliter baffled flask for 3 days at 28°C with vigorous agitation. Spores and crystals were collected by low-speed centrifugation, washed once with 30 milliliters of wash buffer (10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1 mM EDTA, 0.005% Triton X-100, pH 6.8), and resuspended in wash buffer at a final volume of 3 milliliters. These 10× C2 concentrates were then analyzed by SDS-PAGE. Protein concentrations were determined by densitometry using BSA as a standard.

SDS-PAGE analysis indicated that 1) both ET29 and ET37 exhibited poor production when expressed alone; 2) both TIC810 and TIC812 accumulated to high levels when expressed alone; and 3) ET29 and ET37 exhibited dramatically elevated levels of expression when co-expressed along with TIC810 or TIC812, respectively. ET29 protein production was about 4.6 fold higher in the presence of TIC810 than in its absence, and ET37 production was about 6.6 fold higher in the presence of TIC812 than in its absence. Furthermore, strains SIC8134 containing the TIC810_ET29 tandem coding sequence and SIC8135 containing TIC812_ET37 tandem coding sequence exhibited normal sporulation and lysis. These results indicated that TIC810 and TIC812 were required for the high-level production of ET29 and ET37 in *B. thuringiensis*, respectively, and may be acting as accessory or chaperone proteins.

The 10×TIC812/ET37 spore-crystal suspension was used directly in a bioassay against WCR. Crystal proteins in the suspensions were quantified by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis and densitometry using bovine serum albumin as a standard. 200 mL of WCR diet was prepared in a manner similar to that described by Pleau et al. (*Entomol. Exp. Appl.* 105:1-11, 2002). Twenty µL of test sample were applied per well and allowed to dry before applying a single neonate insect larvae per well with a fine bristle paintbrush. Plates were sealed with mylar and ventilated using an insect

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pin. Twenty-four larvae were tested per sample concentration. The bioassay plates were incubated at 27°C, 60% RH, in complete darkness for 5-7 days. The number of surviving larvae per treatment was recorded at the end of 5-7 days, depending on the experiment. Surviving larvae were weighed on a microbalance (Cahn C-33). Data were analyzed using JMP® 4 statistical software (SAS Institute, Cary, N.C., USA). The bioassay data are listed in Table 3.

The results suggest that sporulated cultures of wild type *B. thuringiensis* strain EG5078 containing a mixture of ET37 and TIC812 were found to be toxic to Western corn rootworm larvae, causing significant larval mass reduction when compared to the control. A comparable 10× spore suspension from the cry-*B. thuringiensis* host strain EG10650 exhibited no activity against WCR larvae in bioassay. A sample containing 500 mg Cry3Bb rootworm insecticidal protein was included as a positive control.

TABLE 3

Western Corn Rootworm Bioassay vs ET37/TIC812								
Sample	Concentration ¹	N	Mean	SD ²	SEM	LO 95%	UP 95%	P > t
25 UTC ³	0.250	6	0.36	0.05	0.02	0.31	0.41	
Cry3Bb	0.500	3	0.20	0.03	0.02	0.13	0.26	0.0003
TIC812-ET37	1.000	3	0.16	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.27	<0.0001
30 TIC812-ET37	0.500	3	0.19	0.08	0.05	-0.01	0.39	0.0002
TIC812-ET37	0.250	3	0.25	0.01	0.01	0.22	0.29	0.0084
TIC812-ET37	0.125	3	0.25	0.08	0.04	0.06	0.44	0.0073

¹mg/mL;

²Standard Deviation;

³untreated check;

Variances not equal, Levene's method, P > F 0.0053;

There is an effect due to treatment, SLS, P > F 0.0002; and

Means with a P value < 0.05 are significantly different from UTC, Planned Contrasts.

Example 6

This example illustrates the co-expression of TIC810 and TIC809 proteins in corn protoplasts.

Synthetic nucleotide sequences encoding the *B. thuringiensis* TIC810 and ET29 (TIC809) proteins were constructed for expression in plants. The synthetic sequence encoding TIC809 is set forth at SEQ ID NO:13 and the amino acid sequence translation is set forth at SEQ ID NO:14. The synthetic sequence encoding TIC810 is set forth at SEQ ID NO:15, and the amino acid sequence translation is set forth at SEQ ID NO:16. The synthetic coding sequences for TIC809 and TIC810 were cloned into expression vectors for transient expression studies with corn protoplasts. Genetic elements around the coding region(s) of the TIC809 and TIC810 coding sequences were identical, except for the addition of the chloroplast transit peptide (ctp), as described in Example 1. The plasmid constructs are described in part in Table 4 below.

TABLE 4

Plasmid Constructs for Transient Assay of TIC810/TIC809 Expression		
Plasmid	Encoded Cry Protein (s)	Protein Localization
pMON84202	TIC809	Untargeted
pMON84203	ctp-TIC809	Targeted to chloroplasts

TABLE 4-continued

Plasmid Constructs for Transient Assay of TIC810/TIC809 Expression		
Plasmid	Encoded Cry Protein (s)	Protein Localization
pMON64134	TIC809, TIC810	Untargeted
pMON64135	ctp-TIC809, ctp-TIC810	Targeted to chloroplasts
pMON64136	TIC809, ctp-TIC810	TIC809 untargeted; TIC810 targeted to chloroplasts
pMON64137	ctp-TIC809, TIC810	TIC809 targeted to chloroplasts; TIC810 untargeted

Protoplasts were prepared by digesting 12-day corn leaf tissue in 0.6 M mannitol, 10 mM MES pH 5.7, 2% cellulase RS, and 0.3% macerozyme R10 for 2 hours. All transformations were performed using 50 µg DNA and 1.3×10^6 cells.

TIC809 expression in protoplasts was measured using an ELISA with polyclonal antibodies raised against the ET29 protein. Results are shown in Table 5 and represent the average of three duplicate samples.

TABLE 5

Transient expression of TIC809 in corn protoplasts				
Plasmid	Cry Proteins	Mean ²	Standard Error	Comparisons ¹
pMON84202	TIC809	5.1	0.6	c
pMON64134	TIC809, TIC810	120.3	24.9	a
pMON64136	TIC809, ctpTIC810	29.2	3.0	bc
pMON84203	ctpTIC809	111.4	3.2	a
pMON64137	ctpTIC809, TIC810	90.2	18.0	ab
pMON64135	ctpTIC809, ctpTIC810	148.9	15.2	a

¹Comparisons for all pairs using Tukey-Kramer HSD, alpha = 0.05. Treatments with the same letter are not significantly different from each other.
²(ng ET29/mg total protein)

The results indicate that the chloroplast targeted TIC809 protein resulted in an increase in TIC809 expression in the transient system compared to the non-targeted TIC809 expression. By comparing expression from pMON84203 with expression from pMON84202, targeted TIC809 protein expression is observed to be approximately 20-fold higher than that of the untargeted TIC809 protein. However, co-expression of the untargeted TIC810 protein with the untargeted TIC809 also results in a significant increase in the expression of TIC809 protein (compare pMON64134 with pMON84202). In five out of six experiments, targeting both TIC810 and TIC809 to the plastid resulted in equivalent or greater levels of expression and accumulation of TIC809 compared to that amount accumulated when TIC809 is targeted to the plastid alone. In any event, co-expression of TIC809 and TIC810 together in any common cellular location results in increased levels of accumulation of TIC809 compared to levels of TIC809 accumulation when expressed in that compartment in the absence of TIC810.

pMON64136 and pMON64137 were constructed to test the effect of expression of TIC809 when localized to a different subcellular compartment from TIC810. Targeting TIC810 to the plastid had no significant impact on the expression of the non-targeted TIC809 (compare pMON64136 with pMON84202). Similarly, the non-targeted TIC810 had no significant impact on the accumulation of the targeted TIC809 (compare pMON64137 with pMON84203). However, the non-targeted TIC810 increased or stabilized the accumulation of the non-targeted TIC809. These results suggest that localization of the two proteins to the same space within the cell results in a greater accumulation of the root-

worm insecticidal protein TIC809, perhaps as a result of some interaction between the proteins, stabilizing the accumulation of the TIC809 protein. These results are consistent with the observation that co-expression of TIC810 and ET29, or co-expression of TIC812 and ET37, results in high-level expression of ET29 or ET37 respectively in *B. thuringiensis*.

A plasmid containing a luciferase (LUX) gene was included as a control in the transient protoplast expression assays. Although luciferase is generally included in transient assays as an indicator of transformation efficiency, it was observed that luciferase expression levels varied widely depending on the plasmid construct tested, presumably due to phytotoxic effects of the accumulated Bt proteins. Low accumulation of TIC809 was correlated with low luciferase levels. In each case, other than when TIC809 is localized to the chloroplast, co-expression of the untargeted TIC810 in the same compartment with TIC809 resulted in a dramatic increase in both luciferase and TIC809 expression levels (compare pMON64134 with pMON84202). The luciferase data is shown in Table 6.

TABLE 6

Luciferase levels in transient assay experiment				
Plasmid	Encoded Cry protein(s)	Counts per second	Standard error of the mean	Comparisons ¹
pMON84202	TIC809	67.4	1.7	b
pMON64134	TIC809, TIC810	518.6	135.7	a
pMON64136	TIC809, ctpTIC810	70.8	2.3	b
pMON84203	ctpTIC809	408.0	84.7	a
pMON64137	ctpTIC809, TIC810	277.2	2.6	ab
pMON64135	ctpTIC809, ctpTIC810	284.9	32.8	ab

¹Comparisons for all pairs using Tukey-Kramer HSD, alpha = 0.05. Treatments with the same letter are not significantly different from each other.

Example 7

This example illustrates the results of co-expression of TIC810 and TIC809 in transgenic corn.

TIC809, ctp-TIC809, TIC809-TIC810, and ctpTIC809-ctpTIC810 expression cassettes were introduced into binary plant transformation vectors suitable for use in corn transformation. Other than the sequences encoding the Bt proteins, constructs differ from each other only with respect to the presence or absence of a chloroplast-targeting peptide coding sequence. A gene conferring glyphosate tolerance was used as a selectable marker for *Agrobacterium*-mediated transformation.

pMON64138 contains a cassette for in planta expression of TIC809 and TIC810. pMON64139 contains a cassette for in planta expression of chloroplast targeted TIC809 and chloroplast targeted TIC810. pMON70513 contains a cassette for in planta expression of TIC809. pMON70514 contains a cassette for in planta expression of a chloroplast targeted TIC809. Regenerated transgenic corn plants obtained after transformation using these four plasmids and glyphosate selection were screened using a TaqMan® assay for the presence of the glyphosate selectable marker gene and the presence of the tahsp17 3' sequence(s). An endpoint PCR assay was used to confirm the presence of the TIC809 and/or TIC810 coding sequences, where relevant, in each event. Events transformed with constructs containing both TIC809 and TIC810 were expected to exhibit two copies of the tahsp17 3' sequence because each coding sequence is bordered on its 3' end by the tahsp17 3' element. Transgenic and

control plants containing six leaves (V6 stage) and roots were assayed using an ET29 ELISA to determine the level of accumulation of TIC809.

Plants regenerated after transformation with pMON70513 containing only the cytoplasm targeted TIC809 coding sequence behaved as indicated above in examples 1 and 2. Plants exhibited substantially abnormal phenotypes and characteristics, typically characterized visually by a chlorotic stalk, among other abnormalities. The TIC809 expression and/or accumulation levels averaged no more than about 2.0 ppm in root tissue.

Fifteen R0 plants transformed with pMON64138 were assayed for the presence of the glyphosate marker and the presence and copy number of the *tahsp17 3'* elements, as well as for the presence of the OriV for detection of any vector backbone, and for the presence and intactness of the genes encoding the cytoplasm targeted TIC809 and TIC810 proteins. One event did not contain the full length TIC809 coding sequence and was also determined to exhibit undetectable levels of TIC809 protein. The remaining 14 events displayed an average of about 12 ppm TIC809 (fresh weight) in leaf tissue or root tissue. The levels of TIC809 in root tissue ranged from about 0.2 ppm in one plant to about 45 ppm in the plant exhibiting the greatest level of expression and/or accumulation. This result suggested that the co-expression of TIC810 along with TIC809 in the plant tissues provides for improved levels of expression and/or accumulation of the TIC809 protein. More significantly, abnormal phenotypes were not observed in the plants expressing both TIC809 and TIC810 in the cytoplasm. The expression level of TIC809 was more uniform in root tissue, than in leaf tissue, and more plants exhibited higher levels of TIC809 expression in the roots than in the leaves.

Fifteen R0 plants were regenerated from transformed plant cells using pMON64139 containing the chloroplast targeted TIC809 and TIC810 coding sequences. One event was identified in the screening analysis that did not contain the full length TIC809 expression cassette, and also did not exhibit detectable levels of TIC809 protein. The remaining 14 events averaged about 4.4 ppm and about 8.6 ppm TIC809 protein in root and leaf tissue respectively. The levels of TIC809 in roots ranged from about 0.2 ppm to about 45 ppm. Corn plants transformed with pMON70514, containing the *ctpTIC809* gene, averaged only about 1.7 ppm TIC809 protein in leaf tissue and about 6.3 ppm TIC809 protein in root tissue. Thus, co-expression of the non-targeted TIC810 along with the -targeted TIC809 resulted in higher levels of TIC809 expression and/or accumulation than was achieved with the chloroplast-targeted TIC809 protein. Furthermore, the R0 plants producing elevated levels of TIC809 protein did not exhibit stalk chlorosis or other manifestations of phytotoxicity associated with in planta expression of the TIC809 protein alone. Co-expression of chloroplast targeted TIC810 along with chloroplast targeted TIC809 also resulted in increased levels of TIC809 accumulation when compared to levels of chloroplast targeted TIC809 protein expressed in the absence of TIC810.

Eighteen R0 plants transformed to co-express the targeted TIC809 and targeted TIC810 proteins were assayed for the glyphosate tolerance selectable marker gene, the *tahsp17 3'* copy number, presence of OriV (backbone), and for intact TIC809 and TIC810 coding sequences. One event did not contain an intact TIC809 coding sequence and failed to exhibit detectable levels of TIC809 protein. The remaining 17 plants averaged 8.6 and 4.4 ppm TIC809 protein in leaf and in root, respectively. Root expression of TIC809 protein ranged from about 1 ppm to about 9 ppm. Events exhibiting chloro-

plast targeted TIC809 and TIC810 protein expression failed to exhibit stalk chlorosis or other manifestations of phytotoxicity associated with in planta expression of the TIC809 protein alone.

Example 8

This example illustrates maize root enhanced expression of plastid targeted TIC809.

pMON64144 was constructed to contain a chloroplast targeted TIC809 under the operable control of a RCc3 root promoter (U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/075,113) and flanked 5' of a CTP coding sequence by a maize heat shock protein HSP70 intron and 3' of the TIC809 coding sequence by a wheat *hsp17 3'* transcription termination and polyadenylation sequence. The sequence of the expression cassette is set forth at SEQ ID NO:38.

Corn plants were regenerated after *Agrobacterium* mediated transformation of corn tissue with the vector pMON64144. Regenerated corn plants were screened using a TaqMan® assay for the presence of the glyphosate selectable marker and the wheat 3' flanking sequence. The presence of intact TIC809 coding sequence was confirmed using end-point PCR assay. Root and leaf samples from 23 R0 corn plants at the six-leaf stage were screened using an ET29 ELISA.

The average level of TIC809 accumulated in root tissue was 0.4 ppm. No TIC809 protein was detected in leaves, suggesting that RCc3 promoter activity is enhanced in root cells. 8 of the 23 R0 plants exhibited a TIC809 protein concentration below the level of detection in root. None of the plants tested exhibited levels greater than about 1 ppm TIC809. In contrast, a similar construct under the control of a e35S promoter exhibited on average about 1.4 ppm TIC809 protein in root tissue and about 1.7 ppm in leaves (n=87).

Example 9

This example illustrates in planta co-expression of TIC809 and TIC810, each under the control of different promoters.

In Example 7 the TIC809 and TIC810 genes were each expressed in planta from separate expression cassettes, expression of each coding sequence being driven from separate but identical e35S promoters. In this example expression cassettes were designed so that expression of TIC809 was substantially localized to the root tissue using a RCc3 promoter, while expression of TIC810 was under the control of an e35S promoter.

pMON64150 contains two expression cassettes. One cassette (SEQ ID NO:40) contained a chloroplast targeted TIC809 coding sequence operably linked at its 5' end to a rice RCc3 promoter and a maize heat shock protein HSP70 intron, and at its 3' end to a wheat *hsp17 3'* transcription termination and polyadenylation sequence. The other cassette (SEQ ID NO:40) contained a chloroplast targeted TIC810 coding sequence operably linked at its 5' end to an e35S promoter and a rice actin intron sequence, and at its 3' end to a wheat *hsp17 3'* transcription termination and polyadenylation sequence.

pMON64151 is identical to pMON64150 except that the coding sequences in the two expression cassettes lack the chloroplast targeting peptide coding sequence (SEQ ID NO:43 and SEQ ID NO:40, respectively).

Plants regenerated from corn tissue transformed with either pMON64150 or pMON64151 were tested to confirm the presence and intactness of the TIC809 and TIC810 coding sequences. Leaves and roots from these events were tested at the 6 leaf stage using an ET29 ELISA to determine the levels

of TIC809 protein accumulation. Plants transformed with pMON64150 exhibited on average about 1.5 ppm TIC809 per plant, while plants transformed with pMON64151 exhibited on average about 0.4 pm TIC809 per plant. pMON64150 plants exhibited TIC809 root accumulation levels from about 0.4 to about 6 ppm, with more than two thirds of the events exhibiting TIC809 levels at least about 1 ppm. Leaf tissue consistently exhibited levels of TIC809 accumulation below the limits of detection for the assay.

Average root accumulation of TIC809 was greater in pMON64151 events than in events generated using the chloroplast targeted pMON64150 expression cassettes (pMON64151, 6.6 ppm vs pMON64150, 1.4 ppm). These results are consistent with the results obtained using constructs in which TIC809 was expressed from the e35S promoter (pMON64138 and pMON64139). The greatest difference between plants expressing TIC809 from the RCc3 versus the e35S promoter was the lack of accumulation of TIC809 in leaves when expression was controlled by the RCc3 promoter. Both pMON64150 and pMON64151 events exhibited normal phenotypes.

Example 10

This example illustrates Hemipteran species insecticidal bioactivity of compositions comprising TIC 809 and TIC 810, and homologs thereof as disclosed herein.

Compositions comprising ET29 and/or TIC809 or ET37 have been disclosed herein to be insecticidal to Coleopteran species of insect pests. TIC810 and TIC812 have not demonstrated insecticidal bioactivity to Coleopteran insect species, but as disclosed herein, are useful for facilitating the high level expression and stability of ET29 and/or TIC809 and ET37. ET29 had also previously demonstrated insecticidal bioactivity directed to *Ctenocephalides* species, and it is anticipated that ET37 would also demonstrate activity to this species. It was speculated that TIC810 and/or TIC812 also exhibit insecticidal bioactivity and so these proteins were tested in bioassay against other plant pests, for example against Hemipteran insect pest species such as *Lygus hesperus* (Western Tarnished Plant Bug; WTPB).

The WTPB, is a phytophagous, piercing-sucking insect that attacks numerous weeds and crops. The WTPB damages agricultural crops, including cotton, by direct feeding damage. An assay for testing insecticidal compositions using this class of insects must allow for the insect's natural feeding behavior. The feeding assay employed is based on a 96 well micro-titer plate format using a sachet system as described by Habibi et al., (*Archives of Insect Biochem. and Phys.* 50: 62-74 (2002)). The WTPB artificial diet is supplied by Bio-Serv® (Bio-Serv® Diet F9644B, Frenchtown, N.J.).

Five hundred and eighteen milliliters of autoclaved, boiling water are combined with 156.3 grams of Bio-Serv® Diet F9644B in a surface sterilized blender. The contents of four surface sterilized chicken eggs are added and the mixture is blended until smooth, then adjusted to one liter total volume and allowed to cool. Toxin samples are prepared by mixing twenty microliters of sample in the desired concentration with two hundred microliters of blended diet (1:10). Depending upon the number of individual samples desired for testing this amount can be scaled up or down.

A sheet of Parafilm® (Pechiney Plastic Packing, Chicago, Ill.) is placed over a vacuum manifold designed for 96-well format (Analytical Research Systems, Gainesville, Fla.) and a vacuum of approximately -20 millimeters mercury is applied, which is sufficient to cause extrusion of the Parafilm® into the wells. Forty microliters of test sample are

added to the Parafilm® wells. A sheet of Mylar film (Clear Lam Packaging, Inc., Elk Grove Village, Ill.) is then placed over the Parafilm® and sealed gently with a tacking iron (Bienfang Sealector II, Hunt Corporation, Philadelphia, Pa.). The Parafilm® sachets are then placed over a flat-bottom 96-well plate containing WTPB eggs suspended in agarose. Upon hatching, WTPB nymphs will feed by piercing the sachet that is presented above them. Extraoral digestion as a result of extrusion of WTPB oral secretions into the sachet may lead to proteolysis and degradation of diet contents prior to ingestion by the insect. To assure intact protein was being presented to the insect in its diet, the diet sachets are replaced every two days. This enhancement allows for longer presentation of the intact diet contents over the course of the feeding assay. Insect diet sachets are replaced on days two, four and six. Stunting and mortality scores are determined on day 8 and compared to the untreated check (UTC).

The proteins ET29 (or TIC809), TIC810, ET37 and TIC812 (U.S. Patent Application No. 60/713,111), were tested individually and in combinations such as, for example, TIC809 plus TIC810, for their toxicity to the WTPB. Crystal proteins were expressed in the acrySTALLIFEROUS *Bacillus thuringiensis* strain EG10650 and purified over sucrose step gradients to eliminate spores and cell debris. Sucrose step gradients (10 mL each of 55-, 70- and 79-% sucrose in 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1 mM EDTA, 0.005% Triton X-100, pH 7.5) were prepared in 25-by 89-mm Ultra-Clear centrifuge tubes (Beckman Instruments, Inc., Palo Alto, Calif.). Spore-crystal suspensions were layered on top of the gradients and centrifuged at 18,000 rpm (4° C.) for 4-18 hr in an ultracentrifuge equipped with a SW28 rotor. Protein crystals were recovered from either the 55-70% or the 70-79% sucrose interface and suspended in 25 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.5. Initial bioassays contained the purified Bt insecticidal proteins at a final concentration of 200 parts per million (ppm). The Coleopteran specific toxin, Cry3Bb1 (Donovan et al., Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 58: 3921-3927 (1992)), the Lepidopteran specific toxin Cry1Ac (Baum et al., Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 56:3420-3428 (1990)), and the Lepidopteran specific toxin Cry1Bb1 (U.S. Pat. No. 5,322,687) were each included as negative controls in the feeding assay. Surprisingly, WTPB nymphs exhibited stunting and mortality when exposed to the combination of the TIC810 plus ET29 proteins and as expected, no stunting and mortality were detected when exposed only to ET29, or to any of the other BT proteins Cry3Bb1, Cry1Ac, or Cry1Bb1, all of which exhibited no significant difference when compared to the untreated control.

The *Lygus* bioassays were expanded to include individual crystal preparations of TIC810, TIC812, and a mixture of TIC812 and ET37. Similar to the results described above, only the combination of the two proteins exhibited significant insecticidal activity. TIC810 plus ET29 and TIC812 plus ET37 exhibited significant mortality and mass reduction when compared to untreated controls or to the bioassays using only the individual proteins. However, combinations of TIC810 plus ET29 (or TIC809) exhibited greater mortality and mass reduction than the TIC812 plus ET37 combination.

The results of these bioassays indicated that neither TIC810 nor TIC812 alone are toxic to WTPB, and that a mixture of either TIC810 and ET29 or of TIC812 and ET37 is toxic to WTPB, similar to the results observed when tested against corn rootworm larvae.

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Example 11

This example illustrates construction of cassettes for expressing TIC809 and/or TIC810, and homologs thereof.

Plant transformation vectors are constructed to achieve high-level expression of rootworm-toxic TIC809 and/or ET37 proteins in plants. Vectors containing TIC812 and ET37 coding sequences may be used to co-express TIC812 and ET37 protein, thereby achieving insect protected plants exhibiting high levels of in planta ET37 protein production. Co-expression of TIC810 along with ET37 is sufficient for achieving stable high levels of accumulation of ET37 in a host cell. Similarly, co-expression of TIC812 along with ET29 or even TIC809 is sufficient to achieve stable high levels of accumulation of ET29 or TIC809 in a host cell. As indicated hereinabove,

It is anticipated that proteins of the Cyt1 and Cyt2 class that exhibits from about 15 to about 100 percent amino acid sequence similarity to ET29 and/or ET37 will exhibit improved expression and/or accumulation when expressed in a host cell along with TIC810, TIC812, or an orthologous or homologous protein exhibiting an amino acid sequence that

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exhibits from about 50 to about 100% amino acid sequence similarity to TIC810 or TIC812, and that any negative phenotypic effects caused by such Cyt protein expression will be ameliorated by co-expression of such Cyt protein with TIC810, TIC812, or variants thereof.

The above specification describes preferred embodiments of the present invention. It will be understood by those skilled in the art that, without departing from the scope and spirit of the present invention and without undue experimentation, the present invention can be performed within a wide range of equivalent parameters. While the present invention has been described in connection with specific embodiments thereof, it will be understood that it is capable of further modifications. The present invention is intended to cover any uses, variations, or adaptations of the invention following the principles of the invention in general. Various permutations and combination of the elements provided in all the claims that follow are possible and fall within the scope of this invention.

All publications, patents and published patent applications referred to in this specification are herein incorporated by reference as if each individual publication or patent was specially and individually stated to be incorporated by reference.

SEQUENCE LISTING

<160> NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 47

<210> SEQ ID NO 1

<211> LENGTH: 696

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: *Bacillus thuringiensis*

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: CDS

<222> LOCATION: (1)..(696)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: ET37

<400> SEQUENCE: 1

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1 5 10 15	
gtt aat tat agt gaa att tat cag gta gct cca caa tat gtg aat caa	96
Val Asn Tyr Ser Glu Ile Tyr Gln Val Ala Pro Gln Tyr Val Asn Gln	
20 25 30	
gct ctt acg cta gct aaa tat ttc caa gga gca att gat ggt tca aca	144
Ala Leu Thr Leu Ala Lys Tyr Phe Gln Gly Ala Ile Asp Gly Ser Thr	
35 40 45	
tta cgt ttt gat ttt gaa aaa gcc tta caa att gca aat gat att cca	192
Leu Arg Phe Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Ile Ala Asn Asp Ile Pro	
50 55 60	
cag gca gca gtg gta aac act tta aat caa act gtg cag caa ggt aca	240
Gln Ala Ala Val Val Asn Thr Leu Asn Gln Thr Val Gln Gln Gly Thr	
65 70 75 80	
gtc caa gta tca gtg atg ata gac aag att gta gac att atg aag aat	288
Val Gln Val Ser Val Met Ile Asp Lys Ile Val Asp Ile Met Lys Asn	
85 90 95	
gta tta tct att gta att gat aac aaa aag ttt tgg gat cag gta aca	336
Val Leu Ser Ile Val Ile Asp Asn Lys Lys Phe Trp Asp Gln Val Thr	
100 105 110	
gct gct att aca aat aca ttc aca aat cta aat tcg caa gaa agc gaa	384
Ala Ala Ile Thr Asn Thr Phe Thr Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser Glu	
115 120 125	
gca tgg att ttt tat tac aaa gaa gat gca cat aaa act agt tac tat	432
Ala Trp Ile Phe Tyr Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ala His Lys Thr Ser Tyr Tyr	
130 135 140	
tat aat atc tta ttt gct ata cag gat gag gaa aca ggt ggg gta atg	480

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Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Ala Ile Gln Asp Glu Glu Thr Gly Gly Val Met
145                      150                      155                      160

gcg aca tta ccg att gca ttt gat att agt gta gat att gaa aaa gaa      528
Ala Thr Leu Pro Ile Ala Phe Asp Ile Ser Val Asp Ile Glu Lys Glu
                      165                      170                      175

aag gtt cta ttt gtt act atc aag gat act gaa aat tat gct gtt aca      576
Lys Val Leu Phe Val Thr Ile Lys Asp Thr Glu Asn Tyr Ala Val Thr
                      180                      185                      190

gta aaa gct att aat gta gta caa gca ctt caa tct tcc cga gat tca      624
Val Lys Ala Ile Asn Val Val Gln Ala Leu Gln Ser Ser Arg Asp Ser
                      195                      200                      205

aaa gtt gta gat gct ttt aaa tcg cca cgt cac tta cct aga aaa aga      672
Lys Val Val Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Pro Arg His Leu Pro Arg Lys Arg
                      210                      215                      220

cat aca att tgt agt aac tct taa      696
His Thr Ile Cys Ser Asn Ser
225                      230

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<210> SEQ ID NO 2

<211> LENGTH: 231

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Bacillus thuringiensis

<400> SEQUENCE: 2

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20                      25                      30

Ala Leu Thr Leu Ala Lys Tyr Phe Gln Gly Ala Ile Asp Gly Ser Thr
35                      40                      45

Leu Arg Phe Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Ile Ala Asn Asp Ile Pro
50                      55                      60

Gln Ala Ala Val Val Asn Thr Leu Asn Gln Thr Val Gln Gln Gly Thr
65                      70                      75                      80

Val Gln Val Ser Val Met Ile Asp Lys Ile Val Asp Ile Met Lys Asn
85                      90                      95

Val Leu Ser Ile Val Ile Asp Asn Lys Lys Phe Trp Asp Gln Val Thr
100                     105                     110

Ala Ala Ile Thr Asn Thr Phe Thr Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser Glu
115                     120                     125

Ala Trp Ile Phe Tyr Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ala His Lys Thr Ser Tyr Tyr
130                     135                     140

Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Ala Ile Gln Asp Glu Glu Thr Gly Gly Val Met
145                      150                      155                      160

Ala Thr Leu Pro Ile Ala Phe Asp Ile Ser Val Asp Ile Glu Lys Glu
165                      170                      175

Lys Val Leu Phe Val Thr Ile Lys Asp Thr Glu Asn Tyr Ala Val Thr
180                      185                      190

Val Lys Ala Ile Asn Val Val Gln Ala Leu Gln Ser Ser Arg Asp Ser
195                      200                      205

Lys Val Val Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Pro Arg His Leu Pro Arg Lys Arg
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His Thr Ile Cys Ser Asn Ser
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<222> LOCATION: (1)..(657)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC810

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1          5          10          15

tta tat tta aaa ata ctt gct ttt gta aaa cct gag cat ttt ttt caa      96
Leu Tyr Leu Lys Ile Leu Ala Phe Val Lys Pro Glu His Phe Phe Gln
          20          25          30

gca tat tta tta tgt aga gaa ttt gag tct atc gta gat cct aca aca      144
Ala Tyr Leu Leu Cys Arg Glu Phe Glu Ser Ile Val Asp Pro Thr Thr
          35          40          45

aga gaa tcg gat ttt gac aaa aca ctt acc att gta aag agt gat tca      192
Arg Glu Ser Asp Phe Asp Lys Thr Leu Thr Ile Val Lys Ser Asp Ser
          50          55          60

act tta gtt acg gtt ggt aca atg aat act aaa ctt gtg aat agt caa      240
Thr Leu Val Thr Val Gly Thr Met Asn Thr Lys Leu Val Asn Ser Gln
65          70          75          80

gaa att cta gtt agt gat ttg att acg caa gtt gga agt cag ata gct      288
Glu Ile Leu Val Ser Asp Leu Ile Thr Gln Val Gly Ser Gln Ile Ala
          85          90          95

gat acc tta ggt att aca gac att gat gca aat aca cag caa caa tta      336
Asp Thr Leu Gly Ile Thr Asp Ile Asp Ala Asn Thr Gln Gln Gln Leu
          100          105          110

aca gaa tta att gga aat tta ttt gtg aat ctg aat tct caa gtt caa      384
Thr Glu Leu Ile Gly Asn Leu Phe Val Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Val Gln
          115          120          125

gaa tat att tat ttt tat gag gaa aaa gaa aag caa aca agt tat cgc      432
Glu Tyr Ile Tyr Phe Tyr Glu Glu Lys Glu Lys Gln Thr Ser Tyr Arg
          130          135          140

tat aac atc ctt ttc gtt ttt gaa aaa gag tct ttt atc acc att tta      480
Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Val Phe Glu Lys Glu Ser Phe Ile Thr Ile Leu
          145          150          155          160

cca atg gga ttc gat gtg act gtg aac act aat aaa gaa gcg gtt ctt      528
Pro Met Gly Phe Asp Val Thr Val Asn Thr Asn Lys Glu Ala Val Leu
          165          170          175

aag tta aca cct aaa gat aaa gtc act tat ggt cat gta tca gta aaa      576
Lys Leu Thr Pro Lys Asp Lys Val Thr Tyr Gly His Val Ser Val Lys
          180          185          190

gct tta aat att att caa ctt atc aca gaa gat aaa ttt aac ttt ctt      624
Ala Leu Asn Ile Ile Gln Leu Ile Thr Glu Asp Lys Phe Asn Phe Leu
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gct aca tta aaa aag gca cta aaa act cta taa      657
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          210          215

<210> SEQ ID NO 4
<211> LENGTH: 218
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Bacillus thuringiensis

<400> SEQUENCE: 4

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          20          25          30

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Ala	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Cys	Arg	Glu	Phe	Glu	Ser	Ile	Val	Asp	Pro	Thr	Thr		
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Arg	Glu	Ser	Asp	Phe	Asp	Lys	Thr	Leu	Thr	Ile	Val	Lys	Ser	Asp	Ser		
	50					55					60						
Thr	Leu	Val	Thr	Val	Gly	Thr	Met	Asn	Thr	Lys	Leu	Val	Asn	Ser	Gln		
	65				70					75					80		
Glu	Ile	Leu	Val	Ser	Asp	Leu	Ile	Thr	Gln	Val	Gly	Ser	Gln	Ile	Ala		
				85					90					95			
Asp	Thr	Leu	Gly	Ile	Thr	Asp	Ile	Asp	Ala	Asn	Thr	Gln	Gln	Gln	Leu		
			100					105					110				
Thr	Glu	Leu	Ile	Gly	Asn	Leu	Phe	Val	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ser	Gln	Val	Gln		
		115					120					125					
Glu	Tyr	Ile	Tyr	Phe	Tyr	Glu	Glu	Lys	Glu	Lys	Gln	Thr	Ser	Tyr	Arg		
	130					135					140						
Tyr	Asn	Ile	Leu	Phe	Val	Phe	Glu	Lys	Glu	Ser	Phe	Ile	Thr	Ile	Leu		
	145				150					155					160		
Pro	Met	Gly	Phe	Asp	Val	Thr	Val	Asn	Thr	Asn	Lys	Glu	Ala	Val	Leu		
				165					170					175			
Lys	Leu	Thr	Pro	Lys	Asp	Lys	Val	Thr	Tyr	Gly	His	Val	Ser	Val	Lys		
		180						185					190				
Ala	Leu	Asn	Ile	Ile	Gln	Leu	Ile	Thr	Glu	Asp	Lys	Phe	Asn	Phe	Leu		
		195					200					205					
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	210					215											

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 <211> LENGTH: 657
 <212> TYPE: DNA
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 <222> LOCATION: (1)..(657)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC812

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tta tat tta aaa ata ctt gct ttt gta aaa cct gag cat ttt ttt caa	96
Leu Tyr Leu Lys Ile Leu Ala Phe Val Lys Pro Glu His Phe Phe Gln	
20 25 30	
gca tat tta tta tgt aga gaa ttt gag tct atc gta gat cct aca aca	144
Ala Tyr Leu Leu Cys Arg Glu Phe Glu Ser Ile Val Asp Pro Thr Thr	
35 40 45	
aga gaa ttg gat ttt gac aaa acg ctt acc att gta aag agt gat tca	192
Arg Glu Leu Asp Phe Asp Lys Thr Leu Thr Ile Val Lys Ser Asp Ser	
50 55 60	
act tta gtt acg gtt ggt aca atg aat act aaa ctt gtg aat agt caa	240
Thr Leu Val Thr Val Gly Thr Met Asn Thr Lys Leu Val Asn Ser Gln	
65 70 75 80	
gaa att cta gtt agt gat ttg att aag caa gtt gga agt cag ata gct	288
Glu Ile Leu Val Ser Asp Leu Ile Lys Gln Val Gly Ser Gln Ile Ala	
85 90 95	
gat acc tta ggt att aca gac att gat gca aat aca cag caa cga tta	336
Asp Thr Leu Gly Ile Thr Asp Ile Asp Ala Asn Thr Gln Gln Arg Leu	
100 105 110	
acg gaa tta att gaa aat tta ttt gtg aat ctg aat tct caa gtt caa	384
Thr Glu Leu Ile Glu Asn Leu Phe Val Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Val Gln	
115 120 125	

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gac tat att tat ttt tat gag gaa aaa gaa aag caa aca agt tat cgc	432
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130 135 140	
tat aac atc ctt ttc gtt ttt gaa aaa gag tct ttt atc acc att tta	480
Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Val Phe Glu Lys Glu Ser Phe Ile Thr Ile Leu	
145 150 155 160	
cca atg gga ttc gat gtg act gtg aac act aat aaa gaa gcg gtt ctt	528
Pro Met Gly Phe Asp Val Thr Val Asn Thr Asn Lys Glu Ala Val Leu	
165 170 175	
aag tta aca cct aaa gat aaa gtc act tat ggt cat gta tca gta aaa	576
Lys Leu Thr Pro Lys Asp Lys Val Thr Tyr Gly His Val Ser Val Lys	
180 185 190	
gct tta aat att att caa ttt atc aca gaa gat aaa ttg aac ttt ctt	624
Ala Leu Asn Ile Ile Gln Phe Ile Thr Glu Asp Lys Leu Asn Phe Leu	
195 200 205	
gct aca tta aaa aag gca cta aaa act cta taa	657
Ala Thr Leu Lys Lys Ala Leu Lys Thr Leu	
210 215	

<210> SEQ ID NO 6
 <211> LENGTH: 218
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Bacillus thuringiensis

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35 40 45	
Arg Glu Leu Asp Phe Asp Lys Thr Leu Thr Ile Val Lys Ser Asp Ser	
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Glu Ile Leu Val Ser Asp Leu Ile Lys Gln Val Gly Ser Gln Ile Ala	
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Asp Thr Leu Gly Ile Thr Asp Ile Asp Ala Asn Thr Gln Gln Arg Leu	
100 105 110	
Thr Glu Leu Ile Glu Asn Leu Phe Val Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Val Gln	
115 120 125	
Asp Tyr Ile Tyr Phe Tyr Glu Glu Lys Glu Lys Gln Thr Ser Tyr Arg	
130 135 140	
Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Val Phe Glu Lys Glu Ser Phe Ile Thr Ile Leu	
145 150 155 160	
Pro Met Gly Phe Asp Val Thr Val Asn Thr Asn Lys Glu Ala Val Leu	
165 170 175	
Lys Leu Thr Pro Lys Asp Lys Val Thr Tyr Gly His Val Ser Val Lys	
180 185 190	
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210 215	

<210> SEQ ID NO 7
 <211> LENGTH: 696
 <212> TYPE: DNA

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<213> ORGANISM: *Bacillus thuringiensis*

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<221> NAME/KEY: CDS

<222> LOCATION: (1)..(696)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: ET29

<400> SEQUENCE: 7

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gtt aat tat agt gaa att tat cag gta gct cca caa tat gtg aat caa      96
Val Asn Tyr Ser Glu Ile Tyr Gln Val Ala Pro Gln Tyr Val Asn Gln
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gct ctt acg cta gct aaa tat ttc caa gga gca att gat ggt tca aca    144
Ala Leu Thr Leu Ala Lys Tyr Phe Gln Gly Ala Ile Asp Gly Ser Thr
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tta cgt ttt gat ttt gaa aaa gcc tta caa att gca aat gat att cca    192
Leu Arg Phe Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Ile Ala Asn Asp Ile Pro
          50           55           60

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cag gca gca gtg gta aac act tta aat caa act gtg cag caa ggt aca    240
Gln Ala Ala Val Val Asn Thr Leu Asn Gln Thr Val Gln Gln Gly Thr
          65           70           75           80

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gtc caa gta tca gtg atg ata gac aag att gta gac att atg aag aat    288
Val Gln Val Ser Val Met Ile Asp Lys Ile Val Asp Ile Met Lys Asn
          85           90           95

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gta tta tct att gta att gat aac aaa aag ttt tgg gat cag gta aca    336
Val Leu Ser Ile Val Ile Asp Asn Lys Lys Phe Trp Asp Gln Val Thr
          100          105          110

```

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gct gct att aca aat aca ttc aca aat cta aat tcg caa gaa agc gaa    384
Ala Ala Ile Thr Asn Thr Phe Thr Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser Glu
          115          120          125

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gca tgg att ttt tat tac aaa gaa gat gca cat aaa act agt tac tat    432
Ala Trp Ile Phe Tyr Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ala His Lys Thr Ser Tyr Tyr
          130          135          140

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tat aat atc tta ttt gct ata cag gat gag gaa aca ggt ggg gta atg    480
Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Ala Ile Gln Asp Glu Glu Thr Gly Gly Val Met
          145          150          155          160

```

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gcg aca tta ccg att gca ttt gat att agt gta gat att gaa aaa gaa    528
Ala Thr Leu Pro Ile Ala Phe Asp Ile Ser Val Asp Ile Glu Lys Glu
          165          170          175

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aag gtt cta ttt gtt act atc aag gat act gaa aat tat gcg gtt aca    576
Lys Val Leu Phe Val Thr Ile Lys Asp Thr Glu Asn Tyr Ala Val Thr
          180          185          190

```

```

gta aaa gct att aat gta gta caa gca ctt caa tct tcc cga gat tca    624
Val Lys Ala Ile Asn Val Val Gln Ala Leu Gln Ser Ser Arg Asp Ser
          195          200          205

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aaa gtt gta gat gct ttt aaa tcg cca cgt cac tta cct aga aaa aga    672
Lys Val Val Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Pro Arg His Leu Pro Arg Lys Arg
          210          215          220

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cat aaa att tgt agt aac tct taa      696
His Lys Ile Cys Ser Asn Ser
225          230

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<210> SEQ ID NO 8

<211> LENGTH: 231

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: *Bacillus thuringiensis*

<400> SEQUENCE: 8

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Met Phe Phe Asn Arg Val Ile Thr Leu Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asp Val
1           5           10           15

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Val	Asn	Tyr	Ser	Glu	Ile	Tyr	Gln	Val	Ala	Pro	Gln	Tyr	Val	Asn	Gln
	20						25						30		
Ala	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ala	Lys	Tyr	Phe	Gln	Gly	Ala	Ile	Asp	Gly	Ser	Thr
	35					40					45				
Leu	Arg	Phe	Asp	Phe	Glu	Lys	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ile	Ala	Asn	Asp	Ile	Pro
	50					55					60				
Gln	Ala	Ala	Val	Val	Asn	Thr	Leu	Asn	Gln	Thr	Val	Gln	Gln	Gly	Thr
	65				70				75					80	
Val	Gln	Val	Ser	Val	Met	Ile	Asp	Lys	Ile	Val	Asp	Ile	Met	Lys	Asn
			85					90					95		
Val	Leu	Ser	Ile	Val	Ile	Asp	Asn	Lys	Lys	Phe	Trp	Asp	Gln	Val	Thr
		100						105					110		
Ala	Ala	Ile	Thr	Asn	Thr	Phe	Thr	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ser	Gln	Glu	Ser	Glu
	115						120					125			
Ala	Trp	Ile	Phe	Tyr	Tyr	Lys	Glu	Asp	Ala	His	Lys	Thr	Ser	Tyr	Tyr
	130					135					140				
Tyr	Asn	Ile	Leu	Phe	Ala	Ile	Gln	Asp	Glu	Glu	Thr	Gly	Gly	Val	Met
	145				150				155					160	
Ala	Thr	Leu	Pro	Ile	Ala	Phe	Asp	Ile	Ser	Val	Asp	Ile	Glu	Lys	Glu
			165					170					175		
Lys	Val	Leu	Phe	Val	Thr	Ile	Lys	Asp	Thr	Glu	Asn	Tyr	Ala	Val	Thr
		180					185						190		
Val	Lys	Ala	Ile	Asn	Val	Val	Gln	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser	Arg	Asp	Ser
	195						200					205			
Lys	Val	Val	Asp	Ala	Phe	Lys	Ser	Pro	Arg	His	Leu	Pro	Arg	Lys	Arg
	210					215					220				
His	Lys	Ile	Cys	Ser	Asn	Ser									
	225				230										

<210> SEQ ID NO 9
 <211> LENGTH: 1411
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Bacillus thuringiensis
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (1)..(1411)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC810 ORF 1-657; ET29 ORF 716-1411

<400> SEQUENCE: 9

atgagtaaag aaattcgttt aaatttgagt agagaatcag gggcagattt atatttaaaa	60
atacttgctt ttgtaaaacc tgagcatttt tttcaagcat atttattatg tagagaattt	120
gagtcctatcg tagatcctac aacaagagaa tcggattttg acaaaacact taccattgta	180
aagagtgatt caactttagt tacggttggt acaatgaata ctaaacttgt gaatagtcaa	240
gaaattctag ttagtgattt gattacgcaa gttggaagtc agatagctga taccttaggt	300
attacagaca ttgatgcaaa tacacagcaa caattaacag aattaattgg aaatttattt	360
gtgaatctga attctcaagt tcaagaatat atttattttt atgaggaaaa agaaaagcaa	420
acaagttatc gctataacat ccttttcggt tttgaaaaag agtcttttat caccatttta	480
ccaatgggat tcgatgtgac tgtgaacact aataaagaag cggttcttaa gttaacacct	540
aaagataaag tcacttatgg tcatgtatca gtaaaagctt taaatattat tcaacttatc	600
acagaagata aatttaactt tcttgctaca ttaaaaaagg cactaaaaac tctataagcg	660
ggttaagtag gtaaaataga attaaaatga aacagtatga aaggggtaat tttatatgtt	720
ctttaatcgc gttattacat taacagtacc atcttcagat gtggttaatt atagtgaat	780

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ttatcaggta gctccacaat atgtgaatca agctcttacg ctagctaaat atttccaagg      840
agcaattgat ggttcaacat tacgttttga ttttgaaaaa gccttacaaa ttgcaaatga      900
tattccacag gcagcagtggt taaacacttt aaatcaaaact gtgcagcaag gtacagtcca      960
agtatcagtg atgatagaca agattgtaga cattatgaag aatgtattat ctattgtaat     1020
tgataacaaa aagttttggg atcaggtaac agctgctatt acaaatacat tcacaaatct     1080
aaattcgcaa gaaagcgaag catggatttt ttattacaaa gaagatgcac ataaaactag     1140
ttactattat aatatcttat ttgctatata ggatgaggaa acaggtgggg taatggcgac     1200
attaccgatt gcatttgata ttagtgtaga tattgaaaaa gaaaagggtc tatttgttac     1260
tatcaaggat actgaaaatt atgctgttac agtaaaagct attaatgtag tacaagcact     1320
tcaatcttcc cgagattcaa aagttgtaga tgcttttaaa tcgccacgtc acttacctag     1380
aaaaagacat aaaatttgta gtaactctta a                                     1411

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<210> SEQ ID NO 10
<211> LENGTH: 1411
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Bacillus thuringiensis
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (1) .. (1411)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC812 ORF 1-657; ET37 ORF 716-1411

<400> SEQUENCE: 10

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atgagtaaag aaattcgttt aaatttgagt agagaatcag gggcagattt atatttaaaa      60
atacttgctt ttgtaaaacc tgagcatttt tttcaagcat atttattatg tagagaattt     120
gagtctatcg tagatcctac aacaagagaa ttggattttg acaaaacgct taccattgta     180
aagagtgatt caactttagt tacggttggt acaatgaata ctaaacttgt gaatagtcaa     240
gaaattctag ttagtgattt gattaagcaa gttggaagtc agatagctga taccttaggt     300
attacagaca ttgatgcaaa tacacagcaa cgattaacgg aattaattga aaatttattt     360
gtgaatctga attctcaagt tcaagactat atttattttt atgaggaaaa agaaaagcaa     420
acaagttatc gctataacat ccttttcggt tttgaaaaag agtcttttat caccatttta     480
ccaatgggat tcgatgtgac tgtgaacact aataaagaag cggttcttaa gttaacacct     540
aaagataaag tcacttatgg tcattgtatca gtaaaagctt taaatattat tcaatttatc     600
acagaagata aattgaaact tcttgctaca ttaaaaaagg cactaaaaac tctataagtg     660
ggttaagtag gtaaaataga attaaaatga aacagtatga aaggggtaat tttatatgtt     720
ctttaatcgc gttattacat taacagtacc atcttcagat gtggttaatt atagtgaaat     780
ttatcaggta gctccacaat atgtgaatca agctcttacg ctagctaaat atttccaagg      840
agcaattgat ggttcaacat tacgttttga ttttgaaaaa gccttacaaa ttgcaaatga      900
tattccacag gcagcagtggt taaacacttt aaatcaaaact gtgcagcaag gtacagtcca      960
agtatcagtg atgatagaca agattgtaga cattatgaag aatgtattat ctattgtaat     1020
tgataacaaa aagttttggg atcaggtaac agctgctatt acaaatacat tcacaaatct     1080
aaattcgcaa gaaagcgaag catggatttt ttattacaaa gaagatgcac ataaaactag     1140
ttactattat aatatcttat ttgctatata ggatgaggaa acaggtgggg taatggcgac     1200
attaccgatt gcatttgata ttagtgtaga tattgaaaaa gaaaagggtc tatttgttac     1260
tatcaaggat actgaaaatt atgctgttac agtaaaagct attaatgtag tacaagcact     1320

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tcaatcttcc cgagattcaa aagttgtaga tgctttttaa tcgccacgtc acttacctag	1380
aaaaagacat acaatttgta gtaactctta a	1411

<210> SEQ ID NO 11
 <211> LENGTH: 1531
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: ORF TIC810 1-657; ORF ET37 716 - 1411
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (1)..(1531)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC810 ORF 1-657; ET37 ORF 716-1411

<400> SEQUENCE: 11

gaattcgccc ttgcctaggt atgagtaaag aaattcgttt aaatttgagt agagaatcag	60
gggcagattt atatttaaaa atacttgctt ttgtaaaacc tgagcatttt tttcaagcat	120
atttattatg tagagaattt gagtctatcg tagatcctac aacaagagaa tcggattttg	180
acaaaacact taccattgta aagagtgatt caactttagt tacggttggg acaatgaata	240
ctaaacttgt gaatagtc aaattctag ttagtgattt gattacgcaa gttggaagtc	300
agatagctga taccttaggt attacagaca ttgatgcaa tacacagcaa caattaacag	360
aattaattgg aaatttatgt gtgaatctga attctcaagt tcaagaatat atttattttt	420
atgaggaaaa agaaaagcaa acaagttatc gctataacat ccttttcggt ttgaaaaag	480
agtcttttat caccatttta ccaatgggat tcgatgtgac tgtgaacact aataaagaag	540
cggttcttaa gttaacacct aaagataaag tcacttatgg tcatgtatca gtaaaagctt	600
taaatattat tcaacttatc acagaagata aatttaactt tcttgctaca ttaaaaaag	660
cactaaaaac tctataagcg ggtaagtag gtaaaataga attaaatga aacagtatga	720
aaggggtaat tttatagtgt ctttaatcgc gttattacat taacagtacc atcttcagat	780
gtgggttaatt atagtgaat ttatcaggta gctccacaat atgtgaatca agctcttacg	840
ctagctaaat atttccaagg agcaattgat ggttcaacat tacgttttga ttttgaaaaa	900
gccttacaaa ttgcaaatga tattccacag gcagcagtg taaacacttt aaatcaaact	960
gtgcagcaag gtacagtcca agtatcagtg atgatagaca agattgtaga cattatgaag	1020
aatgtattat ctattgtaat tgataacaaa aagttttggg atcaggtaac agctgctatt	1080
acaaatacat tcacaaatct aaattcgcaa gaaagcgaag catggatttt ttattacaaa	1140
gaagatgcac ataaaactag ttactattat aatatcttat ttgctataca ggatgaggaa	1200
acaggtgggg taatggcgac attaccgatt gcatttgata ttagtgtaga tattgaaaaa	1260
gaaaagggtc tatttggtac tatcaaggat actgaaaatt atgctgttac agtaaaagct	1320
attaatgtag tacaagcact tcaatcttcc cgagattcaa aagttgtaga tgctttttaa	1380
tcgccacgtc acttacctag aaaaagacat acaatttgta gtaactctta agaagaccga	1440
caataagata aaatcttatt gcctatcttc ttagaataac aaatggctgt tatggggaag	1500
cactaaatgg actcgagtta agggcgaatt c	1531

<210> SEQ ID NO 12
 <211> LENGTH: 1531
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: ORF TIC812 1-657; ORF ET29 716-1411
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature

-continued

<222> LOCATION: (1) .. (1531)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC812 ORF 1-657; ET29 ORF 716-1411

<400> SEQUENCE: 12

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gaattcgccc ttgcctaggt atgagtaaag aaattcgttt aaatttgagt agagaatcag      60
gggcagattt atatttaaaa atacttgctt ttgtaaaacc tgagcatttt tttcaagcat      120
atttattatg tagagaattt gagtctatcg tagatcctac aacaagagaa ttggattttg      180
acaaaacgct taccattgta aagagtgatt caactttagt tacggttggg acaatgaata      240
ctaaacttgt gaatagtcaa gaaattctag ttagtgattt gattaagcaa gttggaagtc      300
agatagctga taccttaggt attacagaca ttgatgcaaa tacacagcaa cgattaacgg      360
aattaattga aaattttatt gtgaactctga attctcaagt tcaagactat atttattttt      420
atgaggaaaa agaaaagcaa acaagttatc gctataacat ccttttcggt ttgaaaaag      480
agtcttttat caccatttta ccaatgggat tcgatgtgac tgtgaacact aataaagaag      540
cgggttcttaa gttaacacct aaagataaag tcacttatgg tcatgtatca gtaaaagctt      600
taaatattat tcaattttat acagaagata aattgaactt tcttgctaca ttaaaaaagg      660
cactaaaaac tctataagtg ggttaagtag gtaaaataga attaaatga aacagtatga      720
aaggggtaat tttatatgtt ctttaatcgc gttattacat taacagtacc atcttcagat      780
gtgggtaatt atagtgaat ttatcaggta gctccacaat atgtgaatca agctcttacg      840
ctagctaaat atttccaagg agcaattgat ggttcaacat tacgttttga ttttgaaaaa      900
gccttacaaa ttgcaaatga tattccacag gcagcagtggt taaacacttt aaatcaaact      960
gtgcagcaag gtacagtcca agtatcagtg atgatagaca agattgtaga cattatgaag     1020
aatgtattat ctattgtaat tgataacaaa aagttttggg atcaggtaac agctgctatt     1080
acaaatacat tcacaaatct aaattcgcaa gaaagcgaag catggatttt ttattacaaa     1140
gaagatgcac ataaaactag ttactattat aatatcttat ttgctataca ggatgaggaa     1200
acaggtgggg taatggcgac attaccgatt gcatttgata ttagtgtaga tattgaaaaa     1260
gaaaagggtc tatttgttac tatcaaggat actgaaaatt atgcgggttac agtaaaagct     1320
attaatgtag tacaagcact tcaatcttcc cgagattcaa aagttgtaga tgctttttaa     1380
tcgccacgtc acttacctag aaaaagacat aaaatttgta gtaactctta agaagaccga     1440
caataagata aaatcttatt gtctatcttc ttagaataac aaatggctgt tatggggaag     1500
cactaaatgg actcgagtta agggcgaatt c                                     1531

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<210> SEQ ID NO 13

<211> LENGTH: 702

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic sequence for use in expressing TIC809
(ET29 MET-ALA) in planta

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: CDS

<222> LOCATION: (1) .. (702)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC809

<400> SEQUENCE: 13

```

atg gcc ttc ttc aac cgg gtg atc acc ctc acg gtg ccg tcg tca gac      48
Met Ala Phe Phe Asn Arg Val Ile Thr Leu Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asp
1             5             10             15

gtg gtc aac tac tcg gag atc tac cag gtg gct cct cag tat gtc aac      96
Val Val Asn Tyr Ser Glu Ile Tyr Gln Val Ala Pro Gln Tyr Val Asn
20             25             30

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cag gcc ctg acc ctg gcc aag tac ttc cag ggc gcc atc gac ggc agc Gln Ala Leu Thr Leu Ala Lys Tyr Phe Gln Gly Ala Ile Asp Gly Ser 35 40 45	144
acc ctg agg ttc gac ttc gag aag gcg tta cag atc gcc aac gac atc Thr Leu Arg Phe Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Ile Ala Asn Asp Ile 50 55 60	192
ccg cag gcc gcg gtg gtc aac acc ctg aac cag acc gtc cag cag ggg Pro Gln Ala Ala Val Val Asn Thr Leu Asn Gln Thr Val Gln Gln Gly 65 70 75 80	240
acc gtc cag gtc agc gtc atg atc gac aag atc gtg gac atc atg aag Thr Val Gln Val Ser Val Met Ile Asp Lys Ile Val Asp Ile Met Lys 85 90 95	288
aat gtc ctg tcc atc gtg ata gac aac aag aag ttt tgg gat cag gtc Asn Val Leu Ser Ile Val Ile Asp Asn Lys Lys Phe Trp Asp Gln Val 100 105 110	336
acg gct gcc atc acc aac acc ttc acg aac ctg aac agc cag gag tcg Thr Ala Ala Ile Thr Asn Thr Phe Thr Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser 115 120 125	384
gag gcc tgg atc ttc tat tac aag gag gac gcc cac aag acg tcc tac Glu Ala Trp Ile Phe Tyr Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ala His Lys Thr Ser Tyr 130 135 140	432
tat tac aac atc ctc ttc gcc atc cag gac gaa gag acg ggt gcc gtg Tyr Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Ala Ile Gln Asp Glu Glu Thr Gly Gly Val 145 150 155 160	480
atg gcc acg ctg ccc atc gcc ttc gac atc agt gtg gac atc gag aag Met Ala Thr Leu Pro Ile Ala Phe Asp Ile Ser Val Asp Ile Glu Lys 165 170 175	528
gag aag gtc ctg ttc gtg acc atc aag gac act gag aat tac gcc gtc Glu Lys Val Leu Phe Val Thr Ile Lys Asp Thr Glu Asn Tyr Ala Val 180 185 190	576
acc gtc aag gcg atc aac gtg gtc cag gca ctc cag tct agc agg gat Thr Val Lys Ala Ile Asn Val Val Gln Ala Leu Gln Ser Ser Arg Asp 195 200 205	624
tct aag gtg gtt gat gcg ttc aaa tcg cca cgg cac tta ccc cgg aag Ser Lys Val Val Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Pro Arg His Leu Pro Arg Lys 210 215 220	672
agg cat aag att tgc tct aac tcg tga tga Arg His Lys Ile Cys Ser Asn Ser 225 230	702

<210> SEQ ID NO 14

<211> LENGTH: 232

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Construct

<400> SEQUENCE: 14

Met Ala Phe Phe Asn Arg Val Ile Thr Leu Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asp 1 5 10 15
--

Val Val Asn Tyr Ser Glu Ile Tyr Gln Val Ala Pro Gln Tyr Val Asn 20 25 30

Gln Ala Leu Thr Leu Ala Lys Tyr Phe Gln Gly Ala Ile Asp Gly Ser 35 40 45

Thr Leu Arg Phe Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Ile Ala Asn Asp Ile 50 55 60

Pro Gln Ala Ala Val Val Asn Thr Leu Asn Gln Thr Val Gln Gln Gly 65 70 75 80
--

Thr Val Gln Val Ser Val Met Ile Asp Lys Ile Val Asp Ile Met Lys

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tac aac atc ctc ttc gtg ttc gaa aag gag tgc ttc atc acc att ctg	480
Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Val Phe Glu Lys Glu Ser Phe Ile Thr Ile Leu	
145 150 155 160	
cca atg ggc ttc gac gtg acc gtg aac acg aac aag gag gcc gtc ctg	528
Pro Met Gly Phe Asp Val Thr Val Asn Thr Asn Lys Glu Ala Val Leu	
165 170 175	
aag ctg acc ccg aag gac aag gtt acc tac ggc cac gtc agc gtc aag	576
Lys Leu Thr Pro Lys Asp Lys Val Thr Tyr Gly His Val Ser Val Lys	
180 185 190	
gcc ctc aac atc atc cag ctc att acg gag gac aag ttc aac ttc ctc	624
Ala Leu Asn Ile Ile Gln Leu Ile Thr Glu Asp Lys Phe Asn Phe Leu	
195 200 205	
gca acc ctc aag aag gct ctc aag acc ctg tga tga gaa ttc	666
Ala Thr Leu Lys Lys Ala Leu Lys Thr Leu Glu Phe	
210 215 220	

<210> SEQ ID NO 16
 <211> LENGTH: 218
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Construct

<400> SEQUENCE: 16

Met Ser Lys Glu Ile Arg Leu Asn Leu Ser Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Asp	
1 5 10 15	
Leu Tyr Leu Lys Ile Leu Ala Phe Val Lys Pro Glu His Phe Phe Gln	
20 25 30	
Ala Tyr Leu Leu Cys Arg Glu Phe Glu Ser Ile Val Asp Pro Thr Thr	
35 40 45	
Arg Glu Ser Asp Phe Asp Lys Thr Leu Thr Ile Val Lys Ser Asp Ser	
50 55 60	
Thr Leu Val Thr Val Gly Thr Met Asn Thr Lys Leu Val Asn Ser Gln	
65 70 75 80	
Glu Ile Leu Val Ser Asp Leu Ile Thr Gln Val Gly Ser Gln Ile Ala	
85 90 95	
Asp Thr Leu Gly Ile Thr Asp Ile Asp Ala Asn Thr Gln Gln Gln Leu	
100 105 110	
Thr Glu Leu Ile Gly Asn Leu Phe Val Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Val Gln	
115 120 125	
Glu Tyr Ile Tyr Phe Tyr Glu Glu Lys Glu Lys Gln Thr Ser Tyr Arg	
130 135 140	
Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Val Phe Glu Lys Glu Ser Phe Ile Thr Ile Leu	
145 150 155 160	
Pro Met Gly Phe Asp Val Thr Val Asn Thr Asn Lys Glu Ala Val Leu	
165 170 175	
Lys Leu Thr Pro Lys Asp Lys Val Thr Tyr Gly His Val Ser Val Lys	
180 185 190	
Ala Leu Asn Ile Ile Gln Leu Ile Thr Glu Asp Lys Phe Asn Phe Leu	
195 200 205	
Ala Thr Leu Lys Lys Ala Leu Lys Thr Leu	
210 215	

<210> SEQ ID NO 17
 <211> LENGTH: 699
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic sequence for expression of ET37 in
    planta
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(699)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: ET37

<400> SEQUENCE: 17

atg ttc ttc aac cgg gtg atc acc ctc acg gtg ccg tcg tca gac gtg      48
Met Phe Phe Asn Arg Val Ile Thr Leu Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asp Val
1             5             10             15

gtc aac tac tcg gag atc tac cag gtg gct cct cag tat gtc aac cag      96
Val Asn Tyr Ser Glu Ile Tyr Gln Val Ala Pro Gln Tyr Val Asn Gln
                20             25             30

gcc ctg acc ctg gcc aag tac ttc cag gcc gcc atc gac gcc agc acc     144
Ala Leu Thr Leu Ala Lys Tyr Phe Gln Gly Ala Ile Asp Gly Ser Thr
            35             40             45

ctg agg ttc gac ttc gag aag gcg tta cag atc gcc aac gac atc ccg     192
Leu Arg Phe Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Ile Ala Asn Asp Ile Pro
            50             55             60

cag gcc gcg gtg gtc aac acc ctg aac cag acc gtc cag cag ggg acc     240
Gln Ala Ala Val Val Asn Thr Leu Asn Gln Thr Val Gln Gln Gly Thr
65             70             75             80

gtc cag gtc agc gtc atg atc gac aag atc gtg gac atc atg aag aat     288
Val Gln Val Ser Val Met Ile Asp Lys Ile Val Asp Ile Met Lys Asn
            85             90             95

gtc ctg tcc atc gtg ata gac aac aag aag ttt tgg gat cag gtc acg     336
Val Leu Ser Ile Val Ile Asp Asn Lys Lys Phe Trp Asp Gln Val Thr
            100             105             110

gct gcc atc acc aac acc ttc acg aac ctg aac agc cag gag tcg gag     384
Ala Ala Ile Thr Asn Thr Phe Thr Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser Glu
            115             120             125

gcc tgg atc ttc tat tac aag gag gac gcc cac aag acg tcc tac tat     432
Ala Trp Ile Phe Tyr Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ala His Lys Thr Ser Tyr Tyr
            130             135             140

tac aac atc ctc ttc gcc atc cag gac gaa gag acg ggt gcc gtg atg     480
Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Ala Ile Gln Asp Glu Glu Thr Gly Gly Val Met
145             150             155             160

gcc acg ctg ccc atc gcc ttc gac atc agt gtg gac atc gag aag gag     528
Ala Thr Leu Pro Ile Ala Phe Asp Ile Ser Val Asp Ile Glu Lys Glu
            165             170             175

aag gtc ctg ttc gtg acc atc aag gac act gag aat tac gcc gtc acc     576
Lys Val Leu Phe Val Thr Ile Lys Asp Thr Glu Asn Tyr Ala Val Thr
            180             185             190

gtc aag gcg atc aac gtg gtc cag gca ctc cag tct agc agg gat tct     624
Val Lys Ala Ile Asn Val Val Gln Ala Leu Gln Ser Ser Arg Asp Ser
            195             200             205

aag gtg gtt gat gcg ttc aaa tcg cca cgg cac tta ccc cgg aag agg     672
Lys Val Val Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Pro Arg His Leu Pro Arg Lys Arg
210             215             220

cat acc att tgc tct aac tcg tga tga                                699
His Thr Ile Cys Ser Asn Ser
225             230

<210> SEQ ID NO 18
<211> LENGTH: 231
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Construct

<400> SEQUENCE: 18

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Met	Phe	Phe	Asn	Arg	Val	Ile	Thr	Leu	Thr	Val	Pro	Ser	Ser	Asp	Val	
1				5					10					15		
Val	Asn	Tyr	Ser	Glu	Ile	Tyr	Gln	Val	Ala	Pro	Gln	Tyr	Val	Asn	Gln	
			20					25					30			
Ala	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ala	Lys	Tyr	Phe	Gln	Gly	Ala	Ile	Asp	Gly	Ser	Thr	
			35					40					45			
Leu	Arg	Phe	Asp	Phe	Glu	Lys	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ile	Ala	Asn	Asp	Ile	Pro	
			50				55					60				
Gln	Ala	Ala	Val	Val	Asn	Thr	Leu	Asn	Gln	Thr	Val	Gln	Gln	Gly	Thr	
			65			70				75					80	
Val	Gln	Val	Ser	Val	Met	Ile	Asp	Lys	Ile	Val	Asp	Ile	Met	Lys	Asn	
				85					90					95		
Val	Leu	Ser	Ile	Val	Ile	Asp	Asn	Lys	Lys	Phe	Trp	Asp	Gln	Val	Thr	
				100					105					110		
Ala	Ala	Ile	Thr	Asn	Thr	Phe	Thr	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ser	Gln	Glu	Ser	Glu	
				115				120					125			
Ala	Trp	Ile	Phe	Tyr	Tyr	Lys	Glu	Asp	Ala	His	Lys	Thr	Ser	Tyr	Tyr	
			130				135					140				
Tyr	Asn	Ile	Leu	Phe	Ala	Ile	Gln	Asp	Glu	Glu	Thr	Gly	Gly	Val	Met	
			145			150				155					160	
Ala	Thr	Leu	Pro	Ile	Ala	Phe	Asp	Ile	Ser	Val	Asp	Ile	Glu	Lys	Glu	
				165					170					175		
Lys	Val	Leu	Phe	Val	Thr	Ile	Lys	Asp	Thr	Glu	Asn	Tyr	Ala	Val	Thr	
				180				185					190			
Val	Lys	Ala	Ile	Asn	Val	Val	Gln	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser	Arg	Asp	Ser	
				195				200					205			
Lys	Val	Val	Asp	Ala	Phe	Lys	Ser	Pro	Arg	His	Leu	Pro	Arg	Lys	Arg	
			210				215				220					
His	Thr	Ile	Cys	Ser	Asn	Ser										
			225			230										

<210> SEQ ID NO 19
 <211> LENGTH: 657
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic sequence for expression of TIC812 in
 planta
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (1)..(657)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC812

<400> SEQUENCE: 19

atg	agc	aaa	gaa	atc	agg	ctc	aac	ctt	tct	cgt	gag	agc	ggc	gcc	gac	48
Met	Ser	Lys	Glu	Ile	Arg	Leu	Asn	Leu	Ser	Arg	Glu	Ser	Gly	Ala	Asp	
1				5					10					15		
ctg	tac	ctc	aag	atc	ctc	gcc	ttc	gtg	aag	ccc	gag	cac	ttc	ttt	cag	96
Leu	Tyr	Leu	Lys	Ile	Leu	Ala	Phe	Val	Lys	Pro	Glu	His	Phe	Phe	Gln	
			20					25					30			
gcg	tac	ctc	ctg	tgc	cgc	gag	ttc	gag	agc	atc	gtg	gat	cct	aca	acc	144
Ala	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Cys	Arg	Glu	Phe	Glu	Ser	Ile	Val	Asp	Pro	Thr	Thr	
			35				40					45				
cgc	gag	ctg	gac	ttc	gac	aag	acg	ctg	acc	atc	gtg	aag	tcg	gac	tcc	192
Arg	Glu	Leu	Asp	Phe	Asp	Lys	Thr	Leu	Thr	Ile	Val	Lys	Ser	Asp	Ser	
			50				55				60					
acc	ctc	gtg	acc	gtg	ggc	acg	atg	aac	acc	aag	ctg	gtc	aat	agc	caa	240
Thr	Leu	Val	Thr	Val	Gly	Thr	Met	Asn	Thr	Lys	Leu	Val	Asn	Ser	Gln	
			65			70				75					80	

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gag atc ctc gtg tcg gac ttg atc aag caa gtc ggt tcc cag atc gcc	288
Glu Ile Leu Val Ser Asp Leu Ile Lys Gln Val Gly Ser Gln Ile Ala	
85 90 95	
gat acc ctc ggc atc acg gac atc gac gcc aac acc cag caa agg ctc	336
Asp Thr Leu Gly Ile Thr Asp Ile Asp Ala Asn Thr Gln Gln Arg Leu	
100 105 110	
acg gag ctg atc gag aac ctc ttc gtg aac ctc aat tcc caa gtt cag	384
Thr Glu Leu Ile Glu Asn Leu Phe Val Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Val Gln	
115 120 125	
gac tac atc tac ttc tac gag gag aag gag aag cag acc tcc tac cgc	432
Asp Tyr Ile Tyr Phe Tyr Glu Glu Lys Glu Lys Gln Thr Ser Tyr Arg	
130 135 140	
tac aac atc ctc ttc gtg ttc gaa aag gag tcg ttc atc acc att ctg	480
Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Val Phe Glu Lys Glu Ser Phe Ile Thr Ile Leu	
145 150 155 160	
cca atg ggc ttc gac gtg acc gtg aac acg aac aag gag gcc gtc ctg	528
Pro Met Gly Phe Asp Val Thr Val Asn Thr Asn Lys Glu Ala Val Leu	
165 170 175	
aag ctg acc ccg aag gac aag gtt acc tac ggc cac gtc agc gtc aag	576
Lys Leu Thr Pro Lys Asp Lys Val Thr Tyr Gly His Val Ser Val Lys	
180 185 190	
gcc ctc aac atc atc cag ttc att acg gag gac aag ctc aac ttc ctc	624
Ala Leu Asn Ile Ile Gln Phe Ile Thr Glu Asp Lys Leu Asn Phe Leu	
195 200 205	
gca acc ctc aag aag gct ctc aag acc ctg tga	657
Ala Thr Leu Lys Lys Ala Leu Lys Thr Leu	
210 215	

<210> SEQ ID NO 20

<211> LENGTH: 218

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Construct

<400> SEQUENCE: 20

Met Ser Lys Glu Ile Arg Leu Asn Leu Ser Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Asp	
1 5 10 15	
Leu Tyr Leu Lys Ile Leu Ala Phe Val Lys Pro Glu His Phe Phe Gln	
20 25 30	
Ala Tyr Leu Leu Cys Arg Glu Phe Glu Ser Ile Val Asp Pro Thr Thr	
35 40 45	
Arg Glu Leu Asp Phe Asp Lys Thr Leu Thr Ile Val Lys Ser Asp Ser	
50 55 60	
Thr Leu Val Thr Val Gly Thr Met Asn Thr Lys Leu Val Asn Ser Gln	
65 70 75 80	
Glu Ile Leu Val Ser Asp Leu Ile Lys Gln Val Gly Ser Gln Ile Ala	
85 90 95	
Asp Thr Leu Gly Ile Thr Asp Ile Asp Ala Asn Thr Gln Gln Arg Leu	
100 105 110	
Thr Glu Leu Ile Glu Asn Leu Phe Val Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Val Gln	
115 120 125	
Asp Tyr Ile Tyr Phe Tyr Glu Glu Lys Glu Lys Gln Thr Ser Tyr Arg	
130 135 140	
Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Val Phe Glu Lys Glu Ser Phe Ile Thr Ile Leu	
145 150 155 160	
Pro Met Gly Phe Asp Val Thr Val Asn Thr Asn Lys Glu Ala Val Leu	
165 170 175	

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Lys Leu Thr Pro Lys Asp Lys Val Thr Tyr Gly His Val Ser Val Lys
 180 185 190

Ala Leu Asn Ile Ile Gln Phe Ile Thr Glu Asp Lys Leu Asn Phe Leu
 195 200 205

Ala Thr Leu Lys Lys Ala Leu Lys Thr Leu
 210 215

<210> SEQ ID NO 21
 <211> LENGTH: 22
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic sequence; thermal amplification
 primer
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (1)..(22)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: thermal amplification primer; pr370

<400> SEQUENCE: 21

cctacttaac ccgcttatag ag 22

<210> SEQ ID NO 22
 <211> LENGTH: 21
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic sequence; thermal amplification
 primer
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (1)..(21)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: thermal amplification primer; pr371

<400> SEQUENCE: 22

cagtaccatc ttcagatgtg g 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 23
 <211> LENGTH: 49
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic sequence; thermal amplification
 primer
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (1)..(49)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: thermal amplification primer; pr375

<400> SEQUENCE: 23

gactagtaat gagtaaagaa attcgtttaa atttgagtag agaatcagg 49

<210> SEQ ID NO 24
 <211> LENGTH: 30
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic sequence; thermal amplification
 primer
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (1)..(30)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: thermal amplification primer; pr376

<400> SEQUENCE: 24

aactcgagcc tacttaaccc gcttatagag 30

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<210> SEQ ID NO 25
<211> LENGTH: 35
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic sequence; thermal amplification
      primer
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(35)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: thermal amplification primer; pr365

<400> SEQUENCE: 25

aactcgagtc catttagtgc ttccccataa cagcc                               35

<210> SEQ ID NO 26
<211> LENGTH: 43
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic sequence; thermal amplification
      primer
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(43)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: thermal amplification primer; pr372

<400> SEQUENCE: 26

aacctaggat gttctttaat cgcggttatta cattaacagt acc                     43

<210> SEQ ID NO 27
<211> LENGTH: 49
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic sequence; thermal amplification
      primer
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(49)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: thermal amplification primer; pr421

<400> SEQUENCE: 27

gcctaggtat gagtaaagaa attcgtttaa atttgagtag agaatcagg               49

<210> SEQ ID NO 28
<211> LENGTH: 4257
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic sequence; pMON64138 expression
      cassettes encoding TIC89 and TIC810
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: pMON64138 first and second plant expression
      cassettes
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: promoter
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(614)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: e35S
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: 5'UTR
<222> LOCATION: (650)..(710)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Wheat CAB leader
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: Intron
<222> LOCATION: (727)..(1206)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: rice actin
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (1216)..(1917)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC809
<220> FEATURE:

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<221> NAME/KEY: terminator
<222> LOCATION: (1921)..(2130)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Wheat Hsp17
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: promoter
<222> LOCATION: (2168)..(2781)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: CaMV 35S enh
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: 5'UTR
<222> LOCATION: (2817)..(2877)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Wheat CAB leader
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: Intron
<222> LOCATION: (2894)..(3373)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: rice actin
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (3383)..(4042)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC810
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: terminator
<222> LOCATION: (4048)..(4257)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Wheat Hsp17

<400> SEQUENCE: 28

ggtccgatgt gagacttttc aacaaagggt aatatccgga aacctcctcg gattccattg      60
cccagctatc tgtcacttta ttgtgaagat agtggaaaag gaagggtggct cctacaaatg      120
ccatcattgc gataaaggaa aggccatcgt tgaagatgcc tctgccgaca gtggtcccaa      180
agatggagccc ccacccacga ggagcatcgt ggaaaaagaa gacgttccaa ccacgtcttc      240
aaagcaagtg gattgatgtg atgggtccgat gtgagacttt tcaacaaagg gtaatatccg      300
gaaacctcct cggattccat tgcccagcta tctgtcactt tattgtgaag atagtggaaa      360
aggaaggtgg ctctacaaa tgccatcatt gcgataaagg aaaggccatc gttgaagatg      420
cctctgccga cagtggtoce aaagatggac cccacccac gagagcatc gtggaaaaag      480
aagacgttcc aaccacgtct tcaaagcaag tggattgatg tgatatctcc actgacgtaa      540
gggatgacgc acaatcccac tacccttcgc aagacccttc ctctatataa ggaagtccat      600
ttcatttgga gaggacacgc tgacaagctg actctagcag atcctctaga accatcttcc      660
acacactcaa gccacactat tggagaacac acagggacaa cacaccataa gatccaaggg      720
aggcctccgc cgccgccggg aaccaccccg cccctctcct ctttctttct ccgttttttt      780
ttccgtctcg gtctcgatct ttggccttgg tagtttgggt gggcgagagg cggtctcgtg      840
cgcgcccaga tcggtgcgcg ggagggggcg gatctcgcgg ctggggctct cgccggcgtg      900
gatccggccc ggatctcgcg gggaatgggg ctctcggatg tagatctgcg atccgccgtt      960
gttgggggag atgatggggg gtttaaaatt tccgccgtgc taaacaagat caggaagagg      1020
ggaaaagggc actatggttt atatttttat atatttctgc tgcttcgtca ggcttagatg      1080
tgctagatct ttctttcttc tttttgtggg tagaatttga atccctcagc attgttcac      1140
ggtagttttt cttttcatga tttgtgacaa atgcagcctc gtgcggagct tttttgtagg      1200

tagaagtgat caacc atg gcc ttc ttc aac cgg gtg atc acc ctc acg gtg      1251
          Met Ala Phe Phe Asn Arg Val Ile Thr Leu Thr Val
              1             5             10

ccg tcg tca gac gtg gtc aac tac tcg gag atc tac cag gtg gct cct      1299
Pro Ser Ser Asp Val Val Asn Tyr Ser Glu Ile Tyr Gln Val Ala Pro
          15             20             25

cag tat gtc aac cag gcc ctg acc ctg gcc aag tac ttc cag ggc gcc      1347
Gln Tyr Val Asn Gln Ala Leu Thr Leu Ala Lys Tyr Phe Gln Gly Ala
          30             35             40

atc gac ggc agc acc ctg agg ttc gac ttc gag aag gcg tta cag atc      1395

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Ile Asp Gly Ser Thr	Leu Arg Phe Asp Phe	Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Ile	
45	50	55	60
gcc aac gac atc ccg cag gcc gcg gtg gtc aac acc ctg aac cag acc	1443		
Ala Asn Asp Ile Pro Gln Ala Ala Val Val Asn Thr Leu Asn Gln Thr			
65	70	75	
gtc cag cag ggg acc gtc cag gtc agc gtc atg atc gac aag atc gtg	1491		
Val Gln Gln Gly Thr Val Gln Val Ser Val Met Ile Asp Lys Ile Val			
80	85	90	
gac atc atg aag aat gtc ctg tcc atc gtg ata gac aac aag aag ttt	1539		
Asp Ile Met Lys Asn Val Leu Ser Ile Val Ile Asp Asn Lys Lys Phe			
95	100	105	
tgg gat cag gtc acg gct gcc atc acc aac acc ttc acg aac ctg aac	1587		
Trp Asp Gln Val Thr Ala Ala Ile Thr Asn Thr Phe Thr Asn Leu Asn			
110	115	120	
agc cag gag tcg gag gcc tgg atc ttc tat tac aag gag gac gcc cac	1635		
Ser Gln Glu Ser Glu Ala Trp Ile Phe Tyr Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ala His			
125	130	135	140
aag acg tcc tac tat tac aac atc ctc ttc gcc atc cag gac gaa gag	1683		
Lys Thr Ser Tyr Tyr Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Ala Ile Gln Asp Glu Glu			
145	150	155	
acg ggt ggc gtg atg gcc acg ctg ccc atc gcc ttc gac atc agt gtg	1731		
Thr Gly Gly Val Met Ala Thr Leu Pro Ile Ala Phe Asp Ile Ser Val			
160	165	170	
gac atc gag aag gag aag gtc ctg ttc gtg acc atc aag gac act gag	1779		
Asp Ile Glu Lys Glu Lys Val Leu Phe Val Thr Ile Lys Asp Thr Glu			
175	180	185	
aat tac gcc gtc acc gtc aag gcg atc aac gtg gtc cag gca ctc cag	1827		
Asn Tyr Ala Val Thr Val Lys Ala Ile Asn Val Val Gln Ala Leu Gln			
190	195	200	
tct agc agg gat tct aag gtg gtt gat gcg ttc aaa tcg cca cgg cac	1875		
Ser Ser Arg Asp Ser Lys Val Val Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Pro Arg His			
205	210	215	220
tta ccc cgg aag agg cat aag att tgc tct aac tcg tga tga	1917		
Leu Pro Arg Lys Arg His Lys Ile Cys Ser Asn Ser			
225	230		
attctgcatg cgtttgagcg tatgctcatt cagggttgag ccaatttggt tgatgtgtgt	1977		
gcgagttctt gcgagtctga tgagacatct ctgtattgtg tttctttccc cagtgttttc	2037		
tgtaactgtg taatcggtta atcgccaaca gattcggcga tgaataaatg agaaataaat	2097		
tgttctgatt ttgagtcaa aaaaaaagga attagatctg tgtgtgtttt ttggatcccc	2157		
agcttctgca ggtccgatgt gagacttttc aacaaagggg aatatccgga aacctcctcg	2217		
gattccattg cccagctatc tgcacttta ttgtgaagat agtggaaaag gaagggtggct	2277		
cctacaaaatg ccatcattgc gataaaggaa aggccatcgt tgaagatgcc tctgccgaca	2337		
gtggtcccaa agatggaccc ccaccacga ggagcatcgt ggaaaaagaa gacgttccaa	2397		
ccacgtcttc aaagcaagtg gattgatgtg atgggtccgat gtgagacttt tcaacaaagg	2457		
gtaatatccg gaaacctcct cggattccat tgcccagcta tctgtcactt tattgtgaag	2517		
atagtggaaa aggaaggtgg ctccataaaa tgccatcatt gcgataaagg aaaggccatc	2577		
gttgaagatg cctctgcoga cagtgggtccc aaagatggac cccacccac gaggagcatc	2637		
gtggaaaaag aagacgttcc aaccacgtct tcaaagcaag tggattgatg tgatatctcc	2697		
actgacgtaa gggatgacgc acaatccac tacccttcgc aagacccttc ctctatataa	2757		
ggaagtcat ttcatttga gaggacacgc tgacaagctg actctagcag atcctctaga	2817		
accatcttcc acacactcaa gccacactat tggagaacac acagggacaa cacaccataa	2877		

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gatccaaggg aggcctccgc cgcgcgcggt aaccaccccg cccctctcct cttcttttct	2937
cgcgtttttt ttccgtctcg gtctcgatct ttggccttgg tagtttgggt gggcgagagg	2997
cggcttcgtg cgcgccccaga tcggtgcgcg ggaggggcgg gatctcgcgg ctggggctct	3057
cgcgcgcgtg gatccggccc ggatctcgcg gggaatgggg ctctcggatg tagatctgcg	3117
atccgcgcgtt gttgggggag atgatggggg gtttaaaatt tccgcgcgtgc taaacaagat	3177
caggaagagg ggaaggggc actatggttt atatttttat atattttctgc tgettcgtca	3237
ggcttagatg tgctagatct ttctttcttc tttttgtggg tagaatttga atccctcagc	3297
attgttcacg ggtagttttt cttttcatga tttgtgacaa atgcagcctc gtgcggagct	3357
tttttgtagg tagaagtgat caacc atg agc aaa gaa atc agg ctc aac ctt	3409
Met Ser Lys Glu Ile Arg Leu Asn Leu	235 240
tct cgt gag agc ggc gcc gac ctg tac ctc aag atc ctc gcc ttc gtg	3457
Ser Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Asp Leu Tyr Leu Lys Ile Leu Ala Phe Val	245 250 255
aag ccc gag cac ttc ttt cag gcg tac ctc ctg tgc cgc gag ttc gag	3505
Lys Pro Glu His Phe Phe Gln Ala Tyr Leu Leu Cys Arg Glu Phe Glu	260 265 270
agc atc gtg gat cct aca acc cgc gag tct gac ttc gac aag acg ctg	3553
Ser Ile Val Asp Pro Thr Thr Arg Glu Ser Asp Phe Asp Lys Thr Leu	275 280 285
acc atc gtg aag tcg gac tcc acc ctc gtg acc gtg ggc acg atg aac	3601
Thr Ile Val Lys Ser Asp Ser Thr Leu Val Thr Val Gly Thr Met Asn	290 295 300 305
acc aag ctg gtc aat agc caa gag atc ctc gtg tcg gac ttg atc act	3649
Thr Lys Leu Val Asn Ser Gln Glu Ile Leu Val Ser Asp Leu Ile Thr	310 315 320
caa gtc ggt tcc cag atc gcc gat acc ctc ggc atc acg gac atc gac	3697
Gln Val Gly Ser Gln Ile Ala Asp Thr Leu Gly Ile Thr Asp Ile Asp	325 330 335
gcc aac acc cag caa cag ctc acg gag ctg atc ggc aac ctc ttc gtg	3745
Ala Asn Thr Gln Gln Gln Leu Thr Glu Leu Ile Gly Asn Leu Phe Val	340 345 350
aac ctc aat tcc caa gtt cag gag tac atc tac ttc tac gag gag aag	3793
Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Val Gln Glu Tyr Ile Tyr Phe Tyr Glu Glu Lys	355 360 365
gag aag cag acc tcc tac cgc tac aac atc ctc ttc gtg ttc gaa aag	3841
Glu Lys Gln Thr Ser Tyr Arg Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Val Phe Glu Lys	370 375 380
gag tcg ttc atc acc att ctg cca atg ggc ttc gac gtg acc gtg aac	3889
Glu Ser Phe Ile Thr Ile Leu Pro Met Gly Phe Asp Val Thr Val Asn	390 395 400
acg aac aag gag gcc gtc ctg aag ctg acc ccg aag gac aag gtt acc	3937
Thr Asn Lys Glu Ala Val Leu Lys Leu Thr Pro Lys Asp Lys Val Thr	405 410 415
tac ggc cac gtc agc gtc aag gcc ctc aac atc atc cag ctc att acg	3985
Tyr Gly His Val Ser Val Lys Ala Leu Asn Ile Ile Gln Leu Ile Thr	420 425 430
gag gac aag ttc aac ttc ctc gca acc ctc aag aag gct ctc aag acc	4033
Glu Asp Lys Phe Asn Phe Leu Ala Thr Leu Lys Lys Ala Leu Lys Thr	435 440 445
ctg tga tga gaattctgca tgcgttttga cgtatgctca ttcaggttgg	4082
Leu	450
agccaatttg gttgatgtgt gtgcgagttc ttgcgagtct gatgagacat ctctgtattg	4142
tgtttctttc cccagtgttt tctgtacttg tgtaatcggc taatcgccaa cagattcggc	4202

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 gatgaataaa tgagaaataa attgttctga ttttgagtg c aaaaaaaaaag gaatt

4257

<210> SEQ ID NO 29
 <211> LENGTH: 232
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Construct

<400> SEQUENCE: 29

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Met Ala Phe Phe Asn Arg Val Ile Thr Leu Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asp
1           5           10          15

Val Val Asn Tyr Ser Glu Ile Tyr Gln Val Ala Pro Gln Tyr Val Asn
                20           25           30

Gln Ala Leu Thr Leu Ala Lys Tyr Phe Gln Gly Ala Ile Asp Gly Ser
                35           40           45

Thr Leu Arg Phe Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Ile Ala Asn Asp Ile
50           55           60

Pro Gln Ala Ala Val Val Asn Thr Leu Asn Gln Thr Val Gln Gln Gly
65           70           75           80

Thr Val Gln Val Ser Val Met Ile Asp Lys Ile Val Asp Ile Met Lys
                85           90           95

Asn Val Leu Ser Ile Val Ile Asp Asn Lys Lys Phe Trp Asp Gln Val
                100          105          110

Thr Ala Ala Ile Thr Asn Thr Phe Thr Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser
                115          120          125

Glu Ala Trp Ile Phe Tyr Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ala His Lys Thr Ser Tyr
130          135          140

Tyr Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Ala Ile Gln Asp Glu Glu Thr Gly Gly Val
145          150          155          160

Met Ala Thr Leu Pro Ile Ala Phe Asp Ile Ser Val Asp Ile Glu Lys
                165          170          175

Glu Lys Val Leu Phe Val Thr Ile Lys Asp Thr Glu Asn Tyr Ala Val
                180          185          190

Thr Val Lys Ala Ile Asn Val Val Gln Ala Leu Gln Ser Ser Arg Asp
195          200          205

Ser Lys Val Val Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Pro Arg His Leu Pro Arg Lys
210          215          220

Arg His Lys Ile Cys Ser Asn Ser
225          230
  
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 30
 <211> LENGTH: 218
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Construct

<400> SEQUENCE: 30

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Met Ser Lys Glu Ile Arg Leu Asn Leu Ser Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Asp
1           5           10          15

Leu Tyr Leu Lys Ile Leu Ala Phe Val Lys Pro Glu His Phe Phe Gln
20           25           30

Ala Tyr Leu Leu Cys Arg Glu Phe Glu Ser Ile Val Asp Pro Thr Thr
35           40           45

Arg Glu Ser Asp Phe Asp Lys Thr Leu Thr Ile Val Lys Ser Asp Ser
50           55           60
  
```

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Thr Leu Val Thr Val Gly Thr Met Asn Thr Lys Leu Val Asn Ser Gln
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Ile Leu Val Ser Asp Leu Ile Thr Gln Val Gly Ser Gln Ile Ala
 85 90 95
 Asp Thr Leu Gly Ile Thr Asp Ile Asp Ala Asn Thr Gln Gln Gln Leu
 100 105 110
 Thr Glu Leu Ile Gly Asn Leu Phe Val Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Val Gln
 115 120 125
 Glu Tyr Ile Tyr Phe Tyr Glu Glu Lys Glu Lys Gln Thr Ser Tyr Arg
 130 135 140
 Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Val Phe Glu Lys Glu Ser Phe Ile Thr Ile Leu
 145 150 155 160
 Pro Met Gly Phe Asp Val Thr Val Asn Thr Asn Lys Glu Ala Val Leu
 165 170 175
 Lys Leu Thr Pro Lys Asp Lys Val Thr Tyr Gly His Val Ser Val Lys
 180 185 190
 Ala Leu Asn Ile Ile Gln Leu Ile Thr Glu Asp Lys Phe Asn Phe Leu
 195 200 205
 Ala Thr Leu Lys Lys Ala Leu Lys Thr Leu
 210 215

<210> SEQ ID NO 31
 <211> LENGTH: 5079
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic sequence; expression cassettes
 encoding TIC809 and TIC810 in pMON64139
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: pMON64139
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: promoter
 <222> LOCATION: (1)..(614)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: e35S
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: 5'UTR
 <222> LOCATION: (650)..(710)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Wheat CAB leader
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: Intron
 <222> LOCATION: (727)..(1206)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: rice actin (Exon 727-738; intron 739-1199; Exon
 1200-1206)
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: transit_peptide
 <222> LOCATION: (1230)..(1370)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Maize SSU-signal
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: Intron
 <222> LOCATION: (1231)..(1539)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Zm RbcS
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: transit_peptide
 <222> LOCATION: (1540)..(1626)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Zm RbcS
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (1627)..(2328)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC809
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: terminator
 <222> LOCATION: (2332)..(2541)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Wheat Hsp17
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: promoter
 <222> LOCATION: (2579)..(3192)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: CamV 35S enh

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<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: 5'UTR
<222> LOCATION: (3228)..(3288)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Wheat CAB leader
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: Intron
<222> LOCATION: (3305)..(3784)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Rice actin (Exon 3305-3316; intron 3317-3777;
      Exon 3778-3784)
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: transit_peptide
<222> LOCATION: (3808)..(3948)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Maize SSU - signal
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: Intron
<222> LOCATION: (3949)..(4117)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Zm RbcS
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: transit_peptide
<222> LOCATION: (4118)..(4204)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Zm RbcS
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (4205)..(4864)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC810
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: terminator
<222> LOCATION: (4870)..(5079)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Wheat Hsp17

<400> SEQUENCE: 31

ggtccgatgt gagacttttc aacaaagggt aatatccgga aacctcctcg gattccattg      60
cccagctatc tgtcacttta ttgtgaagat agtggaagg gaaggtggct cctacaaatg      120
ccatcattgc gataaaggaa aggccatcgt tgaagatgcc tctgccgaca gtggtcccaa      180
agatggagccc cccccacga ggagcatcgt ggaaaaagaa gacgttccaa ccacgtcttc      240
aaagcaagtg gattgatgtg atgggtccgat gtgagacttt tcaacaaagg gtaatatccg      300
gaaacctcct cggattccat tgcccagcta tctgtcactt tattgtgaag atagtggaaa      360
aggaaggtgg ctctacaaa tgccatcatt gcgataaagg aaaggccatc gttgaagatg      420
cctctgccga cagtggtoce aaagatggac cccacccac gaggagcatc gtggaaaaag      480
aagacgttcc aaccacgtct tcaagcaag tggattgatg tgatatctcc actgacgtaa      540
gggatgacgc acaatcccac tacccttcgc aagacccttc ctctatataa ggaagtccat      600
ttcatttggg gaggacacgc tgacaagctg actctagcag atcctctaga accatcttcc      660
acacactcaa gccacactat tggagaacac acagggacaa cacaccataa gatccaaggg      720
aggcctccgc cgccgccggt aaccaccccg cccctctcct ctttctttct ccgttttttt      780
ttccgtctcg gtctcgatct ttggccttgg tagtttgggt gggcgagagg cggcttcgtg      840
cgcgcccaga tcggtgcgcg ggaggggagg gatctcgcgg ctggggctct cgccggcgtg      900
gatccggccc ggatctcgcg ggaatgggg ctctcgatg tagatctgcg atccgccgtt      960
gttgggggag atgatggggg gtttaaaatt tccgccgtgc taaacaagat caggaagagg      1020
ggaaaagggc actatggttt atatttttat atatttctgc tgcttcgtca ggcttagatg      1080
tgctagatct ttctttcttc tttttgtgg tagaatttga atccctcagc attgttcac      1140
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tagaagtgat caacctctag aggatcagca tggcgccac cgtgatgatg gcctcgtcgg      1260
ccaccgccgt cgctccgttc ctgggggtca agtcaccgc cagcctcccc gtcgccgcc      1320
gctcctccag aagcctcggc aacgtcagca acggcggaag gatccgggtgc atgcaggtaa      1380
caaatgcacg ctagctagta gttctttgca ttgcagcagc tgcagctagc gagttagtaa      1440

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taggaagggga actgatgatc catgcatgga ctgatgtgtg ttgcccaccc catcccaccc	1500
catttcccaa acgaaccgaa aacaccgtac tacgtgcagg tgtggcccta cggcaacaag	1560
aagttcgaga cgctgtcgta cctgccgccg ctgtcgaccg gcggggcgcat ccgctgcatg	1620
caggcc atg gcc ttc ttc aac cgg gtg atc acc ctc acg gtg ccg tcg Met Ala Phe Phe Asn Arg Val Ile Thr Leu Thr Val Pro Ser 1 5 10	1668
tca gac gtg gtc aac tac tcg gag atc tac cag gtg gct cct cag tat Ser Asp Val Val Asn Tyr Ser Glu Ile Tyr Gln Val Ala Pro Gln Tyr 15 20 25 30	1716
gtc aac cag gcc ctg acc ctg gcc aag tac ttc cag ggc gcc atc gac Val Asn Gln Ala Leu Thr Leu Ala Lys Tyr Phe Gln Gly Ala Ile Asp 35 40 45	1764
ggc agc acc ctg agg ttc gac ttc gag aag gcg tta cag atc gcc aac Gly Ser Thr Leu Arg Phe Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Ile Ala Asn 50 55 60	1812
gac atc ccg cag gcc gcg gtg gtc aac acc ctg aac cag acc gtc cag Asp Ile Pro Gln Ala Ala Val Val Asn Thr Leu Asn Gln Thr Val Gln 65 70 75	1860
cag ggg acc gtc cag gtc agc gtc atg atc gac aag atc gtg gac atc Gln Gly Thr Val Gln Val Ser Val Met Ile Asp Lys Ile Val Asp Ile 80 85 90	1908
atg aag aat gtc ctg tcc atc gtg ata gac aac aag aag ttt tgg gat Met Lys Asn Val Leu Ser Ile Val Ile Asp Asn Lys Lys Phe Trp Asp 95 100 105 110	1956
cag gtc acg gct gcc atc acc aac acc ttc acg aac ctg aac agc cag Gln Val Thr Ala Ala Ile Thr Asn Thr Phe Thr Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln 115 120 125	2004
gag tcg gag gcc tgg atc ttc tat tac aag gag gac gcc cac aag acg Glu Ser Glu Ala Trp Ile Phe Tyr Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ala His Lys Thr 130 135 140	2052
tcc tac tat tac aac atc ctc ttc gcc atc cag gac gaa gag acg ggt Ser Tyr Tyr Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Ala Ile Gln Asp Glu Glu Thr Gly 145 150 155	2100
ggc gtg atg gcc acg ctg ccc atc gcc ttc gac atc agt gtg gac atc Gly Val Met Ala Thr Leu Pro Ile Ala Phe Asp Ile Ser Val Asp Ile 160 165 170	2148
gag aag gag aag gtc ctg ttc gtg acc atc aag gac act gag aat tac Glu Lys Glu Lys Val Leu Phe Val Thr Ile Lys Asp Thr Glu Asn Tyr 175 180 185 190	2196
gcc gtc acc gtc aag gcg atc aac gtg gtc cag gca ctc cag tct agc Ala Val Thr Val Lys Ala Ile Asn Val Val Gln Ala Leu Gln Ser Ser 195 200 205	2244
agg gat tct aag gtg gtt gat gcg ttc aaa tcg cca cgg cac tta ccc Arg Asp Ser Lys Val Val Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Pro Arg His Leu Pro 210 215 220	2292
cgg aag agg cat aag att tgc tct aac tcg tga tga attctgcatg Arg Lys Arg His Lys Ile Cys Ser Asn Ser 225 230	2338
cgtttggaag tatgtcatt cagggtggag ccaatttggt tgatgtgtgt gcgagttctt	2398
gcgagtctga tgagacatct ctgtattgtg tttctttccc cagtgttttc tgtacttgtg	2458
taatcggtcta atcgccaaca gattcggcga tgaataaatg agaaataaat tgttctgatt	2518
ttgagtgcaa aaaaaagga attagatctg tgtgtgtttt ttggatcccc agcttctgca	2578
ggtccgatgt gagacttttc aacaaagggt aatatccgga aacctcctcg gattccattg	2638
cccagctatc tgtcacttta ttgtgaagat agtggaagga gaagggtggct cctacaaatg	2698

ccatcattgc	gataaaggaa	aggccatcgt	tgaagatgcc	tctgccgaca	gtgggtcccaa	2758										
agatggaccc	ccaccacgca	ggagcatcgt	ggaaaaagaa	gacgttccaa	ccacgtcttc	2818										
aaagcaagtg	gattgatgtg	atgggtccgat	gtgagacttt	tcaacaaagg	gtaatatccg	2878										
gaaacctcct	cggattccat	tgccagccta	tctgtcaact	tattgtgaag	atagtggaaa	2938										
aggaaggtgg	ctcctacaaa	tgccatcatt	gcgataaagg	aaaggccatc	gttgaagatg	2998										
cctctgccga	cagtgtgtcc	aaagatggac	ccccaccac	gaggagcatc	gtggaaaaaag	3058										
aagacgttcc	aaccacgtct	tcaaagcaag	tggattgatg	tgatatctcc	actgacgtaa	3118										
gggatgacgc	acaatcccac	tatcctctgc	aagacccttc	ctctatataa	ggaagttcat	3178										
ttcatttgga	gaggacacgc	tgacaagctg	actctagcag	atcctctaga	accatcttcc	3238										
acacactcaa	gccacactat	tggagaacac	acagggacaa	cacaccataa	gatccaaggg	3298										
aggcctccgc	cgccgcgggt	aaccaccccg	ccctctcct	ctttctttct	ccgttttttt	3358										
ttccgtctcg	gtctcgatct	tgggccttgg	tagtttgggt	gggcgagagg	cggtcttcgtg	3418										
cgcgcccaga	tcgggtgcgcg	ggagggggcgg	gatctcgcgg	ctggggctct	cgccggcgctg	3478										
gatccggccc	ggatctcgcg	gggaatgggg	ctctcggatg	tagatctgcg	atccgcgctt	3538										
gttgggggag	atgatggggg	gtttaaaatt	tcgcgcgtgc	taaacaagat	caggaagagg	3598										
ggaaaagggc	actatggttt	atatttttat	atatttctgc	tgcttcgtca	ggcttagatg	3658										
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ggtagttttt	cttttcatga	tttgtgacaa	atgcagccct	gtgcggagct	tttttgtagg	3778										
tagaagtgat	caacctctag	aggatcagca	tggcgcccac	cgtgatgatg	gcctcgtcgg	3838										
ccaccgcgct	cgctccgttc	ctggggctca	agtccaccgc	cagcctcccc	gtcgcgccgc	3898										
gctcctccag	aagcctcggc	aacgtcagca	acggcggaag	gatccggtgc	atgcaggtaa	3958										
caaatgcac	ctagctagta	gttcttttga	ttgcagcagc	tgcagctagc	gagttagtaa	4018										
taggaaggga	actgatgac	catgcacgga	ctgatgtgtg	ttgcccatcc	catcccatcc	4078										
catttcccaa	acgaaccgaa	aacaccgtac	tacgtgcagg	tgtggcccta	cggcaacaag	4138										
aagtctgaga	cgctgtcgta	cctgcgcgcg	ctgtcgaccg	gcgggcgcac	ccgtctgcac	4198										
caggcc	atg	agc	aaa	gaa	atc	agg	ctc	aac	ctt	tct	cgt	gag	agc	ggc	4246	
	Met	Ser	Lys	Glu	Ile	Arg	Leu	Asn	Leu	Ser	Arg	Glu	Ser	Gly		
			235					240						245		
gcc	gac	ctg	tac	ctc	aag	atc	ctc	gcc	ttc	gtg	aag	ccc	gag	cac	ttc	4294
Ala	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Lys	Ile	Leu	Ala	Phe	Val	Lys	Pro	Glu	His	Phe	
			250					255					260			
ttt	cag	gcg	tac	ctc	ctg	tgc	cgc	gag	ttc	gag	agc	atc	gtg	gat	cct	4342
Phe	Gln	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Cys	Arg	Glu	Phe	Glu	Ser	Ile	Val	Asp	Pro	
		265					270					275				
aca	acc	cgc	gag	tct	gac	ttc	gac	aag	acg	ctg	acc	atc	gtg	aag	tcg	4390
Thr	Thr	Arg	Glu	Ser	Asp	Phe	Asp	Lys	Thr	Leu	Thr	Ile	Val	Lys	Ser	
		280				285					290					
gac	tcc	acc	ctc	gtg	acc	gtg	ggc	acg	atg	aac	acc	aag	ctg	gtc	aat	4438
Asp	Ser	Thr	Leu	Val	Thr	Val	Gly	Thr	Met	Asn	Thr	Lys	Leu	Val	Asn	
		295			300				305					310		
agc	caa	gag	atc	ctc	gtg	tcg	gac	ttg	atc	act	caa	gtc	ggt	tcc	cag	4486
Ser	Gln	Glu	Ile	Leu	Val	Ser	Asp	Leu	Ile	Thr	Gln	Val	Gly	Ser	Gln	
			315					320					325			
atc	gcc	gat	acc	ctc	ggc	atc	acg	gac	atc	gac	gcc	aac	acc	cag	caa	4534
Ile	Ala	Asp	Thr	Leu	Gly	Ile	Thr	Asp	Ile	Asp	Ala	Asn	Thr	Gln	Gln	
			330				335					340				
cag	ctc	acg	gag	ctg	atc	ggc	aac	ctc	ttc	gtg	aac	ctc	aat	tcc	caa	4582

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Gln Leu Thr Glu Leu Ile Gly Asn Leu Phe Val Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln	
345 350 355	
ggt cag gag tac atc tac ttc tac gag gag aag gag aag cag acc tcc	4630
Val Gln Glu Tyr Ile Tyr Phe Tyr Glu Glu Lys Glu Lys Gln Thr Ser	
360 365 370	
tac cgc tac aac atc ctc ttc gtg ttc gaa aag gag tgc ttc atc acc	4678
Tyr Arg Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Val Phe Glu Lys Glu Ser Phe Ile Thr	
375 380 385 390	
att ctg cca atg ggc ttc gac gtg acc gtg aac acg aac aag gag gcc	4726
Ile Leu Pro Met Gly Phe Asp Val Thr Val Asn Thr Asn Lys Glu Ala	
395 400 405	
gtc ctg aag ctg acc ccg aag gac aag gtt acc tac ggc cac gtc agc	4774
Val Leu Lys Leu Thr Pro Lys Asp Lys Val Thr Tyr Gly His Val Ser	
410 415 420	
gtc aag gcc ctc aac atc atc cag ctc att acg gag gac aag ttc aac	4822
Val Lys Ala Leu Asn Ile Ile Gln Leu Ile Thr Glu Asp Lys Phe Asn	
425 430 435	
ttc ctc gca acc ctc aag aag gct ctc aag acc ctg tga tga	4864
Phe Leu Ala Thr Leu Lys Lys Ala Leu Lys Thr Leu	
440 445 450	
gaattctgca tgcgtttgga cgtatgctca ttcagggttg agccaatttg gttgatgtgt	4924
gtgcgagtgc ttgcgagtct gatgagacat ctctgtattg tgtttctttc cccagtgttt	4984
tctgtacttg tgtaatcggc taatcgccaa cagattcggc gatgaataaa tgagaaataa	5044
attgttctga ttttgagtgc aaaaaaaag gaatt	5079

<210> SEQ ID NO 32

<211> LENGTH: 232

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Construct

<400> SEQUENCE: 32

Met Ala Phe Phe Asn Arg Val Ile Thr Leu Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asp	
1 5 10 15	
Val Val Asn Tyr Ser Glu Ile Tyr Gln Val Ala Pro Gln Tyr Val Asn	
20 25 30	
Gln Ala Leu Thr Leu Ala Lys Tyr Phe Gln Gly Ala Ile Asp Gly Ser	
35 40 45	
Thr Leu Arg Phe Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Ile Ala Asn Asp Ile	
50 55 60	
Pro Gln Ala Ala Val Val Asn Thr Leu Asn Gln Thr Val Gln Gln Gly	
65 70 75 80	
Thr Val Gln Val Ser Val Met Ile Asp Lys Ile Val Asp Ile Met Lys	
85 90 95	
Asn Val Leu Ser Ile Val Ile Asp Asn Lys Lys Phe Trp Asp Gln Val	
100 105 110	
Thr Ala Ala Ile Thr Asn Thr Phe Thr Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser	
115 120 125	
Glu Ala Trp Ile Phe Tyr Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ala His Lys Thr Ser Tyr	
130 135 140	
Tyr Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Ala Ile Gln Asp Glu Glu Thr Gly Gly Val	
145 150 155 160	
Met Ala Thr Leu Pro Ile Ala Phe Asp Ile Ser Val Asp Ile Glu Lys	
165 170 175	
Glu Lys Val Leu Phe Val Thr Ile Lys Asp Thr Glu Asn Tyr Ala Val	

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180	185	190
Thr Val Lys Ala Ile Asn Val Val Gln Ala Leu Gln Ser Ser Arg Asp		
195	200	205
Ser Lys Val Val Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Pro Arg His Leu Pro Arg Lys		
210	215	220
Arg His Lys Ile Cys Ser Asn Ser		
225	230	

<210> SEQ ID NO 33
 <211> LENGTH: 218
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Construct

<400> SEQUENCE: 33

Met Ser Lys Glu Ile Arg Leu Asn Leu Ser Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Asp		
1	5	10
Leu Tyr Leu Lys Ile Leu Ala Phe Val Lys Pro Glu His Phe Phe Gln		
20	25	30
Ala Tyr Leu Leu Cys Arg Glu Phe Glu Ser Ile Val Asp Pro Thr Thr		
35	40	45
Arg Glu Ser Asp Phe Asp Lys Thr Leu Thr Ile Val Lys Ser Asp Ser		
50	55	60
Thr Leu Val Thr Val Gly Thr Met Asn Thr Lys Leu Val Asn Ser Gln		
65	70	75
Glu Ile Leu Val Ser Asp Leu Ile Thr Gln Val Gly Ser Gln Ile Ala		
85	90	95
Asp Thr Leu Gly Ile Thr Asp Ile Asp Ala Asn Thr Gln Gln Gln Leu		
100	105	110
Thr Glu Leu Ile Gly Asn Leu Phe Val Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Val Gln		
115	120	125
Glu Tyr Ile Tyr Phe Tyr Glu Glu Lys Glu Lys Gln Thr Ser Tyr Arg		
130	135	140
Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Val Phe Glu Lys Glu Ser Phe Ile Thr Ile Leu		
145	150	155
Pro Met Gly Phe Asp Val Thr Val Asn Thr Asn Lys Glu Ala Val Leu		
165	170	175
Lys Leu Thr Pro Lys Asp Lys Val Thr Tyr Gly His Val Ser Val Lys		
180	185	190
Ala Leu Asn Ile Ile Gln Leu Ile Thr Glu Asp Lys Phe Asn Phe Leu		
195	200	205
Ala Thr Leu Lys Lys Ala Leu Lys Thr Leu		
210	215	

<210> SEQ ID NO 34
 <211> LENGTH: 2148
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic sequence; expression cassette in pMON70513 encoding TIC809
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: pMON70513 plant expression cassette
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: promoter
 <222> LOCATION: (1)..(614)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: e35S
 <220> FEATURE:

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<221> NAME/KEY: 5'UTR
<222> LOCATION: (650)..(710)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Wheat CAB leader
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: Intron
<222> LOCATION: (727)..(1206)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: rice actin
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (1216)..(1917)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC809
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: terminator
<222> LOCATION: (1939)..(2148)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Wheat Hsp17

<400> SEQUENCE: 34

ggtccgatgt gagacttttc aacaaagggt aatatccgga aacctcctcg gattccattg      60
cccagctatc tgtcacttta ttgtgaagat agtggaaaag gaagggtggct cctacaaatg      120
ccatcattgc gataaaggaa aggccatcgt tgaagatgcc tctgccgaca gtgggtcccaa      180
agatggaccc ccacccacga ggagcatcgt ggaaaaagaa gacgttccaa ccacgtcttc      240
aaagcaagtg gattgatgtg atgggtccgat gtgagacttt tcaacaaagg gtaatatccg      300
gaaacctcct cggattccat tgcccagcta tctgtcactt tattgtgaag atagtggaaa      360
aggaaggtgg ctctacaaa tgccatcatt gcgataaagg aaaggccatc gttgaagatg      420
cctctgccga cagtgggtccc aaagatggac cccacccac gaggagcatc gtggaaaaag      480
aagacgttcc aaccacgtct tcaagcaag tggattgatg tgatatctcc actgacgtaa      540
gggatgacgc acaatcccac tacccttcgc aagaccttc ctctatataa ggaagttcat      600
ttcatttggg gaggacacgc tgacaagctg actctagcag atcctctaga accatcttcc      660
acacactcaa gccacactat tggagaacac acagggacaa cacaccataa gatccaaggg      720
aggcctccgc cgccgcgggt aaccaccccg cccctctcct ctttctttct ccgttttttt      780
ttccgtctcg gtctcgatct ttggccttgg tagtttgggt gggcgagagg cggcttcgtg      840
cgcgcccaga tcggtgcgcg ggagggggcg gatctcgcg ctggggctct cgccggcgtg      900
gatccggccc gcatctcgcg gggaatgggg ctctcggatg tagatctgcg atccgccgtt      960
gttgggggag atgatggggg gtttaaaatt tccgccgtgc taaacaagat caggaagagg      1020
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tgctagatct ttctttcttc tttttgtggg tagaatttga atccctcagc attgttcac      1140
ggtagttttt cttttcatga tttgtgacaa atgcagcctc gtgcggagct tttttgtagg      1200
tagaagtgat caacc atg gcc ttc ttc aac cgg gtg atc acc ctc acg gtg      1251
          Met Ala Phe Phe Asn Arg Val Ile Thr Leu Thr Val
          1           5           10

ccg tcg tca gac gtg gtc aac tac tcg gag atc tac cag gtg gct cct      1299
Pro Ser Ser Asp Val Val Asn Tyr Ser Glu Ile Tyr Gln Val Ala Pro
          15           20           25

cag tat gtc aac cag gcc ctg acc ctg gcc aag tac ttc cag ggc gcc      1347
Gln Tyr Val Asn Gln Ala Leu Thr Leu Ala Lys Tyr Phe Gln Gly Ala
          30           35           40

atc gac ggc agc acc ctg agg ttc gac ttc gag aag gcg tta cag atc      1395
Ile Asp Gly Ser Thr Leu Arg Phe Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Ile
          45           50           55           60

gcc aac gac atc ccg cag gcc gcg gtg gtc aac acc ctg aac cag acc      1443
Ala Asn Asp Ile Pro Gln Ala Ala Val Val Asn Thr Leu Asn Gln Thr
          65           70           75

gtc cag cag ggg acc gtc cag gtc agc gtc atg atc gac aag atc gtg      1491

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[illegible]

<400> SEQUENCE: 35

Met	Ala	Phe	Phe	Asn	Arg	Val	Ile	Thr	Leu	Thr	Val	Pro	Ser	Ser	Asp
1				5					10					15	
Val	Val	Asn	Tyr	Ser	Glu	Ile	Tyr	Gln	Val	Ala	Pro	Gln	Tyr	Val	Asn
		20						25					30		
Gln	Ala	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ala	Lys	Tyr	Phe	Gln	Gly	Ala	Ile	Asp	Gly	Ser
		35					40					45			
Thr	Leu	Arg	Phe	Asp	Phe	Glu	Lys	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ile	Ala	Asn	Asp	Ile
	50					55					60				
Pro	Gln	Ala	Ala	Val	Val	Asn	Thr	Leu	Asn	Gln	Thr	Val	Gln	Gln	Gly
65					70					75					80
Thr	Val	Gln	Val	Ser	Val	Met	Ile	Asp	Lys	Ile	Val	Asp	Ile	Met	Lys
				85					90					95	
Asn	Val	Leu	Ser	Ile	Val	Ile	Asp	Asn	Lys	Lys	Phe	Trp	Asp	Gln	Val
			100					105					110		
Thr	Ala	Ala	Ile	Thr	Asn	Thr	Phe	Thr	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ser	Gln	Glu	Ser

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115	120	125
Glu Ala Trp Ile Phe Tyr Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ala His Lys Thr Ser Tyr		
130	135	140
Tyr Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Ala Ile Gln Asp Glu Glu Thr Gly Gly Val		
145	150	155
Met Ala Thr Leu Pro Ile Ala Phe Asp Ile Ser Val Asp Ile Glu Lys		
	165	170
Glu Lys Val Leu Phe Val Thr Ile Lys Asp Thr Glu Asn Tyr Ala Val		
	180	185
Thr Val Lys Ala Ile Asn Val Val Gln Ala Leu Gln Ser Ser Arg Asp		
	195	200
Ser Lys Val Val Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Pro Arg His Leu Pro Arg Lys		
	210	215
Arg His Lys Ile Cys Ser Asn Ser		
225	230	
<210> SEQ ID NO 36 <211> LENGTH: 2541 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence <220> FEATURE: <223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic sequence; expression cassette in pMON70514 encoding TIC809 <220> FEATURE: <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature <223> OTHER INFORMATION: pMON70514 plant expression cassette <220> FEATURE: <221> NAME/KEY: promoter <222> LOCATION: (1)..(614) <223> OTHER INFORMATION: e35S <220> FEATURE: <221> NAME/KEY: 5'UTR <222> LOCATION: (650)..(710) <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Wheat CAB leader <220> FEATURE: <221> NAME/KEY: Intron <222> LOCATION: (727)..(1206) <223> OTHER INFORMATION: rice actin <220> FEATURE: <221> NAME/KEY: transit_peptide <222> LOCATION: (1230)..(1270) <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Zm RbcS <220> FEATURE: <221> NAME/KEY: Intron <222> LOCATION: (1371)..(1539) <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Zm RbcS <220> FEATURE: <221> NAME/KEY: transit_peptide <222> LOCATION: (1540)..(1626) <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Zm RbcS <220> FEATURE: <221> NAME/KEY: CDS <222> LOCATION: (1627)..(2328) <223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC809 <220> FEATURE: <221> NAME/KEY: terminator <222> LOCATION: (2332)..(2541) <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Wheat Hsp17 <400> SEQUENCE: 36		
ggtcgatgt gagacttttc aacaaagggt aatatccgga aacctcctcg gattccattg		60
cccagctatc tgtcacttta ttgtgaagat agtggaagg gaaggtggct cctacaaatg		120
ccatcattgc gataaaggaa aggccatcgt tgaagatgcc tctgccgaca gtggtcccaa		180
agatggaccc caccacacga ggagcatcgt ggaaaaagaa gacgttccaa ccacgtcttc		240
aaagcaagtg gattgatgtg atggtcgat gtgagacttt tcaacaaagg gtaatatccg		300

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gaaacctcct cggattccat tgcccagcta tctgtcactt tattgtgaag atagtggaaa	360
aggaaggtgg ctctacaaa tgccatcatt gcgataaagg aaaggccatc gttgaagatg	420
cctctgccga cagtggtoce aaagatggac ccccaccac gaggagcatc gtggaaaaag	480
aagacgttcc aaccacgtct tcaaagcaag tggattgatg tgatatctcc actgacgtaa	540
gggatgacgc acaatcccac tacccttcgc aagacccttc ctctatataa ggaagtccat	600
ttcatttgga gaggacacgc tgacaagctg actctagcag atcctctaga accatcttcc	660
acacactcaa gccacactat tggagaacac acagggacaa cacaccataa gatccaaggg	720
aggcctccgc cgccgccggt aaccaccccg cccctctcct ctttctttct ccgttttttt	780
ttccgtctcg gtctcgatct ttggccttgg tagtttgggt gggcgagagg cggtctcgtg	840
cgcgcccaga tcggtgcgcg ggagggggcg gatctcgcgg ctggggctct cgccggcgtg	900
gatccggccc ggatctcgcg gggaatgggg ctctcggatg tagatctgcg atccgccgtt	960
gttgggggag atgatggggg gtttaaaatt tccgccgtgc taaacaagat caggaagagg	1020
ggaaaagggc actatggttt atatttttat atatttctgc tgcttcgtca ggcttagatg	1080
tgctagatct ttctttcttc tttttgtggg tagaatttga atccctcagc attgttcac	1140
ggtagttttt cttttcatga tttgtgacaa atgcagcctc gtgcggagct tttttgtagg	1200
tagaagtgat caacctctag aggatcagca tggcgccac cgtgatgatg gcctcgtcgg	1260
ccaccgccgt cgctccgttc ctggggctca agtccaccgc cagcctcccc gtgcgccgcc	1320
gtctctccag aagcctcggc aacgtcagca acggcggaag gatccgggtgc atgcaggtaa	1380
caaatgcatc ctagctagta gttctttgca ttgcagcagc tgcagctagc gagttagtaa	1440
taggaaggga actgatgatc catgcattga ctgatgtgtg ttgcccatcc catcccatcc	1500
catttcccaa acgaaccgaa aacaccgtac tacgtgcagg tgtggcccta cggcaacaag	1560
aagttcgaga cgctgtcgta cctgccgcg ctgtcgaccg gcgggcgcac ccgtgcgatg	1620
caggcc atg gcc ttc ttc aac cgg gtg atc acc ctc acg gtg ccg tgc	1668
Met Ala Phe Phe Asn Arg Val Ile Thr Leu Thr Val Pro Ser	
1 5 10	
tca gac gtg gtc aac tac tgc gag atc tac cag gtg gct cct cag tat	1716
Ser Asp Val Val Asn Tyr Ser Glu Ile Tyr Gln Val Ala Pro Gln Tyr	
15 20 25 30	
gtc aac cag gcc ctg acc ctg gcc aag tac ttc cag gcc gcc atc gac	1764
Val Asn Gln Ala Leu Thr Leu Ala Lys Tyr Phe Gln Gly Ala Ile Asp	
35 40 45	
ggc agc acc ctg agg ttc gac ttc gag aag gcg tta cag atc gcc aac	1812
Gly Ser Thr Leu Arg Phe Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Ile Ala Asn	
50 55 60	
gac atc ccg cag gcc gcg gtg gtc aac acc ctg aac cag acc gtc cag	1860
Asp Ile Pro Gln Ala Ala Val Val Asn Thr Leu Asn Gln Thr Val Gln	
65 70 75	
cag ggg acc gtc cag gtc agc gtc atg atc gac aag atc gtg gac atc	1908
Gln Gly Thr Val Gln Val Ser Val Met Ile Asp Lys Ile Val Asp Ile	
80 85 90	
atg aag aat gtc ctg tcc atc gtg ata gac aac aag aag ttt tgg gat	1956
Met Lys Asn Val Leu Ser Ile Val Ile Asp Asn Lys Lys Phe Trp Asp	
95 100 105 110	
cag gtc acg gct gcc atc acc aac acc ttc acg aac ctg aac agc cag	2004
Gln Val Thr Ala Ala Ile Thr Asn Thr Phe Thr Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln	
115 120 125	
gag tgc gag gcc tgg atc ttc tat tac aag gag gac gcc cac aag acg	2052
Glu Ser Glu Ala Trp Ile Phe Tyr Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ala His Lys Thr	
130 135 140	

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tcc tac tat tac aac atc ctc ttc gcc atc cag gac gaa gag acg ggt      2100
Ser Tyr Tyr Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Ala Ile Gln Asp Glu Glu Thr Gly
      145                      150                      155

ggc gtg atg gcc acg ctg ccc atc gcc ttc gac atc agt gtg gac atc      2148
Gly Val Met Ala Thr Leu Pro Ile Ala Phe Asp Ile Ser Val Asp Ile
      160                      165                      170

gag aag gag aag gtc ctg ttc gtg acc atc aag gac act gag aat tac      2196
Glu Lys Glu Lys Val Leu Phe Val Thr Ile Lys Asp Thr Glu Asn Tyr
      175                      180                      185                      190

gcc gtc acc gtc aag gcg atc aac gtg gtc cag gca ctc cag tct agc      2244
Ala Val Thr Val Lys Ala Ile Asn Val Val Gln Ala Leu Gln Ser Ser
      195                      200                      205

agg gat tct aag gtg gtt gat gcg ttc aaa tcg cca cgg cac tta ccc      2292
Arg Asp Ser Lys Val Val Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Pro Arg His Leu Pro
      210                      215                      220

cgg aag agg cat aag att tgc tct aac tcg tga tga attctgcatg      2338
Arg Lys Arg His Lys Ile Cys Ser Asn Ser
      225                      230

cgtttggaag tatgctcatt caggttgag ccaatttggg tgatgtgtgt gcgagttctt      2398

gcgagtctga tgagacatct ctgtattgtg tttctttccc cagtgttttc tgtacttgtg      2458

taatcggtcta atcgccaaca gattcggcga tgaataaatg agaaataaat tgttctgatt      2518

ttgagtgcaa aaaaaaagga att      2541

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<210> SEQ ID NO 37
<211> LENGTH: 232
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Construct

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<400> SEQUENCE: 37

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Met Ala Phe Phe Asn Arg Val Ile Thr Leu Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asp
1          5          10          15

Val Val Asn Tyr Ser Glu Ile Tyr Gln Val Ala Pro Gln Tyr Val Asn
20        25        30

Gln Ala Leu Thr Leu Ala Lys Tyr Phe Gln Gly Ala Ile Asp Gly Ser
35        40        45

Thr Leu Arg Phe Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Ile Ala Asn Asp Ile
50        55        60

Pro Gln Ala Ala Val Val Asn Thr Leu Asn Gln Thr Val Gln Gln Gly
65        70        75        80

Thr Val Gln Val Ser Val Met Ile Asp Lys Ile Val Asp Ile Met Lys
85        90        95

Asn Val Leu Ser Ile Val Ile Asp Asn Lys Lys Phe Trp Asp Gln Val
100       105       110

Thr Ala Ala Ile Thr Asn Thr Phe Thr Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser
115       120       125

Glu Ala Trp Ile Phe Tyr Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ala His Lys Thr Ser Tyr
130       135       140

Tyr Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Ala Ile Gln Asp Glu Glu Thr Gly Gly Val
145       150       155       160

Met Ala Thr Leu Pro Ile Ala Phe Asp Ile Ser Val Asp Ile Glu Lys
165       170       175

Glu Lys Val Leu Phe Val Thr Ile Lys Asp Thr Glu Asn Tyr Ala Val
180       185       190

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Thr Val Lys Ala Ile Asn Val Val Gln Ala Leu Gln Ser Ser Arg Asp
195 200 205

Ser Lys Val Val Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Pro Arg His Leu Pro Arg Lys
210 215 220

Arg His Lys Ile Cys Ser Asn Ser
225 230

<210> SEQ ID NO 38
 <211> LENGTH: 4083
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic sequence; expression cassette in
 pMON64144 encoding TIC809
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: pMON64144 plant expression cassette
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: promoter
 <222> LOCATION: (1)..(1844)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: rice Rcc3
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: 5'UTR
 <222> LOCATION: (1845)..(1943)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: rice Rcc3
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: Intron
 <222> LOCATION: (1952)..(2755)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: HSP70
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: transit_peptide
 <222> LOCATION: (2772)..(2912)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Zm RbcS
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: Intron
 <222> LOCATION: (2913)..(3081)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Zm RbcS
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: transit_peptide
 <222> LOCATION: (3082)..(3168)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Zm RbcS
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (3169)..(3870)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC809
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: terminator
 <222> LOCATION: (3874)..(4083)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Wheat Hsp17

<400> SEQUENCE: 38

gcaatcaacc aacatatact gaatatggga aagtttcttt tagcttttct aaattaagta	60
ctgattctta aacttaagtg agaacttagc ctgttcaggg gcgacggcta aaggacatag	120
caccactagt ctacgcgatt gcaaaaaaga agaatgcaag cctgcaacaa gtatcgcttt	180
cccgaccaat ggttggttga cctcggtttg cggtaacct caggctggac gacagaacta	240
attagccaac ttgtcaatgt ctagggtgct gttcatagcc tgcagttgac agagtaacgaa	300
aaggacaaga tcacatggaa gctaactagt cacggcgaat acatgacgac atcggcctac	360
aacgcacaac ttcttggeat aaaagcttca atttcaatgc ccctatctgg aagccctagg	420
cgccgcgcaa atgtaaaaca ttgcgttcgc ttggtttggt atccaaaata gagtatggac	480
ctccgacaga ttggcaaccc gtgggtaatc gaaaatggct ccctctgccc ctttgtcgaa	540
ggaatcagga aacggccctc acctcctggc ggagtgtaga tatgtgaaag aatctaggcg	600
acacttgtag actggacaac atgtgaacaa ataagaccaa cgttatggca acaagcctcg	660
acgctactca agtgggtggga ggccaccgca tgttccaacg aagcgccaaa gaaagccttg	720

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cagactctaa	tgctattagt	cgcctaggat	atttggaatg	aaaggaaccg	cagagttttt	780
cagcaccaag	agcttcgggt	ggctagtcgt	atagccaaaa	ttaaggagga	tgccaaaaca	840
tgggtcttgg	cgggcgcgaa	acaccttgat	aggtggctta	ccttttaaca	tgctcgggcc	900
aaaggccttg	agacggtaaa	gttttctatt	tgcgcttgcg	catgtacaat	tttatctctc	960
tattcaatga	aattgggtggc	tcactgggttc	attaaaaaaa	aaagaatcta	gcctgttcgg	1020
gaagaagagg	atthttgttcg	tgagagagag	agagagagag	agagagagag	agagagagaa	1080
ggaggaggag	gattttcagg	cttcgcattg	cccaacctct	gcttctgttg	gcccagaag	1140
aatcccaggc	gcccattggc	tggcagttta	ccacggacct	acctagccta	ccttagctat	1200
ctaagcgggc	cgaactagta	gccacgtgcc	tagtgtagat	ttaagttgcc	gggccagcag	1260
gaagccacgc	tgcaatggca	tcttcccttg	tccttcgcgt	acgtgaaaac	aaaccaggt	1320
aagcttagaa	tcttcttgcc	cgttggaactg	ggacaccac	caatcccacc	atgccccgat	1380
attctctcgg	tctcggttca	tgtgatgtcc	tctcttgtgt	gatcacggag	caagattct	1440
taaacggcaa	aagaaaatca	ccaacttgct	cacgcagtca	cgtgcaccg	cgcgaagcga	1500
cgcgcgatag	gccaagatcg	cgaagataaaa	taacaaccaa	tgatcataag	gaaacaagcc	1560
cgcgatgtgt	cgtgtgcagc	aatcttggtc	atttgcgga	tcgagtgtt	cacagctaac	1620
caaattattcg	gccgatgatt	taacacatta	tcagcgtaga	tgtacgtacg	atttgtaaat	1680
taatctacga	gccttgctag	ggcaggtgtt	ctgccagcca	atccagatcg	ccctcgtatg	1740
cacgtcaca	tgatggcagg	gcagggttca	catgagctct	aacggtcgat	taattaatcc	1800
cggggctcga	ctataaatat	ctccctaata	ccatgatcaa	aaccatctca	agcagcctaa	1860
tcattctccag	ctgatcaaga	gctcttaatt	agctagctag	tgattagctg	cgttggtgat	1920
cgatcgatct	cgggtacgta	gcaatagatc	taccgtcttc	ggtagcgcgt	caactcggcc	1980
tctgcctttg	ttactgccac	gtttctctga	atgctctctt	gtgtggtgat	tgctgagagt	2040
ggttttagctg	gatctagaat	tacactctga	aatcgtgttc	tgctgtgct	gattacttgc	2100
cgtcctttgt	agcagcaaaa	tatagggaca	tggtagtacg	aaacgaagat	agaacctaca	2160
cagcaatacg	agaaatgtgt	aatttggtgc	ttagcgggat	ttatttaagc	acatgttggt	2220
gttatagggc	acttggaatc	agaagtttgc	tgtaatttta	ggcacaggct	tcatactaca	2280
tgggtcaata	gtatagggat	tcataattata	ggcgatacta	taataatttg	ttcgtctgca	2340
gagcttatta	tttgccaaaa	ttagatattc	ctattctgtt	tttgtttggt	tgctgttaaa	2400
ttgttaacgc	ctgaaggaat	aaatataaat	gacgaaattt	tgatgtttat	ctctgctcct	2460
ttattgtgac	cataagtcga	gatcagatgc	acttgtttta	aatattgttg	tctgaagaaa	2520
taagtactga	cagtattttg	atgcattgat	ctgcttggtt	gttgtaacaa	aatttaaaaa	2580
taaagagttt	cctttttgtt	gctctcctta	cctcctgatg	gtatctagta	tctaccaact	2640
gacactatat	tgttctctct	tacatacgta	tcttgctcga	tgcttctctc	ctagtgttga	2700
ccagtgttac	tcacatagtc	tttgctcatt	tcattgtaat	gcagatacca	agcggcctct	2760
agaggatcag	catggcgccc	accgtgatga	tgccctcgtc	ggccaccgcc	gtcgctccgt	2820
tcctggggct	caagtccacc	gccagcctcc	ccgtcgcccg	ccgtcctccc	agaagcctcg	2880
gcaacgtcag	caacggcgga	aggatccggt	gcattgcagg	aacaaatgca	tcctagctag	2940
tagttctttg	cattgcagca	gctgcagcta	gcgagttagt	aataggaagg	gaactgatga	3000
tccatgcatg	gactgatgtg	tgttgcccat	cccatcccat	cccatttccc	aaacgaaccg	3060
aaaacaccgt	actacgtgca	ggtgtggccc	tacggcaaca	agaagttcga	gacgtgtctg	3120

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tacctgccgc cgctgtcgac cggcggggcgc atccgctgca tgcaggcc atg gcc ttc	3177
Met Ala Phe	
1	
ttc aac cgg gtg atc acc ctc acg gtg cgg tcg tca gac gtg gtc aac	3225
Phe Asn Arg Val Ile Thr Leu Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asp Val Val Asn	
5 10 15	
tac tcg gag atc tac cag gtg gct cct cag tat gtc aac cag gcc ctg	3273
Tyr Ser Glu Ile Tyr Gln Val Ala Pro Gln Tyr Val Asn Gln Ala Leu	
20 25 30 35	
acc ctg gcc aag tac ttc cag ggc gcc atc gac ggc agc acc ctg agg	3321
Thr Leu Ala Lys Tyr Phe Gln Gly Ala Ile Asp Gly Ser Thr Leu Arg	
40 45 50	
ttc gac ttc gag aag gcg tta cag atc gcc aac gac atc ccg cag gcc	3369
Phe Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Ile Ala Asn Asp Ile Pro Gln Ala	
55 60 65	
gcg gtg gtc aac acc ctg aac cag acc gtc cag cag ggg acc gtc cag	3417
Ala Val Val Asn Thr Leu Asn Gln Thr Val Gln Gln Gly Thr Val Gln	
70 75 80	
gtc agc gtc atg atc gac aag atc gtg gac atc atg aag aat gtc ctg	3465
Val Ser Val Met Ile Asp Lys Ile Val Asp Ile Met Lys Asn Val Leu	
85 90 95	
tcc atc gtg ata gac aac aag aag ttt tgg gat cag gtc acg gct gcc	3513
Ser Ile Val Ile Asp Asn Lys Lys Phe Trp Asp Gln Val Thr Ala Ala	
100 105 110 115	
atc acc aac acc ttc acg aac ctg aac agc cag gag tcg gag gcc tgg	3561
Ile Thr Asn Thr Phe Thr Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser Glu Ala Trp	
120 125 130	
atc ttc tat tac aag gag gac gcc cac aag acg tcc tac tat tac aac	3609
Ile Phe Tyr Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ala His Lys Thr Ser Tyr Tyr Tyr Asn	
135 140 145	
atc ctc ttc gcc atc cag gac gaa gag acg ggt ggc gtg atg gcc acg	3657
Ile Leu Phe Ala Ile Gln Asp Glu Glu Thr Gly Gly Val Met Ala Thr	
150 155 160	
ctg ccc atc gcc ttc gac atc agt gtg gac atc gag aag gag aag gtc	3705
Leu Pro Ile Ala Phe Asp Ile Ser Val Asp Ile Glu Lys Glu Lys Val	
165 170 175	
ctg ttc gtg acc atc aag gac act gag aat tac gcc gtc acc gtc aag	3753
Leu Phe Val Thr Ile Lys Asp Thr Glu Asn Tyr Ala Val Thr Val Lys	
180 185 190 195	
gcg atc aac gtg gtc cag gca ctc cag tct agc agg gat tct aag gtg	3801
Ala Ile Asn Val Val Gln Ala Leu Gln Ser Ser Arg Asp Ser Lys Val	
200 205 210	
gtt gat gcg ttc aaa tcg cca cgg cac tta ccc cgg aag agg cat aag	3849
Val Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Pro Arg His Leu Pro Arg Lys Arg His Lys	
215 220 225	
att tgc tct aac tcg tga tga attctgcatg cgtttggacg tatgtctcatt	3900
Ile Cys Ser Asn Ser	
230	
caggttggag ccaatttggg tgaatgtgtgt gcgagttctt gcgagttctga tgagacatct	3960
ctgtattgtg tttctttccc cagtgttttc tgtacttgtg taatcggtca atcgccaaca	4020
gattcggcga tgaataaatg agaaataaat tgttctgatt ttgagtgcaa aaaaaaagga	4080
att	4083

<210> SEQ ID NO 39

<211> LENGTH: 232

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Construct

<400> SEQUENCE: 39

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Met Ala Phe Phe Asn Arg Val Ile Thr Leu Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asp
 1             5             10             15

Val Val Asn Tyr Ser Glu Ile Tyr Gln Val Ala Pro Gln Tyr Val Asn
      20             25             30

Gln Ala Leu Thr Leu Ala Lys Tyr Phe Gln Gly Ala Ile Asp Gly Ser
      35             40             45

Thr Leu Arg Phe Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Ile Ala Asn Asp Ile
 50             55             60

Pro Gln Ala Ala Val Val Asn Thr Leu Asn Gln Thr Val Gln Gln Gly
65             70             75             80

Thr Val Gln Val Ser Val Met Ile Asp Lys Ile Val Asp Ile Met Lys
      85             90             95

Asn Val Leu Ser Ile Val Ile Asp Asn Lys Lys Phe Trp Asp Gln Val
      100            105            110

Thr Ala Ala Ile Thr Asn Thr Phe Thr Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser
      115            120            125

Glu Ala Trp Ile Phe Tyr Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ala His Lys Thr Ser Tyr
      130            135            140

Tyr Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Ala Ile Gln Asp Glu Glu Thr Gly Gly Val
      145            150            155            160

Met Ala Thr Leu Pro Ile Ala Phe Asp Ile Ser Val Asp Ile Glu Lys
      165            170            175

Glu Lys Val Leu Phe Val Thr Ile Lys Asp Thr Glu Asn Tyr Ala Val
      180            185            190

Thr Val Lys Ala Ile Asn Val Val Gln Ala Leu Gln Ser Ser Arg Asp
      195            200            205

Ser Lys Val Val Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Pro Arg His Leu Pro Arg Lys
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Arg His Lys Ile Cys Ser Asn Ser
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<210> SEQ ID NO 40

<211> LENGTH: 6641

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic sequence; expression cassettes in pMON64150 encoding TIC809 and TIC810

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: pMON64150 first and second plant expression cassettes

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: promoter

<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1844)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: rice Rcc3

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: 5'UTR

<222> LOCATION: (1845)..(1943)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: rice Rcc3 leader

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: Intron

<222> LOCATION: (1952)..(2755)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: HSP70 intron

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: transit_peptide

<222> LOCATION: (2772)..(2912)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Zm RbcS

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: Intron

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<222> LOCATION: (2913)..(3081)
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Zm RbcS
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<222> LOCATION: (3169)..(3870)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC809
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: terminator
<222> LOCATION: (3874)..(4083)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Wheat Hsp17
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<220> FEATURE:
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: rice actin
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Wheat Hsp17

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caccactagt ctacgcgatt gcaaaaaaga agaatgcaag cctgcaacaa gtatcgcttt      180
cccgaccaat ggttggttga cctcggtttg ccggtaacct caggctggac gacagaacta      240
attagccaac ttgtcaatgt ctagggtgct gttcatagcc tgcagttgac agagtacgaa      300
aaggacaaga tcacatggaa gctaactagt cacggcgaat acatgacgac atcggcctac      360
aacgcacaac ttcttgcatc aaaagcttca atttcaatgc ccctatctgg aagccctagg      420
cgccgcgcaa atgtaaaaca ttgcgttcgc ttggcttggt atccaaaata gagtatggac      480
ctccgacaga ttggcaaccc gtgggtaatc gaaaatggct ccatctgccc ctttgtcgaa      540
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acacttgca gactggacaac atgtgaacaa ataagaccaa cgttatggca acaagcctcg      660
acgctactca agtggtggga ggccaccgca tgttccaacg aagcgccaaa gaaagccttg      720
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gaagaagagg attttgttcg tgagagagag agagagagag agagagagaa	1080
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Phe Asn Arg Val Ile Thr Leu Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asp Val Val Asn																
5 10 15																
tac tcg gag atc tac cag gtg gct cct cag tat gtc aac cag gcc ctg	3273															
Tyr Ser Glu Ile Tyr Gln Val Ala Pro Gln Tyr Val Asn Gln Ala Leu																
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acc ctg gcc aag tac ttc cag ggc gcc atc gac ggc agc acc ctg agg	3321															
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40 45 50																
ttc gac ttc gag aag gcg tta cag atc gcc aac gac atc ccg cag gcc	3369															
Phe Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Ile Ala Asn Asp Ile Pro Gln Ala																
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gtc agc gtc atg atc gac aag atc gtg gac atc atg aag aat gtc ctg	3465															
Val Ser Val Met Ile Asp Lys Ile Val Asp Ile Met Lys Asn Val Leu																
85 90 95																
tcc atc gtg ata gac aac aag aag ttt tgg gat cag gtc acg gct gcc	3513															
Ser Ile Val Ile Asp Asn Lys Lys Phe Trp Asp Gln Val Thr Ala Ala																
100 105 110 115																
atc acc aac acc ttc acg aac ctg aac agc cag gag tcg gag gcc tgg	3561															
Ile Thr Asn Thr Phe Thr Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser Glu Ala Trp																
120 125 130																
atc ttc tat tac aag gag gac gcc cac aag acg tcc tac tat tac aac	3609															
Ile Phe Tyr Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ala His Lys Thr Ser Tyr Tyr Tyr Asn																
135 140 145																
atc ctc ttc gcc atc cag gac gaa gag acg ggt ggc gtg atg gcc acg	3657															
Ile Leu Phe Ala Ile Gln Asp Glu Glu Thr Gly Gly Val Met Ala Thr																
150 155 160																
ctg ccc atc gcc ttc gac atc agt gtg gac atc gag aag gag aag gtc	3705															
Leu Pro Ile Ala Phe Asp Ile Ser Val Asp Ile Glu Lys Glu Lys Val																
165 170 175																
ctg ttc gtg acc atc aag gac act gag aat tac gcc gtc acc gtc aag	3753															
Leu Phe Val Thr Ile Lys Asp Thr Glu Asn Tyr Ala Val Thr Val Lys																
180 185 190 195																
gcg atc aac gtg gtc cag gca ctc cag tct agc agg gat tct aag gtg	3801															
Ala Ile Asn Val Val Gln Ala Leu Gln Ser Ser Arg Asp Ser Lys Val																
200 205 210																
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Val Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Pro Arg His Leu Pro Arg Lys Arg His Lys																
215 220 225																
att tgc tct aac tcg tga tga attctgcatg cgtttggacg tatgtctatt	3900															
Ile Cys Ser Asn Ser																
230																
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tgccgacagt ggtcccaaag atggaccccc acccacgagg agcatcgtag aaaaagaaga	4620
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caggcc atg agc aaa gaa atc agg ctc aac ctt tct cgt gag agc ggc	5808
Met Ser Lys Glu Ile Arg Leu Asn Leu Ser Arg Glu Ser Gly	
235 240 245	
gcc gac ctg tac ctc aag atc ctc gcc ttc gtg aag ccc gag cac ttc	5856
Ala Asp Leu Tyr Leu Lys Ile Leu Ala Phe Val Lys Pro Glu His Phe	
250 255 260	
ttt cag gcg tac ctc ctg tgc cgc gag ttc gag agc atc gtg gat cct	5904
Phe Gln Ala Tyr Leu Leu Cys Arg Glu Phe Glu Ser Ile Val Asp Pro	
265 270 275	
aca acc cgc gag tct gac ttc gac aag acg ctg acc atc gtg aag tcg	5952
Thr Thr Arg Glu Ser Asp Phe Asp Lys Thr Leu Thr Ile Val Lys Ser	
280 285 290	
gac tcc acc ctc gtg acc gtg ggc acg atg aac acc aag ctg gtc aat	6000
Asp Ser Thr Leu Val Thr Val Gly Thr Met Asn Thr Lys Leu Val Asn	
295 300 305 310	
agc caa gag atc ctc gtg tcg gac ttg atc act caa gtc ggt tcc cag	6048
Ser Gln Glu Ile Leu Val Ser Asp Leu Ile Thr Gln Val Gly Ser Gln	
315 320 325	
atc gcc gat acc ctc ggc atc acg gac atc gac gcc aac acc cag caa	6096
Ile Ala Asp Thr Leu Gly Ile Thr Asp Ile Asp Ala Asn Thr Gln Gln	
330 335 340	
cag ctc acg gag ctg atc ggc aac ctc ttc gtg aac ctc aat tcc caa	6144
Gln Leu Thr Glu Leu Ile Gly Asn Leu Phe Val Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln	
345 350 355	
gtt cag gag tac atc tac ttc tac gag gag aag gag aag cag acc tcc	6192

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Val	Gln	Glu	Tyr	Ile	Tyr	Phe	Tyr	Glu	Glu	Lys	Glu	Lys	Gln	Thr	Ser	
360						365					370					
tac	cgc	tac	aac	atc	ctc	ttc	gtg	ttc	gaa	aag	gag	tcg	ttc	atc	acc	6240
Tyr	Arg	Tyr	Asn	Ile	Leu	Phe	Val	Phe	Glu	Lys	Glu	Ser	Phe	Ile	Thr	
375					380					385					390	
att	ctg	cca	atg	ggc	ttc	gac	gtg	acc	gtg	aac	acg	aac	aag	gag	gcc	6288
Ile	Leu	Pro	Met	Gly	Phe	Asp	Val	Thr	Val	Asn	Thr	Asn	Lys	Glu	Ala	
				395					400					405		
gtc	ctg	aag	ctg	acc	ccg	aag	gac	aag	gtt	acc	tac	ggc	cac	gtc	agc	6336
Val	Leu	Lys	Leu	Thr	Pro	Lys	Asp	Lys	Val	Thr	Tyr	Gly	His	Val	Ser	
			410					415					420			
gtc	aag	gcc	ctc	aac	atc	atc	cag	ctc	att	acg	gag	gac	aag	ttc	aac	6384
Val	Lys	Ala	Leu	Asn	Ile	Ile	Gln	Leu	Ile	Thr	Glu	Asp	Lys	Phe	Asn	
			425				430						435			
ttc	ctc	gca	acc	ctc	aag	aag	gct	ctc	aag	acc	ctg	tga	tga			6426
Phe	Leu	Ala	Thr	Leu	Lys	Lys	Ala	Leu	Lys	Thr	Leu					
	440					445				450						
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<210> SEQ ID NO 41
 <211> LENGTH: 232
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Construct

<400> SEQUENCE: 41

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		20						25					30			
Gln	Ala	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ala	Lys	Tyr	Phe	Gln	Gly	Ala	Ile	Asp	Gly	Ser	
		35				40						45				
Thr	Leu	Arg	Phe	Asp	Phe	Glu	Lys	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ile	Ala	Asn	Asp	Ile	
	50				55						60					
Pro	Gln	Ala	Ala	Val	Val	Asn	Thr	Leu	Asn	Gln	Thr	Val	Gln	Gln	Gly	
65					70					75					80	
Thr	Val	Gln	Val	Ser	Val	Met	Ile	Asp	Lys	Ile	Val	Asp	Ile	Met	Lys	
			85						90					95		
Asn	Val	Leu	Ser	Ile	Val	Ile	Asp	Asn	Lys	Lys	Phe	Trp	Asp	Gln	Val	
		100						105						110		
Thr	Ala	Ala	Ile	Thr	Asn	Thr	Phe	Thr	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ser	Gln	Glu	Ser	
		115						120					125			
Glu	Ala	Trp	Ile	Phe	Tyr	Tyr	Lys	Glu	Asp	Ala	His	Lys	Thr	Ser	Tyr	
	130					135					140					
Tyr	Tyr	Asn	Ile	Leu	Phe	Ala	Ile	Gln	Asp	Glu	Glu	Thr	Gly	Gly	Val	
145					150					155					160	
Met	Ala	Thr	Leu	Pro	Ile	Ala	Phe	Asp	Ile	Ser	Val	Asp	Ile	Glu	Lys	
			165						170					175		
Glu	Lys	Val	Leu	Phe	Val	Thr	Ile	Lys	Asp	Thr	Glu	Asn	Tyr	Ala	Val	
			180						185					190		
Thr	Val	Lys	Ala	Ile	Asn	Val	Val	Gln	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser	Arg	Asp	
		195						200					205			

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Ser Lys Val Val Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Pro Arg His Leu Pro Arg Lys
 210 215 220

Arg His Lys Ile Cys Ser Asn Ser
 225 230

<210> SEQ ID NO 42
 <211> LENGTH: 218
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Construct

<400> SEQUENCE: 42

Met Ser Lys Glu Ile Arg Leu Asn Leu Ser Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Asp
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Leu Tyr Leu Lys Ile Leu Ala Phe Val Lys Pro Glu His Phe Phe Gln
 20 25 30

Ala Tyr Leu Leu Cys Arg Glu Phe Glu Ser Ile Val Asp Pro Thr Thr
 35 40 45

Arg Glu Ser Asp Phe Asp Lys Thr Leu Thr Ile Val Lys Ser Asp Ser
 50 55 60

Thr Leu Val Thr Val Gly Thr Met Asn Thr Lys Leu Val Asn Ser Gln
 65 70 75 80

Glu Ile Leu Val Ser Asp Leu Ile Thr Gln Val Gly Ser Gln Ile Ala
 85 90 95

Asp Thr Leu Gly Ile Thr Asp Ile Asp Ala Asn Thr Gln Gln Gln Leu
 100 105 110

Thr Glu Leu Ile Gly Asn Leu Phe Val Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Val Gln
 115 120 125

Glu Tyr Ile Tyr Phe Tyr Glu Glu Lys Glu Lys Gln Thr Ser Tyr Arg
 130 135 140

Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Val Phe Glu Lys Glu Ser Phe Ile Thr Ile Leu
 145 150 155 160

Pro Met Gly Phe Asp Val Thr Val Asn Thr Asn Lys Glu Ala Val Leu
 165 170 175

Lys Leu Thr Pro Lys Asp Lys Val Thr Tyr Gly His Val Ser Val Lys
 180 185 190

Ala Leu Asn Ile Ile Gln Leu Ile Thr Glu Asp Lys Phe Asn Phe Leu
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Ala Thr Leu Lys Lys Ala Leu Lys Thr Leu
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<210> SEQ ID NO 43
 <211> LENGTH: 5813
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic sequence; expression cassettes in
 pMON64151 encoding TIC809 and TIC810
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: pMON64151 first and second plant expression
 cassettes
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: promoter
 <222> LOCATION: (1)..(1844)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: rice Rcc3
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: 5'UTR
 <222> LOCATION: (1845)..(1943)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: rice Rcc3 leader

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<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: Intron
<222> LOCATION: (1952)..(2755)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: HSP70 intron
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (2772)..(3473)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC809
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: terminator
<222> LOCATION: (3477)..(3686)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Wheat Hsp17
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: promoter
<222> LOCATION: (3724)..(4337)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: e35S
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: 5'UTR
<222> LOCATION: (4373)..(4433)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Wheat CAB leader
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: Intron
<222> LOCATION: (4450)..(4929)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: rice actin
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (4939)..(5598)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC810
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: terminator
<222> LOCATION: (5604)..(5813)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Wheat Hsp17

<400> SEQUENCE: 43

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caccactagt ctacgcgatt gcaaaaaaga agaatgcaag cctgcaacaa gtatcgcttt      180
cccgaccaat ggttggttga cctcggtttg cgggtaacct caggctggac gacagaacta      240
attagccaac ttgtcaatgt ctagggtgct gttcatagcc tgcagttgac agagtacgaa      300
aaggacaaga tcacatggaa gctaactagt cacggcgaat acatgacgac atcggcctac      360
aacgcacaac ttcttgccat aaaagcttca atttcaatgc ccctatctgg aagccctagg      420
cgccgcgcaa atgtaaaaca ttgcgttcgc ttggcttggt atccaaaata gagtatggac      480
ctccgacaga ttggcaaccc gtgggtaatc gaaaatggct ccatctgccc ctttgtcgaa      540
ggaatcagga aacggccctc acctcctggc ggagtgtaga tatgtgaaag aatctaggcg      600
acacttgtag actggacaac atgtgaacaa ataagaccaa cgttatggca acaagcctcg      660
acgctactca agtggtgagg gggcaccgca gtttccaacg aagcgccaaa gaaagccttg      720
cagactctaa tgctattagt cgcttaggat atttggaatg aaaggaaccg cagagttttt      780
cagcaccaag agcttccggt ggetagtctg atagccaaaa ttaaggagga tgccaaaaca      840
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ctaagcgggc cgacctagta gccacgtgcc tagtgtagat taaagttgcc gggccagcag      1260
gaagccacgc tgcaatggca tcttcccttg tccttcgctg acgtgaaaaa aaaccaggt      1320

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taaacggcaa aagaaaatca ccaacttgct cagcagtcga cgctgcaccg cggaagcga	1500
cgcccgatag gccaagatcg cgagataaaa taacaaccaa tgatcataag gaaacaagcc	1560
cgcgatgtgt cgtgtgcagc aatcttggtc atttgcgga tcgagtgtt cacagctaac	1620
caaataatcg gccgatgatt taacacatta tcagcgtaga tgtacgtacg atttgtaaat	1680
taatctacga gccttgctag ggcaggtgtt ctgccagcca atccagatcg ccctcgatg	1740
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cggggctcga ctataaatac ctcccatac ccatgatcaa aaccatctca agcagcctaa	1860
tcactctcag ctgatcaaga gctcttaatt agctagctag tgattagctg cgcttgatg	1920
cgatcgatct cgggtacgta gcaatagatc taccgtcttc ggtacgcgct cactccgccc	1980
tctgcctttg ttactgccac gtttctctga atgctctctt gtgtggtgat tgctgagagt	2040
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cgtcctttgt agcagcaaaa tatagggaca tggtagtacg aaacgaagat agaacctaca	2160
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ccagtgttac tcacatagtc tttgctcatt tcattgtaat gcagatacca agcggcctct	2760
agaggatctc c atg gcc ttc ttc aac cgg gtg atc acc ctc acg gtg ccg	2810
Met Ala Phe Phe Asn Arg Val Ile Thr Leu Thr Val Pro	
1 5 10	
tcg tca gac gtg gtc aac tac tcg gag atc tac cag gtg gct cct cag	2858
Ser Ser Asp Val Val Asn Tyr Ser Glu Ile Tyr Gln Val Ala Pro Gln	
15 20 25	
tat gtc aac cag gcc ctg acc ctg gcc aag tac ttc cag ggc gcc atc	2906
Tyr Val Asn Gln Ala Leu Thr Leu Ala Lys Tyr Phe Gln Gly Ala Ile	
30 35 40 45	
gac ggc agc acc ctg agg ttc gac ttc gag aag gcg tta cag atc gcc	2954
Asp Gly Ser Thr Leu Arg Phe Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Ile Ala	
50 55 60	
aac gac atc ccg cag gcc gcg gtg gtc aac acc ctg aac cag acc gtc	3002
Asn Asp Ile Pro Gln Ala Ala Val Val Asn Thr Leu Asn Gln Thr Val	
65 70 75	
cag cag ggg acc gtc cag gtc agc gtc atg atc gac aag atc gtg gac	3050
Gln Gln Gly Thr Val Gln Val Ser Val Met Ile Asp Asn Lys Ile Val Asp	
80 85 90	
atc atg aag aat gtc ctg tcc atc gtg ata gac aac aag aag ttt tgg	3098
Ile Met Lys Asn Val Leu Ser Ile Val Ile Asp Asn Lys Lys Phe Trp	
95 100 105	
gat cag gtc acg gct gcc atc acc aac acc ttc acg aac ctg aac agc	3146
Asp Gln Val Thr Ala Ala Ile Thr Asn Thr Phe Thr Asn Leu Asn Ser	
110 115 120 125	

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cag gag tcg gag gcc tgg atc ttc tat tac aag gag gac gcc cac aag Gln Glu Ser Glu Ala Trp Ile Phe Tyr Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ala His Lys 130 135 140	3194
acg tcc tac tat tac aac atc ctc ttc gcc atc cag gac gaa gag acg Thr Ser Tyr Tyr Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Ala Ile Gln Asp Glu Glu Thr 145 150 155	3242
ggg ggc gtg atg gcc acg ctg ccc atc gcc ttc gac atc agt gtg gac Gly Gly Val Met Ala Thr Leu Pro Ile Ala Phe Asp Ile Ser Val Asp 160 165 170	3290
atc gag aag gag aag gtc ctg ttc gtg acc atc aag gac act gag aat Ile Glu Lys Glu Lys Val Leu Phe Val Thr Ile Lys Asp Thr Glu Asn 175 180 185	3338
tac gcc gtc acc gtc aag gcg atc aac gtg gtc cag gca ctc cag tct Tyr Ala Val Thr Val Lys Ala Ile Asn Val Val Gln Ala Leu Gln Ser 190 195 200 205	3386
agc agg gat tct aag gtg gtt gat gcg ttc aaa tcg cca cgg cac tta Ser Arg Asp Ser Lys Val Val Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Pro Arg His Leu 210 215 220	3434
ccc cgg aag agg cat aag att tgc tct aac tcg tga tga attctgcatg Pro Arg Lys Arg His Lys Ile Cys Ser Asn Ser 225 230	3483
cgtttgacg tatgctcatt cagggtggag ccaatttggg tgatgtgtgt gcgagttcct	3543
gcgagcttga tgagacatct ctgtattgtg tttctttccc cagtgttttc tgaactgtg	3603
taatcggcta atcgccaaca gattcggcga tgaataaatg agaaataaat tgttctgatt	3663
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ttcatttggg gaggacacgc tgacaagctg actctagcag atcctctaga accatcttcc	4383
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ggtagttttt cttttcatga tttgtgacaa atgcagcctc gtgcggagct tttttgtagg	4923
tagaagtgat caacc atg agc aaa gaa atc agg ctc aac ctt tct cgt gag Met Ser Lys Glu Ile Arg Leu Asn Leu Ser Arg Glu	4974

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235	240	
agc ggc gcc gac ctg tac ctc aag atc ctc gcc ttc gtg aag ccc gag Ser Gly Ala Asp Leu Tyr Leu Lys Ile Leu Ala Phe Val Lys Pro Glu 245 250 255 260		5022
cac ttc ttt cag gcg tac ctc ctg tgc cgc gag ttc gag agc atc gtg His Phe Phe Gln Ala Tyr Leu Leu Cys Arg Glu Phe Glu Ser Ile Val 265 270 275		5070
gat cct aca acc cgc gag tct gac ttc gac aag acg ctg acc atc gtg Asp Pro Thr Thr Arg Glu Ser Asp Phe Asp Lys Thr Leu Thr Ile Val 280 285 290		5118
aag tcg gac tcc acc ctc gtg acc gtg ggc acg atg aac acc aag ctg Lys Ser Asp Ser Thr Leu Val Thr Val Gly Thr Met Asn Thr Lys Leu 295 300 305		5166
gtc aat agc caa gag atc ctc gtg tcg gac ttg atc act caa gtc ggt Val Asn Ser Gln Glu Ile Leu Val Ser Asp Leu Ile Thr Gln Val Gly 310 315 320		5214
tcc cag atc gcc gat acc ctc ggc atc acg gac atc gac gcc aac acc Ser Gln Ile Ala Asp Thr Leu Gly Ile Thr Asp Ile Asp Ala Asn Thr 325 330 335 340		5262
cag caa cag ctc acg gag ctg atc ggc aac ctc ttc gtg aac ctc aat Gln Gln Gln Leu Thr Glu Leu Ile Gly Asn Leu Phe Val Asn Leu Asn 345 350 355		5310
tcc caa gtt cag gag tac atc tac ttc tac gag gag aag gag aag cag Ser Gln Val Gln Glu Tyr Ile Tyr Phe Tyr Glu Glu Lys Glu Lys Gln 360 365 370		5358
acc tcc tac cgc tac aac atc ctc ttc gtg ttc gaa aag gag tcg ttc Thr Ser Tyr Arg Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Val Phe Glu Lys Glu Ser Phe 375 380 385		5406
atc acc att ctg cca atg ggc ttc gac gtg acc gtg aac acg aac aag Ile Thr Ile Leu Pro Met Gly Phe Asp Val Thr Val Asn Thr Asn Lys 390 395 400		5454
gag gcc gtc ctg aag ctg acc ccg aag gac aag gtt acc tac ggc cac Glu Ala Val Leu Lys Leu Thr Pro Lys Asp Lys Val Thr Tyr Gly His 405 410 415 420		5502
gtc agc gtc aag gcc ctc aac atc atc cag ctc att acg gag gac aag Val Ser Val Lys Ala Leu Asn Ile Ile Gln Leu Ile Thr Glu Asp Lys 425 430 435		5550
ttc aac ttc ctc gca acc ctc aag aag gct ctc aag acc ctg tga tga Phe Asn Phe Leu Ala Thr Leu Lys Lys Ala Leu Lys Thr Leu 440 445 450		5598
gaattctgca tgcgtttgga cgtatgctca ttcaggttgg agccaatttg gttgatgtgt		5658
gtgcgagttc ttgcgagttc gatgagacat ctctgtattg tgtttcttcc cccagtgttt		5718
tctgtacttg tgtaatcgcc taatcgccaa cagattcggc gatgaataaa tgagaaataa		5778
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<210> SEQ ID NO 44

<211> LENGTH: 232

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Construct

<400> SEQUENCE: 44

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Val Val Asn Tyr Ser Glu Ile Tyr Gln Val Ala Pro Gln Tyr Val Asn
20 25 30

Gln Ala Leu Thr Leu Ala Lys Tyr Phe Gln Gly Ala Ile Asp Gly Ser

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35	40	45
Thr Leu Arg Phe Asp Phe	Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln	Ile Ala Asn Asp Ile
50	55	60
Pro Gln Ala Ala Val Val	Asn Thr Leu Asn Gln	Thr Val Gln Gln Gly
65	70	75 80
Thr Val Gln Val Ser Val	Met Ile Asp Lys Ile	Val Asp Ile Met Lys
	85	90 95
Asn Val Leu Ser Ile Val	Ile Asp Asn Lys Lys	Phe Trp Asp Gln Val
	100	105 110
Thr Ala Ala Ile Thr Asn	Thr Phe Thr Asn Leu	Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser
	115	120 125
Glu Ala Trp Ile Phe Tyr	Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ala	His Lys Thr Ser Tyr
	130	135 140
Tyr Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe	Ala Ile Gln Asp Glu	Glu Thr Gly Gly Val
	145	150 155 160
Met Ala Thr Leu Pro Ile	Ala Phe Asp Ile Ser	Val Asp Ile Glu Lys
	165	170 175
Glu Lys Val Leu Phe Val	Thr Ile Lys Asp Thr	Glu Asn Tyr Ala Val
	180	185 190
Thr Val Lys Ala Ile Asn	Val Val Gln Ala Leu	Gln Ser Ser Arg Asp
	195	200 205
Ser Lys Val Val Asp Ala	Phe Lys Ser Pro Arg	His Leu Pro Arg Lys
	210	215 220
Arg His Lys Ile Cys Ser	Asn Ser	
225	230	

<210> SEQ ID NO 45

<211> LENGTH: 218

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Construct

<400> SEQUENCE: 45

Met Ser Lys Glu Ile Arg	Leu Asn Leu Ser Arg	Glu Ser Gly Ala Asp
1	5	10 15
Leu Tyr Leu Lys Ile Leu	Ala Phe Val Lys Pro	Glu His Phe Phe Gln
	20	25 30
Ala Tyr Leu Leu Cys Arg	Glu Phe Glu Ser Ile	Val Asp Pro Thr Thr
	35	40 45
Arg Glu Ser Asp Phe Asp	Lys Thr Leu Thr Ile	Val Lys Ser Asp Ser
	50	55 60
Thr Leu Val Thr Val Gly	Thr Met Asn Thr Lys	Leu Val Asn Ser Gln
	65	70 75 80
Glu Ile Leu Val Ser Asp	Leu Ile Thr Gln Val	Gly Ser Gln Ile Ala
	85	90 95
Asp Thr Leu Gly Ile Thr	Asp Ile Asp Ala Asn	Thr Gln Gln Gln Leu
	100	105 110
Thr Glu Leu Ile Gly Asn	Leu Phe Val Asn Leu	Asn Ser Gln Val Gln
	115	120 125
Glu Tyr Ile Tyr Phe Tyr	Glu Glu Lys Glu Lys	Gln Thr Ser Tyr Arg
	130	135 140
Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Val	Phe Glu Lys Glu Ser	Phe Ile Thr Ile Leu
	145	150 155 160
Pro Met Gly Phe Asp Val	Thr Val Asn Thr Asn	Lys Glu Ala Val Leu

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165	170	175	
Lys Leu Thr Pro Lys Asp Lys Val Thr Tyr Gly His Val Ser Val Lys			
180	185	190	
Ala Leu Asn Ile Ile Gln Leu Ile Thr Glu Asp Lys Phe Asn Phe Leu			
195	200	205	
Ala Thr Leu Lys Lys Ala Leu Lys Thr Leu			
210	215		
<210> SEQ ID NO 46			
<211> LENGTH: 1413			
<212> TYPE: DNA			
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence			
<220> FEATURE:			
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS			
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1407)			
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC127			
<220> FEATURE:			
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Construct			
<220> FEATURE:			
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: (1)..(696)			
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC809 amino acid sequence			
<220> FEATURE:			
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: (697)..(753)			
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: proteolysis susceptible spacer or linker amino acid sequence			
<220> FEATURE:			
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: (754)..(1407)			
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: TIC810 amino acid sequence			
<400> SEQUENCE: 46			
atg gcc ttc ttc aac cgg gtg atc acc ctc acg gtg ccg tcg tca gac			48
Met Ala Phe Phe Asn Arg Val Ile Thr Leu Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asp			
1 5 10 15			
gtg gtc aac tac tcg gag atc tac cag gtg gct cct cag tat gtc aac			96
Val Val Asn Tyr Ser Glu Ile Tyr Gln Val Ala Pro Gln Tyr Val Asn			
20 25 30			
cag gcc ctg acc ctg gcc aag tac ttc cag ggc gcc atc gac ggc agc			144
Gln Ala Leu Thr Leu Ala Lys Tyr Phe Gln Gly Ala Ile Asp Gly Ser			
35 40 45			
acc ctg agg ttc gac ttc gag aag gcg tta cag atc gcc aac gac atc			192
Thr Leu Arg Phe Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Ile Ala Asn Asp Ile			
50 55 60			
ccg cag gcc gcg gtg gtc aac acc ctg aac cag acc gtc cag cag ggg			240
Pro Gln Ala Ala Val Val Asn Thr Leu Asn Gln Thr Val Gln Gln Gly			
65 70 75 80			
acc gtc cag gtc agc gtc atg atc gac aag atc gtg gac atc atg aag			288
Thr Val Gln Val Ser Val Met Ile Asp Lys Ile Val Asp Ile Met Lys			
85 90 95			
aat gtc ctg tcc atc gtg ata gac aac aag aag ttt tgg gat cag gtc			336
Asn Val Leu Ser Ile Val Ile Asp Asn Lys Lys Phe Trp Asp Gln Val			
100 105 110			
acg gct gcc atc acc aac acc ttc acg aac ctg aac agc cag gag tcg			384
Thr Ala Ala Ile Thr Asn Thr Phe Thr Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser			
115 120 125			
gag gcc tgg atc ttc tat tac aag gag gac gcc cac aag acg tcc tac			432
Glu Ala Trp Ile Phe Tyr Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ala His Lys Thr Ser Tyr			
130 135 140			
tat tac aac atc ctc ttc gcc atc cag gac gaa gag acg ggt ggc gtg			480
Tyr Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Ala Ile Gln Asp Glu Glu Thr Gly Gly Val			
145 150 155 160			
atg gcc acg ctg ccc atc gcc ttc gac atc agt gtg gac atc gag aag			528
Met Ala Thr Leu Pro Ile Ala Phe Asp Ile Ser Val Asp Ile Glu Lys			
165 170 175			

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gag aag gtc ctg ttc gtg acc atc aag gac act gag aat tac gcc gtc Glu Lys Val Leu Phe Val Thr Ile Lys Asp Thr Glu Asn Tyr Ala Val 180 185 190	576
acc gtc aag gcg atc aac gtg gtc cag gca ctc cag tct agc agg gat Thr Val Lys Ala Ile Asn Val Val Gln Ala Leu Gln Ser Ser Arg Asp 195 200 205	624
tct aag gtg gtt gat gcg ttc aaa tcg cca cgg cac tta ccc cgg aag Ser Lys Val Val Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Pro Arg His Leu Pro Arg Lys 210 215 220	672
agg cat aag att tgc tct aac tcg aag ccc gcc ctg ctc aag gag gct Arg His Lys Ile Cys Ser Asn Ser Lys Pro Ala Leu Leu Lys Glu Ala 225 230 235 240	720
ccc cgc gcc gag gag gag ctg cct ccc cgc aag atg agc aaa gaa atc Pro Arg Ala Glu Glu Glu Leu Pro Pro Arg Lys Met Ser Lys Glu Ile 245 250 255	768
agg ctc aac ctt tct cgt gag agc ggc gcc gac ctg tac ctc aag atc Arg Leu Asn Leu Ser Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Asp Leu Tyr Leu Lys Ile 260 265 270	816
ctc gcc ttc gtg aag ccc gag cac ttc ttt cag gcg tac ctc ctg tgc Leu Ala Phe Val Lys Pro Glu His Phe Phe Gln Ala Tyr Leu Leu Cys 275 280 285	864
cgc gag ttc gag agc atc gtg gat cct aca acc cgc gag tct gac ttc Arg Glu Phe Glu Ser Ile Val Asp Pro Thr Thr Arg Glu Ser Asp Phe 290 295 300	912
gac aag acg ctg acc atc gtg aag tcg gac tcc acc ctc gtg acc gtg Asp Lys Thr Leu Thr Ile Val Lys Ser Asp Ser Thr Leu Val Thr Val 305 310 315 320	960
ggc acg atg aac acc aag ctg gtc aat agc caa gag atc ctc gtg tcg Gly Thr Met Asn Thr Lys Leu Val Asn Ser Gln Glu Ile Leu Val Ser 325 330 335	1008
gac ttg atc act caa gtc ggt tcc cag atc gcc gat acc ctc ggc atc Asp Leu Ile Thr Gln Val Gly Ser Gln Ile Ala Asp Thr Leu Gly Ile 340 345 350	1056
acg gac atc gac gcc aac acc cag caa cag ctc acg gag ctg atc ggc Thr Asp Ile Asp Ala Asn Thr Gln Gln Gln Leu Thr Glu Leu Ile Gly 355 360 365	1104
aac ctc ttc gtg aac ctc aat tcc caa gtt cag gag tac atc tac ttc Asn Leu Phe Val Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Val Gln Glu Tyr Ile Tyr Phe 370 375 380	1152
tac gag gag aag gag aag cag acc tcc tac cgc tac aac atc ctc ttc Tyr Glu Glu Lys Glu Lys Gln Thr Ser Tyr Arg Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe 385 390 395 400	1200
gtg ttc gaa aag gag tcg ttc atc acc att ctg cca atg ggc ttc gac Val Phe Glu Lys Glu Ser Phe Ile Thr Ile Leu Pro Met Gly Phe Asp 405 410 415	1248
gtg acc gtg aac acg aac aag gag gcc gtc ctg aag ctg acc ccg aag Val Thr Val Asn Thr Asn Lys Glu Ala Val Leu Lys Leu Thr Pro Lys 420 425 430	1296
gac aag gtt acc tac ggc cac gtc agc gtc aag gcc ctc aac atc atc Asp Lys Val Thr Tyr Gly His Val Ser Val Lys Ala Leu Asn Ile Ile 435 440 445	1344
cag ctc att acg gag gac aag ttc aac ttc ctc gca acc ctc aag aag Gln Leu Ile Thr Glu Asp Lys Phe Asn Phe Leu Ala Thr Leu Lys Lys 450 455 460	1392
gct ctc aag acc ctg tgatga Ala Leu Lys Thr Leu 465	1413

<210> SEQ ID NO 47

<211> LENGTH: 469

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<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 47

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Met Ala Phe Phe Asn Arg Val Ile Thr Leu Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asp
1           5           10           15

Val Val Asn Tyr Ser Glu Ile Tyr Gln Val Ala Pro Gln Tyr Val Asn
          20           25           30

Gln Ala Leu Thr Leu Ala Lys Tyr Phe Gln Gly Ala Ile Asp Gly Ser
          35           40           45

Thr Leu Arg Phe Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Ile Ala Asn Asp Ile
50           55           60

Pro Gln Ala Ala Val Val Asn Thr Leu Asn Gln Thr Val Gln Gln Gly
65           70           75           80

Thr Val Gln Val Ser Val Met Ile Asp Lys Ile Val Asp Ile Met Lys
          85           90           95

Asn Val Leu Ser Ile Val Ile Asp Asn Lys Lys Phe Trp Asp Gln Val
          100          105          110

Thr Ala Ala Ile Thr Asn Thr Phe Thr Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser
          115          120          125

Glu Ala Trp Ile Phe Tyr Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ala His Lys Thr Ser Tyr
          130          135          140

Tyr Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe Ala Ile Gln Asp Glu Glu Thr Gly Gly Val
145          150          155          160

Met Ala Thr Leu Pro Ile Ala Phe Asp Ile Ser Val Asp Ile Glu Lys
          165          170          175

Glu Lys Val Leu Phe Val Thr Ile Lys Asp Thr Glu Asn Tyr Ala Val
          180          185          190

Thr Val Lys Ala Ile Asn Val Val Gln Ala Leu Gln Ser Ser Arg Asp
          195          200          205

Ser Lys Val Val Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Pro Arg His Leu Pro Arg Lys
210          215          220

Arg His Lys Ile Cys Ser Asn Ser Lys Pro Ala Leu Leu Lys Glu Ala
225          230          235          240

Pro Arg Ala Glu Glu Glu Leu Pro Pro Arg Lys Met Ser Lys Glu Ile
          245          250          255

Arg Leu Asn Leu Ser Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Asp Leu Tyr Leu Lys Ile
          260          265          270

Leu Ala Phe Val Lys Pro Glu His Phe Phe Gln Ala Tyr Leu Leu Cys
          275          280          285

Arg Glu Phe Glu Ser Ile Val Asp Pro Thr Thr Arg Glu Ser Asp Phe
290          295          300

Asp Lys Thr Leu Thr Ile Val Lys Ser Asp Ser Thr Leu Val Thr Val
305          310          315          320

Gly Thr Met Asn Thr Lys Leu Val Asn Ser Gln Glu Ile Leu Val Ser
          325          330          335

Asp Leu Ile Thr Gln Val Gly Ser Gln Ile Ala Asp Thr Leu Gly Ile
          340          345          350

Thr Asp Ile Asp Ala Asn Thr Gln Gln Gln Leu Thr Glu Leu Ile Gly
          355          360          365

Asn Leu Phe Val Asn Leu Asn Ser Gln Val Gln Glu Tyr Ile Tyr Phe
          370          375          380

Tyr Glu Glu Lys Glu Lys Gln Thr Ser Tyr Arg Tyr Asn Ile Leu Phe
385          390          395          400

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-continued

Val	Phe	Glu	Lys	Glu	Ser	Phe	Ile	Thr	Ile	Leu	Pro	Met	Gly	Phe	Asp
				405					410					415	
Val	Thr	Val	Asn	Thr	Asn	Lys	Glu	Ala	Val	Leu	Lys	Leu	Thr	Pro	Lys
			420					425					430		
Asp	Lys	Val	Thr	Tyr	Gly	His	Val	Ser	Val	Lys	Ala	Leu	Asn	Ile	Ile
		435					440					445			
Gln	Leu	Ile	Thr	Glu	Asp	Lys	Phe	Asn	Phe	Leu	Ala	Thr	Leu	Lys	Lys
	450					455					460				
Ala	Leu	Lys	Thr	Leu											
	465														

What is claimed is:

1. A method for enhancing the accumulation of a first insecticidal protein in a recombinant host cell, said method comprising:

contemporaneously expressing said first insecticidal protein, said first insecticidal protein selected from the group consisting of: ET37 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:2 or SEQ ID NO:18, ET29 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:8, and TIC809 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:14, with a second insecticidal protein, said second insecticidal protein selected from the group consisting of: TIC810 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:4 or SEQ ID NO:16, and TIC812 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:6 or SEQ ID NO:20, said first insecticidal protein and said second insecticidal protein being under the control of one or more heterologous promoters in said recombinant host cell,

wherein said contemporaneous expression of said first insecticidal protein and said second insecticidal protein enhances the accumulation of the first protein compared to the accumulation of said first insecticidal protein expressed in a recombinant host cell in the absence of said second insecticidal protein.

2. A composition exhibiting insecticidal activity, said composition comprising TIC809 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:14 and TIC810 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:4 or SEQ ID NO:16.

3. A method for making a plant cell resistant to an insect pest, the method comprising:

transforming said plant cell to express an insecticidally effective amount of a toxin composition, said toxin composition comprising a first protein selected from the group consisting of: ET29 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:8, ET37 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:2 or SEQ ID NO:18, and TIC809 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:14, and a second protein selected from the group consisting of: TIC810 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:4 or SEQ ID NO:16 and TIC812 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:6 or SEQ ID NO:20.

4. The method of claim 3, wherein said plant cell is selected from the group consisting of a monocot plant cell and a dicot plant cell.

5. The method of claim 4, wherein:

(1) said monocot plant cell is selected from the group consisting of: corn, wheat, oat, rice, sorghum, milo, buckwheat, rye, grass, and barley plant cell, and

(2) said dicot plant cell is selected from the group consisting of: alfalfa, apple, apricot, asparagus, bean, berry, blackberry, blueberry, canola, carrot, cauliflower, celery, cherry, chickpea, citrus tree, cotton, cowpea, cranberry, cucumber, cucurbit, egg plant, fruit tree, grape, lemon, lettuce, linseed, melon, mustard, nut bearing tree, okra, orange, pea, peach, peanut, pear, plum, potato, soy-

beans, squash, strawberry, sugar beet, sunflower, sweet potato, tobacco, tomato, turnip, and vegetable plant cells.

6. A transgenic plant or plant cell resistant to insect infestation, said plant or plant cell comprising a pesticidally effective amount of an insecticidal composition, said insecticidal composition comprising a first polynucleotide encoding a first protein and a second polynucleotide encoding a second protein, wherein said first protein comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:14, and SEQ ID NO:18, and said second protein comprises an amino acid sequence exhibiting at least 99% identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:4 or SEQ ID NO:16.

7. The transgenic plant or plant cell of claim 6, wherein said transgenic plant or plant cell is selected from the group consisting of: a dicot plant or dicot plant cell and a monocot plant cell, said dicot plant or dicot plant cell being further selected from the group consisting of: alfalfa, apple, apricot, asparagus, bean, berry, blackberry, blueberry, canola, carrot, cauliflower, celery, cherry, chickpea, citrus tree, cotton, cowpea, cranberry, cucumber, cucurbit, egg plant, fruit tree, grape, lemon, lettuce, linseed, melon, mustard, nut bearing tree, okra, orange, pea, peach, peanut, pear, plum, potato, soybeans, squash, strawberry, sugar beet, sunflower, sweet potato, tobacco, tomato, turnip, and vegetable plant or plant cell, and said monocot plant being further selected from the group consisting of: corn, wheat, oat, rice, sorghum, milo, buckwheat, rye, grass, and barley plant or plant cell.

8. The transgenic plant or plant cell of claim 6, wherein said transgenic crop plant further comprises an additional insecticidal agent toxic to the insect infestation, wherein said additional insecticidal agent is selected from the group consisting of: a *Bacillus* toxin, a *Xenorhabdus* toxin, a *Photorhabdus* toxin, and a dsRNA specific for suppression of one or more essential genes in said insect.

9. An isolated and purified polynucleotide encoding an insecticidal protein, said protein comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:47.

10. An expression cassette for use in expressing an insecticidal protein in a recombinant host cell, wherein said expression cassette comprises, in operable linkage, a heterologous promoter sequence functional in said host cell and a nucleotide sequence encoding said insecticidal protein, wherein said insecticidal protein comprises the amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:4.

11. The expression cassette of claim 10, wherein said recombinant host cell is selected from the group consisting of: a bacterial cell, a fungal cell, a mammalian cell, and a plant cell.

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12. The expression cassette of claim 11, wherein:

- (a) said bacterial cell is selected from the group consisting of: a *Bacillus* species cell, a Enterobacteriaceae species cell, a *Pseudomonas* species cell, a *Clostridium* species cell, and a *Rhizobium* species cell, and a *Agrobacterium* species cell; and
- (b) said plant cell is selected from the group of plants consisting of: a dicotyledonous plant and a monocotyledonous plant, said dicotyledonous plant being further selected from the group consisting of: alfalfa, apple, apricot, asparagus, bean, berry, blackberry, blueberry, canola, carrot, cauliflower, celery, cherry, chickpea, citrus tree, cotton, cowpea, cranberry, cucumber, cucurbit, egg plant, fruit tree, grape, lemon, lettuce, linseed, melon, mustard, nut bearing tree, okra, orange, pea, peach, peanut, pear, plum, potato, soybeans, squash, strawberry, sugar beet, sunflower, sweet potato, tobacco, tomato, turnip, and vegetable, and said monocotyledonous plant being further selected from the group consisting of: corn, wheat, oat, rice, sorghum, milo, buckwheat, rye, grass, and barley.

13. The expression cassette of claim 10, wherein said host cell is a plant cell and said expression cassette further comprises in operable linkage a sequence selected from the group consisting of: an expression enhancer sequence, an untranslated leader sequence, an intron sequence, a chloroplast targeting peptide encoding sequence, and a transcription termination and polyadenylation sequence.

14. A vector comprising the expression cassette of any one of claims 10-13.

15. The composition of claim 3, wherein said composition comprises a fusion of said TIC809 and said TIC810 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:47.

16. A commodity product comprising a detectable amount of:

- a polynucleotide as set forth in SEQ ID NO:46;
- (2) a fusion of TIC809 and TIC810 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:47; or
- (3) both SEQ ID NO:46 and SEQ ID NO:47.

17. The method of claim 3, wherein said first protein is TIC809 and said second protein is TIC810, and wherein said toxin composition comprises a fusion of said first protein and said second protein as set forth in SEQ ID NO:47.

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18. The transgenic plant or plant cell of claim 6,

wherein said first protein is TIC809 and said second protein is TIC810, and

wherein said insecticidal composition comprises a fusion of said first protein and said second protein as set forth in SEQ ID NO:47.

19. A method for controlling Coleopteran or Hemipteran insect infestation of a plant, said method comprising providing in the diet of the insect the transgenic plant or plant cell of claim 6.

20. The method of claim 19, wherein said Coleopteran insect is a corn rootworm or said Hemipteran insect is a *Lygus* bug.

21. A method for protecting a crop in a field from insect infestation, said method comprising:

growing a transgenic crop plant in the field, wherein the transgenic crop plant comprises an insecticidally effective amount of a first protein and a second protein, wherein said first protein is selected from the group consisting of: ET37 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:2 or SEQ ID NO:18, ET29 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:8, and TIC809 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:14, and said second protein is selected from the group consisting of: TIC810 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:4 or SEQ ID NO:16 and TIC812 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:6 or SEQ ID NO:20, said first protein and said second protein expressed contemporaneously in said transgenic crop plant under the control of one or more heterologous promoters, thereby preventing an insect from surviving on said transgenic crop plant.

22. The method of claim 21, wherein said insect is selected from the group consisting of: a Coleopteran insect and a Hemipteran insect.

23. The method of claim 22, wherein said Coleopteran insect is a corn rootworm and said Hemipteran insect is a *Lygus* bug.

24. The method of claim 21, wherein said transgenic crop plant further comprises an additional insecticidal agent toxic to the same insect as said first protein and said second protein, wherein said additional insecticidal agent is selected from the group consisting of: a *Bacillus* toxin, a *Xenorhabdus* toxin, a *Photorhabdus* toxin, and a dsRNA specific for suppression of one or more essential genes in said insect.

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